

GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Saturday, Jan. 5, 1901.

VOL. XXVIII, NO. 35.

Furniture at Cost.

I have a larger line than ever before and am selling it at a very low figure, because

I AM OVERSTOCKED.

Your chance of securing bargains in the furniture line is better now than ever before.

Look over my Stock

M. A. BOGGER,

Furniture and Undertaking.

ONE MORE CHANGE

For you to get all kinds of

WINTER GOODS

Right down to the bottom notch. We don't want to pack up any of our goods that have been on display and in order to avoid it we will give you bargains on what is left.

Don't Miss These Bargains.

MRS. J. HAMM'S

Telephone 68, Front St., East Side.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

OUR GREETING.

The most important event we have to tell you of the year gone is the increased trade you have given us. Constantly increasing our stock and aiming to keep good goods we believe that our customers appreciate our ability to give them the worth of their money. Our additions to the line of hardware this year will be in House Furnishing Goods, of which we will carry a nice assortment. Our goods will always be the best and our prices the lowest. We extend the cheerfulest kind of a greeting to our friends for the New Year and assure them that we will continue to do business on the old substantial grounds of "Good Goods and One Price."

With Best Wishes,

Yours Very Truly,

CENTRALIA HDW. CO.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING.

City Council Grants Both Waterworks and Railroad Franchise.

At the meeting of the city council on Wednesday evening two important matters were disposed of, they being the franchises to both the waterworks and railroad companies.

While not so generally recognized, the more important matter is the establishment of a waterworks system in the city. The present system might do all right if it were not possible to do any better, but with the natural resources with which the city is gifted it is not any wonder that the people demand something better.

The franchise was granted the railroad company without a dissenting vote. A copy of both the ordinances is published elsewhere in this paper, and as they explain minutely all the privileges granted both the electric light and railroad companies it will not be necessary to go into details here.

The plan of the electric light company is to put in a pumping plant on the east side and operate it by electricity from the plant on the west side.

For a Gymnasium.

At the banquet at the Witter House last Friday evening there were thirty young men present. These young men had responded to an invitation to meet and eat, and during and after the eating another matter, that of establishing and maintaining a gymnasium in this city was discussed.

That an interest was taken in the matter was evident from the number that responded to the invitation and the enthusiastic speeches that were made by those present.

The proposition is to establish a gymnasium with all the modern conveniences of an institution of this sort, and the present indications are that the thing can be done if the proper interest is taken in the matter. The building and fitting would probably cost in the neighborhood of \$5,000 or \$6,000, and when finished would be another added to the list of solid, substantial public buildings the city already has.

The "Twentieth Century Place," the name by which the new reading and club room is to be known, was also discussed and its advantages and object set forth, and those present promised the enterprise their hearty support. The rooms are now undergoing a process of cleaning and painting and it is hoped that by strenuous efforts it will be possible to get the place so far advanced that the opening can be held next week. The opening will be a "grand" one and an effort will be made by the projectors to have it so attractive that there will be an incentive to all to attend.

St. John's Episcopal Church.

The Reverend Leopold Kroli who has taken up the work at the St. John's church, desires to make the following notices: Services on Sunday, January 6th, will be: celebration of the Holy Eucharist, 7:30 a. m.; Choral Morning Prayer, 10:30 a. m., and Evensong at 5:00 p. m. Sunday School sessions will be begun on Sunday, January 13th, at 9:30 a. m. The Vicar will take personal supervision of the instruction and at the close of each session give a ten minute talk to the children.

All those actively connected or interested in the work of the St. John's church will confer a special favor upon the Vicar by being present at the morning service, 10:30 a. m. He desires to make a personal address in regard to his plans for the future and also to meet all the members of the congregation.

Society and Club Notices.

The Woman's Historical and Literary society will meet next Monday evening with Mrs. John Daly.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Catholic church will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. W. H. Carcy.

The M. W. K. club will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. T. A. Taylor.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church of the west side will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Chas. Kellogg.

St. Katherine's Guild will meet next Friday afternoon, January 11th, with Mrs. Hoskinson.

The Travel class will meet on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 8th, with Mrs. O. T. Houghton. Work for next year will be voted upon.

The Ladies' Aid society of the German Moravian church will meet next Thursday with Mrs. Alfred Menier at her home on Front street on the east side. A large attendance is solicited.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Congregational church will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. G. M. Hill.

The Woman's club will meet with Miss Helen Kromer on Wednesday, January, 7th.

Ladies' Foreign Missionary society of the Congregational church will meet on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 8th, with Mrs. Geo. R. Cardner.

Installed Officers.

The Mystic Workers of the World installed their officers in their hall in the Natwick building Thursday evening, January 3rd. O. J. Lea and A. D. Hill acted as installing officers, after which the lodge adjourned to W. H. Barnes' where they partook of an oyster supper. Officers: W. M., J. B. Bridge; V. M., A. E. Mickelson; Sec., O. M. Saylor; banker, E. Stillwell; conductor, Fred Alexander; sentinel, George McCrossen; picket, John Hammer; manager, Fred Nelson.

Pulp Mill to Run.

The property known as the Pioneer Wood Pulp company has again passed into the hands of Geo. E. Hoskinson, the deal between that gentleman and Messrs. Witter and Johnson having been closed on Saturday of last week. The terms of the sale are private, but when the new dam is constructed Mr. Hoskinson will have five hundred horse power from the water power company.

If at any time the presence of the mill should be a detriment to the constructing of the new dam, it is a part of the agreement that the plant will be torn down and removed upon the owner receiving thirty days' notice. It is possible, however, that the plant will remain where it is and after the new power is established run it by electricity, as it will be cheaper to convey power across the river than to move the plant, especially as ground is scarce on the west side for concerns of this sort.

It is a good thing that the mill will continue in operation, as every enterprise of this sort contributes its share toward the building up and maturation of the city.

Handsomely Rewarded.

The following from the St. Louis Republic about one of our former citizens explains itself:

J. G. Love, commercial agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, was presented yesterday by his St. Louis friends with a handsome gold watch and chain. H. L. McFarland, commercial agent of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, made the presentation speech, to which Mr. Love made a happy response. The occasion of the presentation was Mr. Love's transfer to Sioux City, Ia. He will be succeeded here by C. L. Waller, who was traveling passenger agent at Milwaukee.

Entertained at Whist.

On Monday evening Otto Roenius entertained a party of young friends at his home on the east side and those who attended report a most enjoyable evening. Whist was the feature of the evening and there were fourteen tables. The first prizes were awarded to Charles Podawiltz and Miss Bessie Gaynor and the other two were captured by Miss Emma Howlett and Clyde Renne.

Among those present from abroad were, Miss Olive Proell of Manitowoc, Misses May and Emily Howlett of Green Bay, Frank Compton of New York, Ed Morse of Lancaster and G. E. Morehouse of Madison.

Down in Alabama.

In a letter from L. H. Read, a former resident of this city, who is now located at Fruitdale, Alabama, that gentleman concludes:

"In this land of sunshine and roses one can hardly realize that the Christmas season is with us. The new century was ushered in with a thunder shower, which we much prefer to a northern blizzard."

In less than two months our little northern colony will be a bower of peach blossoms. There being about 200,000 trees large enough to fruit.

Trusting that you are not ice-bound, I remain, yours truly,

L. H. READ.

Musical Service.

Program of musical service at the First Congregational church on Sunday evening, Jan. 6:

Piano Voluntary.....Selected

Hymn 157.....Miss Phillips.

Antiphon—It Came upon the Midnight Clear.....Sullivan

The Choir.

Prayer.

Baritone Solo—Night of Nights—H. Van de Water

Mr. T. A. Taylor.

Reading.

Piano Solo—Watchtower (Watchman's Song)

from Machet.....Greig

Antiphon—Shout the Glad Tidings.....Wagner

The Choir.

Address—The Secret of Happiness.....

Rev. R. J. H. Shaw.

Soprano Solo—Dost Thou Know that Sweet

Land?.....Mignon

Miss Reeves.

Hymn 158.....

Benediction.

Will Serve Supper.

Wood County Post G. A. R. will serve supper at their hall Wednesday evening, January 9th, from five o'clock on, at 50c a couple. After supper public installation of Post officers.

All church and civic societies and the public generally are cordially invited. The Post will attend church at the Congregational, Sunday, January 6th, 1901. By committee.

M. S. PRATT, Chairman.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were granted during the past week:

Ella Nelson, Marshfield, to Louis Legree of Stevens Point.

Johan Franzen to Matilda Vonden-theuvel, both of Rudolph.

Carl Wagon of Rudolph to Mary Getsinger of Seneca.

Births and Deaths.

During the past year there has been registered with the register of deeds in this county 180 deaths and 500 births. It is barely possible that these figures fall short of the actual occurrences, but they are near enough to give some idea what a healthy and growing community our county is.

A Lucky Guess.

The turkey that was put up by N. Reiland for the best guesser, was won by Charles Steinbrook, who guessed that there were 330 seeds in the pumpkin, and he missed it just one, there being 331. There were over seven hundred guesses in and they ranged all the way from 60 to 1,100.

TO CURB THE WISCONSIN.

People at Portage to Ask Aid From the Government.

The people of Portage intend to petition congress to make an appropriation in the near future for the purpose of constructing and reinforcing the dykes and levees along the Wisconsin river near that city.

Twice during the past year the water has risen to a point that not only greatly damaged property at the point mentioned but also threatened to wash out the dykes and destroy the canal by the water flowing from the Wisconsin to the Fox river instead of continuing in its course, which must have caused an incalculable amount of damage, besides permanently changing the course of the Wisconsin river.

Some idea of the manner in which the matter is viewed there may be gathered from the conclusion of the memorial which runs as follows:

"If a break should occur in the canal at its exposed point at the Wisconsin river lock during a flood, two of which we have experienced during the past year, the great rushing flood of the Wisconsin river would be diverted from its course toward the gulf of Mexico and would seek the more natural channel of the Fox to Green Bay as certainly as water runs down hill. For while there is a fall of about 3 feet to a mile in the Wisconsin river at this point, there would be a fall of from 10 to 12 feet in the Fox in a distance of three-fourths of a mile. That every feature of the canal except an enlarged channel would be swept away as chaff before a whirlwind in a few hours, carrying in its train a like result to government property on the Fox to Lake Winnebago, involving not the loss of thousands but of millions of dollars to the inhabitants, seems to us a moral certainty.

Whether the Fox would not thereafter be the sole outlet for the Wisconsin river can best be determined by matters than your memorialists. That they would take that course during the flood time we think we may safely assert. What would happen after the subsidence of the flood we will not conjecture."

A Valuable Girl.

One of our local ministers of the gospel told us of a case that came under his personal notice that about equals any of the stories published under the head of funny stuff.

This particular preacher had just finished the marriage ceremony for a loving young couple and the man, who was evidently new at the business, asked the minister what the damages were.

Now, anybody with any delicacy of feeling must readily realize that this cannot be otherwise than an embarrassing question to a minister, so this particular preacher, who possesses considerable tact, in order to relieve the blushing bride from the strain that must of necessity accompany the moment of suspense succeeding such a question, laughingly replied that if the young man would give him one-third of what he considered the girl was worth he would be perfectly satisfied.

The young man never smiled, but took a thoughtful look at the bride, made a careful mental calculation and then reaching slowly into his pocket pulled out a handful of silver and carefully counting out three dollars handed them to the preacher without a word of comment, while the nine dollar young lady stood by in blushing silence watching the transaction.

Tour of Puerto Rico.

The American Tourist Association announces two tours of the beautiful island of Puerto Rico under escort, through and around the island by rail, carriage, automobile and boat.

Special Pullman cars leave Chicago Thursday, January 17, and Thursday, February 14, at 9:30 a. m., connecting with the splendid new steamships Ponce and San Juan sailing from New York the second day following. Individual tickets sold for other sailing dates, alternate Saturdays.

Tickets include all expenses everywhere. All railway, steamer and sleeping-car fares, meals and berths on steamers, meals on dining car, hotel bills in New York and Puerto Rico, all transfers, carriage rides in cities and through the island, guides and interpreters are included in the tickets. There are no extras.

Tours are under the direction of Rean Campbell, General Manager, A. T. A., 1423 Marquette Building, Chicago.

Itineraries, Maps and Tickets can be had on application to the agents of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y.

School Board Meets.

At the meeting of the school commissioners on Thursday evening the resignations of Miss Rich and Driscoll teachers in the public schools, were accepted. Miss Kate Adams, who comes highly recommended, has been secured to fill the position vacated by Miss Rich, but the commissioners have not filled the other position as yet. There will be another meeting next week.

It Girdles The Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of cuts, corns, burns, bruises, sores, scalds, boils, nicks, felons, aches, pains and all skin eruptions. Only infallible cure cure. See a box at Johnson & Hill Co., and John E. Daly.

—Dr. Chas. Pomainville, Dentist. Office over J. A. Cohen's store, Grand Rapids, Wis.

Jewelry and Silverware

A most attractive assortment now on exhibition. It will pay you to inspect and get prices before purchasing elsewhere. This store has a well earned reputation for honorable dealing and you are certain of always getting your money's worth. All kinds of repairing neatly and promptly done. All work guaranteed.

W. G. SCOTT,
WEST SIDE.

KAURIN'S STUDIO

Will hereafter be

OPEN SUNDAYS

And you can at all times find the proprietor ready to furnish his customers with all the latest novelties in the line of photographs, enlargements, bromides, all kinds of Photo Buttons, Ovals, Mantel-pieces, etc., in every conceivable size and shape.

O. KAURIN,
The West Side Photographer.

Proper Picture Frames

If all frames were alike it would not matter where you had them made. There is as much difference as there is in the people that order them. Our frames are not only low in price but they are artistic in make-up and give proper effect to the picture. It wouldn't be a bad idea to give us a chance to show you how "different" ours are from the other fellows.

J. W. NATWICK,

The Furniture Man.

Reduced Prices

—ON—

FOOTWEAR

Before Invoicing.

In order to reduce my stock before invoicing I shall offer the following low prices on Shoes from now until Jan. 15. We have hundreds of pairs to select from in broken lots.

\$4.00 Shoes at.....	\$3.48
\$3.00 ".....	\$2.48
\$2.25 ".....	\$1.98
\$1.75 ".....	\$1.48
\$1.50 ".....	\$1.28
\$2.50 ".....	\$2.22
\$2.00 ".....	\$1.68
\$1.50 ".....	\$1.32

This includes both Men's and Ladies. This is a rare chance for bargains in seasonable footwear.

MUIR The Shoe Man.

Twixt Life and Death

BY
FRANK BARRETT

CHAPTER XXX.—(Continued.)

Certainly the window curtain did bulge out, taking the form of a man's shoulder; he rose sharply, resolved by a movement to dispel his fears if this were the cause. With a scream of terror she sprang up, and throwing herself before him clutched his hand, while she turned her bosom toward the man with the knife whom she knew well had taken refuge behind the curtain.

The peril was real enough, as Sweeney saw the next instant when the curtain was swept back and Anderson sprang out with the dissection knife in his restless hand.

With the swift, decisive judgment of a man trained to meet sudden emergencies, Sweeney measured the danger and his own resources. Passing his left arm quickly round Nessa he stood between her and the knife, he swung her to his side, and, taking one stride forward, with his right hand seized Anderson's arm as he raised it to strike; then with his disengaged left he grasped the man by the throat, thrust him back, and pinned him, choking, against the wall. It was done in an instant.

For a few seconds Anderson writhed and struggled furiously to free himself from the iron grip, and then exhausted by the effort, purple in the face under the nerveless fingers, Nessa dashed forward, and flung it to the further end of the room; but the danger was past. As Sweeney relaxed his left hand, Anderson dropped to the ground like a lump of clay. Kneeling beside him, Sweeney glanced anxiously at Nessa.

"What shall I do?" she gasped. "Fetch me the long bath towel. There's a brave woman," he added, as she brought it quickly to him. "I might have known that you wouldn't give in while your help was needed. You see, there's no danger now; the poor wretch is as feeble as a child. Double the towel; now lay it crosswise under his shoulders—a little lower—so. We must fasten his arms down for the present, in case of another outbreak. Are you there, Johnson?" he asked, catching the sound of a subdued cough in the passage.

"Yes; I thought I heard a noise, sir—"

"Quite right. You did. Come here and help me."

"You've got one of the thieves there," said Johnson, in astonishment.

"You mustn't say that of a patient. Now, then, lift him up on his feet. Have you been in the profession, Johnson, ever since you were buttons, and not learned the symptoms of this poor fellow's disease? There, now; help him into the spare room and stay with him till I come."

He talked in this strain with a specific object—making light of the affair to give Nessa confidence until his hands were free to minister to her wants. All the time he was occupied with Anderson he kept a keen eye on her, aware that her strength would give out as the excitement abated. He saw her totter to the dressing table and rest her hands upon it for support; she was swaying to and fro with closed eyes as he turned from Anderson.

"Now it's your turn, my brave little wife," he said, and taking her in his arms he again carried her to the bed and laid her down. She opened her eyes and smiled at him faintly, but with ineffable love, from her pillow, and then covered her face with her hands. From head to foot she trembled violently. Sweeney piled on the blankets, and put hot water to her feet; but for an hour nothing availed to subdue the convulsive quivering of her frame.

CHAPTER XXXI.

Sweeney was seated at the breakfast table on the following morning when Nessa came down in her dressing gown, her hair simply gathered in a knot. He detected something unusual in her manner the moment she entered the room—a certain nervous rapidity of movement, a wavering look in the eyes, ordinarily so steadfast and calm in their regard.

"I hoped you would sleep for another hour," he said as they met.

"I am ashamed to be so late. And now I have hurried down like this because I felt so anxious to tell you what—what I did not tell you last night."

"Oh, about that poor fellow upstairs. I went in to see him just now. He hasn't woken yet, happily. Well, we can talk about him over a cup of tea—"

"No, dear, I want to tell you at once—before anything. He—that man—with her hands upon his shoulders she pressed her face close to him that he might not read the lie in it—"he is my brother."

"Your brother?" he exclaimed, holding her from him at arm's length.

She made no reply, but dropped her head to escape his eyes in an agony of shame, believing that he had already detected her in this delicate falsehood.

"Your brother?" he repeated, and then in a joyful accent, "why, this explains everything, my poor, tortured love. Your reticence with regard to the past, your shrinking dread, your mysterious embarrassment—everything. I understand now why you fainted in my arms; why you would not have me go into the study, or leave you in your room. Your brother has not always been in this condition?"

"I cannot say. I have only known him a few months. Oh, do not ask me to tell you any more," she cried, impulsively, for it cut her to the heart to take advantage of his faith and generous love. "Promise me you will make me tell you no more."

"Not a word. There; sit down here and let me pour out some tea for you."

He kept his promise, and avoided speaking of her brother as much as possible, for he saw that she was restless, unhappy, and painfully self-conscious, and she would not, could not, look him in the face. This perplexed him now that he had conceived the cause of her embarrassment removed.

One day he came to her with delight in his eyes.

"I have good news for you, dear," he said. "Dr. Channing has been here, and we have had a long consultation over your brother. He agrees with me entirely that the primary cause of insanity in this case is accident, and that the disease has grown to its present terrible proportions through neglect if not wrong treatment. Your brother has not the appearance of an hereditary maniac; the symptoms all indicate a merely temporary derangement. I think we may confidently hope that your brother may be cured."

"I am glad of that," Nessa said, gravely, without raising her head.

"I have asked Channing to bring Dr. Hewet. You know, is the greatest living authority upon mental disease. If he is of our opinion, that your brother may be restored to reason, all your distress will be at an end, my poor darling."

She made no reply. She could not even pretend to feel relieved.

She would have had still less cause for relief if Sweeney had told her all that passed between him and Dr. Channing.

"We shall have to find out how long this has been coming on," Dr. Channing had said.

"I don't see how we're to do that," Sweeney replied. "My wife can give no account of him before a quite recent period, and in her present dangerously nervous condition I fear to press her for any explanation."

"Who has been his keeper?"

"I wish I knew. He's responsible for a deal. I think his name must be Hexham, or something like that; it is the only name my brother-in-law seems to remember, and he always speaks of him with fear."

"Hexham, Hexham," repeated Dr. Channing, reflectively, as he felt in his pocket for his notebook. "Why, that reminds me that a man with a name like that has been inquiring at Bartholomew's whether a man of unsound mind has been brought in there. I made a note of it at his request. I'll hunt him up."

A few days after that Dr. Channing brought the great specialist, and they held an exhaustive consultation over Anderson. When they had come to a definite conclusion, Sweeney sought his wife.

"You have to decide a very grave question, love," he said. "Our opinion is unanimous that your brother's reason may be restored. A tumor, probably the result of a blow, has formed under the cap of the skull. Dr. Hewet has determined its exact position. It presses upon the organ of memory, and is the cause of all the terrible manifestations we have observed. If the tumor is allowed to remain, your brother must grow worse, and his sufferings be indefinitely prolonged."

"It is horrible to think what those sufferings may lead to before death ends them. You are his nearest relative; and it is for you to decide whether or not the operation is to be performed."

"If I refuse, he will never know me," Nessa said to herself. "If I agree to it, he will claim me as his wife."

"Shall I say that you will give your decision to-morrow?" he asked.

"No; I will give it now. The operation shall be made."

And as Sweeney left the room with this sanction she said to herself:

"There is no escape."

The operation was performed with complete success. Anderson awoke as if from a horrible nightmare. The relief from pain was instantaneous; memory slowly, surely returned.

One afternoon Sweeney came to Nessa and said:

"He remembers his sister. He has asked to see you. Come."

CHAPTER XXXII.

James Redmond was at Graiaume Towers, occupied in the prudent pursuit of making hay while the sun shone. As soon as it was discovered that Mrs. Redmond had failed to kill Nessa in the arena he saw the folly of relying on further hopes in that direction. Desolation, and the fear that Nessa would find friends before long to protect her interests, prompted him to return to the towers, with a view to getting what he could from the estate before the hour came when he must bolt to escape arrest and punishment for his wrong-doing.

"It's a slave life," he said to himself; "but what's the odds? It's only for a time. When I do get the money for that timber I'll make up for all this drudgery and privation."

One afternoon, having worried two pounds on account of a weak-minded wheelwright in Lullington, with the purchases for the week in his cart, he jogged home to the Towers. When he reached the open space before the house, he found two visitors waiting for him, both seated on the low parapet of the terrace by the gate. One was his wife; the other a man he had not the pleasure of knowing.

"What have you come here for?" he asked, drawing up at the gateway.

"Because there's nowhere better to go to," answered his wife. "I suppose I've as much right to be here as you have. Anyway, I'm your wife, and I mean to stick to you while you've got anything to stick to."

"And who's that, I should like to know?" he asked, pointing his whip at Cummings, who, with less offensiveness than Mrs. Redmond, was still sitting in the background, waiting for his introduction.

"That's Cummings. He's standing in with us. We've been saving up to come to see you, and I took us all we had to get to Lullington. We've waited over—"

"More fools you!" said Redmond, with a sickly grin.

"We didn't know you were there, beauty, with that lovely trap," retorted the lady.

"Well, you've come over here for nothing, and you'll have to walk back with nothing."

"We know a trick worth two of that—"

"What's that?" Cummings rose from the parapet, and, coming forward, said:

"We've come here for business, and back answers won't get us on to a pleasant understanding. If the governor will listen to reason, I'm agreeable to explain my views on the subject, and come to terms with him; if he won't, I shall do the best I can on the other side. But we don't want any billying, you understand," he added, with a significant nod.

"What have you got to do with my affairs?" asked Redmond.

"What have I got to do with it?" exclaimed Cummings, losing his temper at once—he and his partner were both irritable and touchy with their long walk—"well, I think I've had a pretty good job to do with it, one way and another. I've lost the best situation a man could wish for; I've risked my neck twice, spent all my savings, parted with my last shilling to bring your missis down here—without which she'd never have come; I've done five miles of a dusty road, sat for an hour, and got a back answer the moment I spoke a civil word; it that ain't enough to do in your interests I should like to know what you would have."

"Who asked you to do anything?"

"That's neither here nor there," chimed in Mrs. Redmond. "We've each of us had a turn at the affair, and we're going to stand in equal for anything that's to be got out of it."

"Oh, I know what you've been at, Nichols has told me. You've bungled the business all round. You've wasted your chances, and you've lost your money, and you expect me to repay you. You've come down here as a last resource, in fact."

Both Mrs. Redmond and her partner agreed with a ready nod to this last statement of the case.

"And you want a share in whatever I've got—is that it?"

"They requested again with perfect unanimity."

"Wait a bit," said Redmond, jerking the reins, and giving the pony cart a cut with his broken whip.

As he disappeared with the pony and cart through the gateway, Mrs. Redmond and Cummings, exchanging a glance of intelligence, descended the terrace steps sharply, and followed through the gateway. They suspected some treacherous maneuver on the part of Redmond, but he had gone simply to put up the pony in the court. They helped to carry the goods into the house when Redmond unlocked the door in the garbouse.

"There," said Redmond, when they reached his filthy room, "that is all I have to share."

"Well, we'll begin on the victuals," said Mrs. Redmond.

Redmond could not prevent that; he sat with his hands in his pockets, glaring at them in sullen silence as they ate with greedy voracity.

"Now, then," said Cummings, "let's come to business. We've agreed to go shares. Now, Mr. Redmond, what's the assets?"

"I've got nothing in the world but what you see in this room," said Redmond.

"Humbug!" said Cummings.

"Rot!" said Mrs. Redmond.

(To be continued.)

Wonders of the Iceberg.

All the architecture of the world is represented in nature's iceberg designs. Sometimes a little berg will have the appearance of an Arab's white tent as it rides on a desert-looking sea; another, its sharp outlines softened in the vaporous atmosphere, will appear like a domed mosque in green marble. A cluster of Chinese pagodas comes drifting slowly down the current, followed by a stately gothic cathedral, early style. Then comes a coliseum and beyond a huge man-of-war floats down the current, its stem submerged, with foam grandly breaking over it, the stern seventy-five feet aloft.

For every cubic foot of ice above water there are seven cubic feet below. When a large berg is seen it is, therefore, quite impossible to realize its full size; the mind can hardly conceive that an object which has all the appearance of actually riding on the surface should in reality only be raising one-eighth of its bulk above the water.

Even those who have studied icebergs at close quarters find it impossible to conceive their colossal bulk. A berg that stranded in Melville Bay, for instance, weighed 2,600,000,000 tons! It was aground in water half a mile deep. Another berg was found to measure two and a half miles in length and two miles in breadth. Pearson's Monthly.

Too Severe a Test.

An eccentric clergyman in Cornwall was much annoyed by the habit which some members of his congregation had of looking round to see late comers. After enduring it for some time he said, on entering the reading-desk one day:

"Brethren, I regret to see that your attention is called away from your religious duties by your very natural desire to see who comes in behind you. I propose henceforth to save you the trouble by naming each person who comes in late."

He then began: "Dear brother, but paused halfway to interpolate, "Mr. S., with his wife and daughter."

Mr. S. looked greatly surprised, but the minister, with perfect gravity, resumed. Presently he again paused:

"Mr. C. and William D."

The abashed congregation kept their eyes fixed on their books. The service proceeded in the most orderly manner, the person interrupting himself every now and then to announce some late comer. At last he said, still with the same perfect gravity:

"Mrs. S. in a new bonnet."

In a moment every head was bent in the congregation was turned.

Iron in Clay.

Most kinds of clay contain a considerable proportion of iron; the red color of bricks, for example, is due to the presence of oxides of iron.

Sand registered the boats in the Middle Ages. For this purpose black marble dust, boiled nine times in wine, was a favorite recipe with learned monks.

GEN. ALGER SCORES MILES

Commander of the Army Handled Without Gloves.

CANNED-BEEF SCANDAL

The General's Charges Pronounced False and Unfounded—Injustice to Egan and Shafter.

New York, Dec. 29.—Gen. Russell A. Alger, President McKinley's first secretary of war, has been writing a book, which will soon be published, under the title, "The Spanish-American War." The twenty-second chapter of the book, in which the foot of the army during the war is discussed, will be printed in the January number of the North American Review. This chapter is regarded by those who know something about Gen. Alger's work as one of the most interesting of the book. It is certainly the most spicy.

It deals principally with Gen. Miles' "embalmed beef" charges, and the commanding general of the army is handled without gloves.

Gen. Alger says: "Although the commission had been sitting nearly three months, the charges with respect to canned and refrigerated beef were now made for the first time, and stranger and more inexcusable, and more mischievous still, during all these months, with this pretended knowledge of facts which, if they existed, should have been made known to the secretary of war for the protection of the army. Gen. Miles never mentioned the subject of canned beef before the commission. Nor did I ever hear of the rumor of chemically-treated beef being purchased for the army until the general's testimony was given before the commission."

Gen. Miles Criticized.

Gen. Alger gives an extract from Gen. Miles' testimony before the commission, in the course of which the "embalmed beef" charges were made by Miles. But Gen. Miles, "not content with these general and scandalous charges," says Gen. Alger, "permitted himself to be interviewed on the following day in Cincinnati, O., when he made more charges. When he appeared before the court of inquiry he was unable to repudiate that interview under oath."

Gen. Alger says that Miles' allegations "were indeed serious, implying as they did criminal incompetency on the part of the commissary department, if not willful negligence and dishonesty."

"As soon as I learned of Gen. Egan's statement before the commission," Gen. Alger continued, "I sent for him. I informed him of my surprise and mortification at his conduct. Why did you not permit your friends to read your testimony? Why did you not show it to me and thereby have prevented the disgrace that is now sure to come upon you and the uniform you wear? You have no right, I continued, to make use of such unbridled language at a time and under circumstances which will assuredly result in associating the President's name and my own with such a disgraceful episode."

Gen. Alger says that Gen. Egan's court-martial was not the outcome of Gen. Miles' charges, and that the confusion of Egan "stripped the services of an honest and capable officer," whose functions of office were taken from him because of "intemperate and unilitary language, conceived in an indignation pardonable, perhaps, in its existence, but unpardonable in its mode of expression."

Miles' Conduct Blameworthy.

"After quoting army orders issued in 1878 and 1888 to prevent the eating of fresh beef has long been a part of the travel rations of the army, Gen. Alger says:

"The allegations of Gen. Miles were not only contrary to fact, but were made absolutely without a particle of evidence or excuse. If Gen. Miles really believed his serious charges, his conduct is all the more blameworthy, in that he apparently made an effort to assure himself of their truthfulness, not to report them to a secretary of war before publicly uttering them."

Continuing, Gen. Alger says: "After the charges made by Gen. Miles, the most expert and scientific men in the country were employed by the government to further the investigation. Some physiological chemists as Prof. R. H. Chittenden of Yale and Prof. W. O. Atwater of Wesleyan university, as well as Dr. W. D. Bigelow, a chemist in the bureau of animal industry in the department of agriculture."

Experts Disproved Statements.

"The court of inquiry visited several of the large packing houses, accompanied by Dr. Bigelow. The results of personal examinations and of the investigations of the experts employed conclusively showed that there was not one jot or tittle of evidence or excuse for the statement that canned fresh beef was the pulp from which beef extract had been removed. The imputations with respect to canned fresh beef were most carefully and thoroughly examined and reported upon by two impartial tribunals. What did these tribunals find? That there was no foundation for the charge that canned fresh beef was not a part of the ration, or that it had been furnished on the pretense of experiment, or that it was the pulp from beef."

"Gen. Miles' charges with respect to refrigerated beef were much more serious than his imputations regarding canned beef. His allegations, in substance, were that the beef furnished the army had been artificially preserved by injecting into it chemicals which were injurious to health; that he had overwhelming proof that this 'embalmed beef' had been treated with chemicals. It is significant to observe that the war investigation commission says: 'Of the witnesses examined by this commission, Gen. Miles and Dr. Daly are the only ones who make this charge as this statement may seem.'"

As Gen. Miles did not base his allegations upon personal experience or submit any proof in support of them. His startling and scandalous accusations appear to have been based entirely upon the verbal statements of Dr. W. H. Daly, a volunteer major and surgeon upon his staff during the war with Spain, and upon a single letter subsequently sent him by this colonel."

Injustice to Egan and Shafter.

In conclusion ex-secretary Alger says: "While the allegations of Gen. Miles were not based upon fact, and were conclusively disproved by two separate tribunals, unimpeachable in their composition and method of investigation, the irreparable damage had been done. A brave, honest, and faithful officer, suffering under the lash of such cruel, unwarranted, and unjustified imputations, while exonerated from the heavy odium of those charges, was, as a result of them, sacrificed to the altar of his own passion. Besides this, a false impression had been created throughout the country as to the food furnished the army, which may never be removed."

"The charges of Gen. Miles, twice proven false in spirit and substance, are therefore the more heinous in their effect. Yet the present Congress promoted Gen. Miles to lieutenant general and has thus far failed to give to Gen. Shafter the

rank of major general to retire upon in his old age, and this, after his meritorious campaign at Santiago, as well as his former distinguished services."

MRS. PHOEBE HEARST CHANGES HER FAITH.

Widow of the California Millionaire Said to Have Joined Christian Scientists.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 29.—Episcopal circles in this city are much concerned over the persistent rumors that Mrs. Phoebe A. Hearst, the widow of the California millionaire, has renounced her communion with that faith. These rumors seem well founded, as Mrs. Hearst since coming to Washington a few days ago, has refused to affirm her



MRS. PHOEBE HEARST.

affiliation with the Episcopalians, and in fact has lately denied such a connection. Those who are close to her say that, like many others, she has become interested in Christian Science, and incidentally in theosophy and kindred creeds.

It is known that Mrs. Hearst has given a generous amount of money for the founding of a temple of Christian Science in this city, and that she has subscribed sums for the erection of temples in other cities. When questioned on the subject Mrs. Hearst would not commit herself on the subject of Christian Science nor her alleged renunciation of the Episcopal faith.

Mrs. Hearst has been a beautiful giver to religious as well as to educational institutions. A magnificent training school for girls, which bears her name, has recently been opened on Woodley Lane near Washington, and is the first building of what will be the Episcopal cathedral foundation.

CHARGED WITH THEFT.

Appleton Girl is Arrested in Chicago Charged with Stealing Ring.

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 29.—Amy Sesselberg, a young school teacher, who says her home is in Appleton, Wis., was arrested yesterday afternoon in Peacock & Co.'s jewelry store, Monroe and State streets, on the charge of stealing a diamond ring. When charged with the theft she became hysterical and caused considerable excitement in the store. She was taken to the women's annex at the Harrison street station and charged with larceny. A thorough search failed to reveal the ring.

Shortly before 1 o'clock Miss Sesselberg entered the store and asked to be shown some rings. She was waited on by R. Williams, a clerk, who exhibited a tray containing rings valued at from \$100 to \$200. He alleges she took six, trying them on, and finally returned five, asking to be shown a diamond brooch. When she started to leave the store Williams grasped her by the arm, demanding the return of the sixth ring. The detectives were then summoned and they placed her under arrest.

It is claimed by the clerks that a man followed Miss Sesselberg into the store and stood beside her while she was examining the rings. He left a minute before Miss Sesselberg attempted to go.

The prisoner said she was stopping at the Great Eastern hotel, Wabash avenue and Harrison street.

"My home," she said, "is in Appleton, Wis. I came to Chicago three months ago from Valparaiso, Ind., however, having gone through a course in the Normal school there."

Miss Sesselberg's father, Gustav Sesselberg, was for twenty-five years the German consul at Para, Brazil. The daughter was sent by her parents, while still a child, to Dresden to be educated. Her studies were interrupted by the death of her father in 1892 and she returned to Para.

The consul left an estate of some proportions, but the Brazilian revolution of 1891, Miss Sesselberg says, left the family penniless. To secure money for the support of her mother and herself she wrote a book called "In Amazon Lands," which was published by the Putnam in New York and which is now in many of the public libraries of America. She arrived in Chicago a short time ago, after having finished a fifty-weeks' course in the Northern Indiana Normal school at Valparaiso.

Miss Sesselberg was visited last night by two richly attired women, who seemed to give their names, and the three had a long conference.

Appleton, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—Amy Sesselberg, arrested in Chicago charged with stealing a diamond, is not known here. No teacher of the name was ever employed here or lived here. She is possibly from Appleton, Minn., Appleton City, Miss., or one of other cities Appleton in the country.

Valparaiso, Ind., Dec. 29.—Miss Sesselberg's former home in the Valparaiso kindergarten school, destroyed during her stay in this city and her arrest is a surprise to her friends here. She was prominent in local social and literary circles. Miss Sesselberg came here from Wisconsin and was here for one year. She left in August. While here two valuable rings were stolen from her and the incident created quite a commotion.

WANTS MORE PAY.

Lecturer Churchill and Manager Pond Have a Falling Out.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 29.—A serious quarrel has occurred between Winston Churchill and his manager, Maj. Pond of New York, which threatens to bring Churchill's lecture tour in the United States to an abrupt conclusion. Churchill claims that he is overworked, but Maj. Pond says he has gone on strike for more pay. Churchill is still in Ottawa. He was to have lectured in Brantford last night, but did not go.

WOMAN WRECKS A SALOON

Mrs. Carrie Nation Begins Crusade in Wichita.

BAR FIXTURES RUINED.

Large Plate Glass Mirror and Picture of Cleopatra Entering Her Bath Are Completely Wrecked.

Wichita, Kan., Dec. 28.—After making the rounds of the saloons of Wichita and warning the proprietors that the places would be raided if found open, Mrs. Carrie Nation, wife of a prominent lawyer of Medicine Lodge and president of the Barber County Woman's Christian Temperance union, raided the saloon attached to the fashionable Carey hotel and destroyed property to the value of at least \$5000. She entered the place with an armful of stones and remarked: "I desire to make a noise and have come to the place where the noise will be the loudest."

Then, before she could be prevented from doing so, she began throwing stones in every direction, and with an iron rod smashed the bottles of whiskey and other liquors and all the glass about the place.

Smashes Everything in Sight. A large French plate-glass mirror, 12x8 feet and valued at \$1200, was smashed to small fragments. A life-size painting representing Cleopatra entering her bath and for which the proprietor two weeks ago refused \$1200, is also a total wreck. A partition constructed of painted art glass has a few pieces remaining to tell of its former beauty. Another life-size painting was located in an ante-room, but now only a part of the frame remains.

In addition to the above-mentioned articles several smaller paintings of different values and about \$200 worth of genuine cut glass and \$300 worth of bottled liquors were destroyed.

Crowd of Patrons Flees.

At the time the woman made her appearance the bar was crowded with prominent people of the city and a number of commercial travelers. These could readily enough have prevented the damage, but as soon as Mrs. Nation began to do her work, they all ran from the bar as fast as they possibly could, while the bartender hid behind the counter. When all was over, the interior of that saloon looked as though it had been visited by an old-time Kansas cyclone.

She called the police to arrest her, but consented to accompany them to headquarters. She remained here until yesterday afternoon, when a warrant for her arrest was sworn out by the county attorney upon the complaint of Mahan Bros., the proprietors of the saloon. She is now confined in the county jail and will be tried upon the charge of malicious destruction of property.

Prayer Meeting in Jail.

She was visited in prison by the local officers of the W. C. T. U., and, after a prayer meeting, they entered into a consultation, at the close of which it was decided to request Gov. Stanley to defend her at the trial tomorrow. Mrs. Nation is practicing osteopathy, and is well known here as the author of a book on W. C. T. U. circles. She said that from this city she will go to Lawrence, Kan., and Topeka and clean up the saloons there.

Says She is Determined. "I am determined to rid this state of all the joints," she said, when interviewed. "That is the use of having a prohibition law in this state when even the officers have no regard for it. I succeeded in closing up the joints at Kiowa, and will not leave Wichita until I have done the same thing here. If the officers do not do their duty, the citizens have the right to do it for them. I am only doing this work as a representative of the W. C. T. U. I am the president of the Barber county branch. I do not fear the law in this matter. My husband is not a lawyer for nothing. He has taught me how to proceed and my course is legal, and the local authorities know this."

"I stopped off at Wichita on purpose to destroy the fixtures in these saloons," said Mrs. Nation, "and would not have stopped in my work by simply destroying the bar at the Carey had not the officer interfered with me. I defy them to formally arrest me or to try me. I'll make it so hot for the officials that they will be glad to let me alone."

INSANELY JEALOUS.

Vicente De Bernoulli Shoots His Divorced Wife and Surrenders to the Police.

New York, Dec. 28.—A dispatch to the Herald from

Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUM & SUTOR.
Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.
A Democratic Newspaper published on Saturday of each week, at Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$2.50
Six Months.....1.75
Grand Rapids, Wis., Jan. 5, 1901.

AFTER OFFICE HOLDERS.

There will be one reformer in Madison this winter. O. W. Mosher of New Richmond, a senator-elect, is his name and if he carries out his intentions there'll be some fun in the capitol city during the coming session of the legislature. His home newspaper, The Republican-Voice, says of his plans:

"Mr. Mosher is going to take his lead pencil down to Madison again this winter, and he is going to make some of the department heads show him. This glorious state government of ours is costing the taxpayers of Wisconsin a great deal of money. Much of this is being expended unnecessarily, it would seem, and it is high time to call a halt.

"Mr. Mosher directs his attention to the department of state in an interview today, and in this connection he suggests that there is extravagance in other departments. The superintendent of public property had on his regular pay roll in 1898 (the last report obtainable) nineteen janitors at a salary of \$744—which is something scandalous when the amount of work they actually perform is considered; nine policemen and two night watchmen, which is over half the force required to police the entire city of La Crosse, night and day; sixteen laborers and a foreman of the labor force; three painters (three carpenters); two gas-fitters and plumbers; a carpenter at a salary of \$744 per annum—what do you suppose the carpenter can be doing most of the year but leaning on his shovel? And then on the extra list there are forty-six names under the heads of 'laborer' or 'labor' (the distinction is not defined) receiving from \$600 (four received that) down to 50 cents, which is all that L. Starkweather was able to work the department for on that graft.

"Well, Mr. Mosher is going to see if something cannot be done to stop all this, and in his endeavors along this line he will have the support of all good citizens. Mr. Mosher will take a pruning knife to Madison along with his pencil. He is not going to attempt anything sensational or radical. He will merely press upon the attention of his colleagues and others the necessity of adopting business-like methods in the transaction of business in the state department in Madison."

Green Bay Advocate antly says:

"Mr. Mosher has mapped out a magnificent program and he will get all sorts of encouragement in the good work he has undertaken. But when his constituents demand the positions they think should reward their efforts in his behalf Mr. Mosher will find himself confronted by a condition, not a theory. He will discover that in these times political success is a question of getting solid with a lot of political bosses by means of supplying them more or less fat jobs. Positions must be found for the gentlemen who control the political situation and the official who does not supply the need lasts about one term. Mr. Mosher will find it difficult to achieve anything in the way of reforming the abuses which he can easily unearth. He will find that people as a rule are not interested in politics because they are really interested in the welfare of the country so much as for the sake of the places they expect to get for themselves or their friends. Public officials are chosen because they can give, or promise to give, these places, and the fellow who promises and secures the places is assured of a long lease of official life. So long as these conditions exist it is useless to expect that the public payroll will be much else than a sort of pension list for political heeled."

A SUGGESTED CHANGE.

Writing on "The President of the Twentieth Century" for a special issue of The New York World ex-President Cleveland refers to the presidential tenure in these terms:

"Thoughtful citizens will more and more appreciate the objections urged against the present indirect and cumbersome mode of electing their presidents. The circumstances in which this plan originated if ever of controlling importance, ought no longer to excuse such a baffling confusion of ideas as grows out of the proposition that in a popular government the people's chief officer and their most direct representative may be made the recipient of their trust and the depository of their power in flagrant opposition to the declared popular will.

"Strong arguments are from time to time urged in favor of a change in the tenure of the presidential office. These should challenge serious attention, to the end that the present constitutional limit may be removed, and a more reasonable and useful one substituted. There has been a continual increase in federal legislation of a peremptory character and related to the immediate and routine necessities of the country; and so it has come to pass that of the four sessions of congress held during a presidential term, two are so brief as to scarcely permit the passage of necessary appropriation bills, while of the others one occurs when the president is usually strange in his new office and burdened with importunities and labors inseparable from a change of administration and the remaining one encounters during its continuance the interruptions, timidity, demoralization of a presidential and congressional canvass. These conditions suggest the scant opportunity allowed for the initiation and adoption of new and important remedial legislation during a single presidential term.

"Another argument of considerable weight in favor of the change is based

upon the complaint that the business and other important interests of our people are now so frequently disturbed and disquieted by the turmoil and heat of a presidential election. It is not amiss to add that a substantial extension of the executive tenure would pave the way for establishing the eligibility of an incumbent to succeed himself—which has long found favor with a large class of our people as a consummation much to be desired.

"Thus American citizens in the twentieth century will be charged with the duty of securing for themselves the actual substance of popular rule by establishing a more direct mode of selecting the people's chief executive in strict accordance with the people's will, and by so extending the tenure of his office, as to enable him to better serve his countrymen and more thoroughly protect and defend all their interests."

"Man that is born of a woman is small potatoes and few in a hall. In infancy he is full of colic and catnip tea, and in old age he is full of cuss words and rheumatism. In his youth his mother taketh him across her knee and sweetens his life with her slipper, and when he is a man grown the sheriff pursueth him all the days of his life. He spreadeth like a bay tree. He getteth into office and his friends cling to him like flies to a sugar barrel. He swelleth with vanity and cutteth ice for awhile, but is hewed down at the next convention and is cast into the salt box and his name is Dennis. Out of office and out of friends he soon gets hustled and lieth down in the cow pastures beside the still waters of the brook. He dieth out of the world and goeth where it is warm enough without clothes. The last end of that man is worse than the beginning."

—One cannot pick up a paper without reading about some old friend dying with pneumonia. The old settlers go that way, the business men, and professional men—all seem to die from pneumonia. Dr. McElwee says that five-sixths of all people over sixty years of age die from the effects of pneumonia, or lung fever, as the old time doctors called it. As is pretty well known now-a-days, pneumonia occurs mostly in those who are run down in health; it may be some stomach, kidney, or liver trouble has indirectly caused it. Dr. McElwee, in treating these chronic cases with perfect success, has done much to prevent pneumonia and other fatal diseases. Rheumatism is a disease that the doctor never fails to cure. How many sufferers ought to know that. This seems a trying winter on people. Bad colds were never so frequent, and now we are assured by the surgeon who went from Fort Snelling to the Philippines, that a general epidemic of small pox is about to sweep over the United States, it will be well to keep in the best health possible, and Dr. McElwee says that the way to have good health is to keep healthy. Dr. McElwee will be at the Witter House, Saturday, January 5th. Consultation free.

Tour of All Mexico.

In Pullman's finest Compartment Drawing Room, Library, Observation and Dining Cars—all Vested—with the celebrated Open Top Car "Chililiti" for Observation in the Mountains and Canons and Dining Car in the Tropics.

A delightful trip of 38 days with Three Circle Tours in the Tropics of the South of Mexico and a Visit to the Ruined Cities.

All exclusive features of these itineraries of leisurely travel and long stops—The Special Train starts Tuesday, January 22nd, from Chicago.

Tickets include all expenses everywhere.

These select limited parties will be under the special escort and management of The American Tourist Association, Reau Campbell, General Manager, 1423 Marquette Building, Chicago.

Itineraries, Maps and Tickets can be had on application to Agents of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y.

G. B. & W. R. R. Co.

No. 1 Passenger, going West leave	11:33 A. M.
No. 3, " " " " " "	arrive 9:30 P. M.
No. 9, Freight " " " " " "	leave 4:10 A. M.
No. 7, " " " " " "	arrive 7:30 P. M.
No. 4, Passenger, going East leave	6:50 A. M.
No. 2, " " " " " "	leave 2:42 P. M.
No. 8, Freight " " " " " "	leave 5:00 A. M.
No. 10, " " " " " "	arrive 6:30 P. M.

A. D. HILL, Agent.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

LATEST TIME CARD DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

Leave Minneapolis	12:35 P. M.	6:25 P. M.
" St. Paul	1:20 P. M.	7:15 P. M.
" Duluth	4:35 P. M.	
" Ashland	7:15 P. M.	
Arrive Chicago	7:15 A. M.	10:05 A. M.

Leave Chicago	10:10 P. M.	6:00 P. M.
" Ashland	11:45 A. M.	8:15 A. M.
" Duluth	11:10 A. M.	
" St. Paul	3:40 P. M.	8:00 A. M.
Arrive Minneapolis	4:20 A. M.	8:30 A. M.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada. Close connections made in Chicago with all trains going East and South.

For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee.

MARSHFIELD & SOUTHEASTERN R'y.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Marshfield	6:45 A. M.	12:45 P. M.
" " " " " "	7:15 A. M.	1:20 P. M.
" " " " " "	7:55 A. M.	1:50 P. M.
" " " " " "	8:35 A. M.	2:20 P. M.
" " " " " "	8:55 A. M.	2:40 P. M.
Arrive Nekoosa	8:55 A. M.	3:10 P. M.

GOING NORTH.

Leave Nekoosa	9:00 A. M.	5:30 P. M.
" " " " " "	9:45 A. M.	6:10 P. M.
" " " " " "	10:45 A. M.	6:40 P. M.
" " " " " "	10:55 A. M.	6:50 P. M.
" " " " " "	11:35 A. M.	7:30 P. M.
Arrive Marshfield	11:35 A. M.	6:00 P. M.

C. V. SNYDER, Agent.

Time table in effect July 21, 1899.

C. M. & ST. P. R. R.

TRAINS SOUTH.

No. 3 Passenger, daily except Sunday	7:25 A. M.
No. 5, " " " " " "	7:45 P. M.
No. 1, " " " " " "	11:14 A. M.
No. 2, " " " " " "	11:30 A. M.

TRAINS NORTH.

No. 2 Passenger, daily	8:42 P. M.
No. 1, " " " " " "	12:02 P. M.
No. 3, " " " " " "	1:15 P. M.
No. 4, " " " " " "	1:30 P. M.

Trains Nos. 2 and 4 make close connections at New Lisbon east and west. Nos. 3 and 1 make close connections at Tomah, east and west.

Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points in United States and Canada.

L. M. SCHULZ, Agent.

SENT FREE.

So sure are we that the wearing of a few of our Electric Belts will develop into numerous sales of our belts and appliances, that we are willing to send one free to any sufferer from the following diseases: Cold extremities, Cystocele, female weakness, kidney complaint, leucorrhea, liver complaint, paralysis, lost vitality, nervous debility, self abuse, worn-out women, sciatica, weak and nervous women, irregular menstruation, impotency, rheumatism, diminutive shrunk and undeveloped sexual organs, and catarrh.

Address for illustrated circular, etc., Sanitarium City Electrical Co., Battle Creek, Michigan.

WANT COLUMN.

Advertisements in this column cost 5 cents per line per insertion. No ad taken less than 10 lines.

WANTED: A assistant to do general housework. Inquire of O. Karim, the photographer.

WANTED: Active man of good character to deliver and collect in Wisconsin for old established manufacturing wholesale house, \$200 a year, sure pay. Honestly more than experience required. Our reference, any bank in any city. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 34 Dearborn St., Chicago.

FOR SALE: Windmill complete with pump and attachments. Apply to the John Aplin Lumber Company.

FOR SALE: A gasoline engine. Will be sold cheap. Inquire at this office.

FOR RENT: Offices, one on east and one on west side. Inquire of Penman, the dentist, over Cohen's store.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Sale on Foreclosure.

State of Wisconsin—Wood County—In Circuit Court.

Joseph E. Dunham and H. A. Dunham, Plaintiffs,

vs.

Chas. F. Murphy and Ida C. Murphy, his wife, William M. Dayton and Cora M. Dayton, his wife, and the Wisconsin Serpentine Mallicote Stone Company, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly rendered and entered in the above entitled action in the circuit court of said county on the 24th day of December, A. D. 1900, in favor of the above-named plaintiffs and against the above-named defendants therein, more than one year having elapsed since the entry and in part of said judgment having been paid, I, L. J. Michael Vincent, as sheriff of said county of Wood, will, on the second day of February, 1901, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front and north door of the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, in said Wood county, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the following described premises in Wood county, Wisconsin, and described in said judgment as follows, to-wit:

The south west quarter (1/4) of the north west quarter (1/4), Section number ten (10), Township number twenty-three (23) north, of Range number six (6) east.

Dated December 10th, 1900.

MICHAEL VINCENT,
Sheriff for Wood County, Wisconsin.
CONWAY & CONWAY,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

Summons.

Circuit Court—Wood County.

Maud Wood, Plaintiff,
vs.
Charles Wood, Defendant.

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN—To THE SAID DEFENDANT:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint; of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

J. W. COCHRAN,
Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. Address Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.

Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—In the County of Wood.

In the matter of the estate of Claude S. Carrington, deceased.

On this 14th day of December, A. D. 1900, upon reading and filing the petition of Mrs. Claude S. Carrington, widow of the said Claude S. Carrington, of the county of Wood, died testate, on or about the 18th day of October, 1900, and praying that she be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

IT IS ORDERED, That said application be heard before me, at the probate office in Grand Rapids, on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock A. M.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the Court, JOHN A. GAYNOR,
County Judge.
GODFREY & BRAZEAU,
Attorneys for Petitioner.

Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—In the County of Wood.

In the matter of the estate of Frank Ratelle, Sr., deceased.

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By the Court, JOHN A. GAYNOR,
County Judge.
GODFREY & BRAZEAU,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

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POST HOLIDAY SALE.

We had an enormous holiday trade, the largest in the history of our store and a consequence we have a large number of remnants and broken lots of goods. These are all good reliable wares and can be purchased at a much lower price than the same goods would cost you anywhere else, where they are in the habit of putting away these remnants and selling them at a regular price. Come and look them over, it will be to your advantage.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.,
Dry Goods Department.

—FARM FOR SALE.—A one hundred and twenty acre farm located about three miles from this city on the Randolph road. A good dwelling house on same. For particulars write to Mrs. P. Walsh, Eagle River, Wis.

Wood Co. National Bank,
GRAND RAPIDS, WIS

Capital \$50,000.
Surplus \$10,000

F. GARRISON, President.
L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres.
F. J. WOOD, Cashier

COMMENCED BUSINESS
NOVEMBER 1, 1891.

DIRECTORS:

F. GARRISON
L. M. ALEXANDER
THOS. E. NASH
E. ROENIUS
F. J. WOOD

All business connected with banking is earnestly solicited, and we promise prompt and careful attention to every detail. Interest paid on time deposits.

CHAS. L. PETTIS & CO.

CASH
Produce Buyers

Dressed Poultry,
Game, Furs, Eggs, and Butter.

204 DUANE ST.,
NEW YORK.

WRITE FOR OUR PRESENT
PAYING PRICES

GET Painting,

A practical knowledge of SIGN and HOUSE gold and silver lettering, bronzing, carriage and landscape painting, kalsomining, mixing colors, contracting, etc., from our Painter's Book. Our book of 25 years' experience in sign and house painting is so explicit that even boys can teach themselves the painter's trade in a short time. Twenty-five illustrated alphabets are included in our book. Address Val. Schreier Sign Works, Milwaukee, Wis.

Things to Consider.

Quality of workmanship, and quality of material are most important factors in producing satisfactory results in

PLUMBING AND STEAM HEATING

Jobs. When these are right price may be considered. All these points and any other which are essential to the proper completion of a job receive our expert attention. Our estimates are low.

—Now is the time to get a—

Germ Proof Water Filter.

Gitchell, Lubeck Co.

A Good Place To Get Good LUMBER

Not only good Lumber, but a variety of other things used in building, including

Lath, Shingles, Doors, Windows, Building Paper, Mouldings

At the Lumber Yard of JOHN FARRISH,
Come and look us over. ring a Bell of What you want and let us figure with you

GRAND RAP

LOCAL ITEMS.

G. Bruehl shipped two pairs of Belgian hares to Portage on Friday.

Jos. Sweeney caught a sixteen pound pickerel near his place last week.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Habeck of Sigel on the 31st.

A baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Betke on Thursday of last week.

The Rev. Father Kroil arrived in the city last Friday and will have charge of the Episcopal pastorate here.

Midnight Mass was held at the Catholic church on New Year morning and a large concourse of devoted ones attended.

On December 29 Judge Webb granted a divorce and permanent alimony of \$500 to Ella Carrier against her husband Wm. W. Carrier.

The Farmer's Insurance Company of Seneca, Sigel and Rudolph will hold their annual meeting on January 8th at 9 a. m. at the town hall, Sigel.

The Catholic Order of Foresters hold their installation of officers this (Friday) evening. A dance will follow the ceremony. Only members take part.

The subject of Rev. B. J. H. Shaw's sermon on Sunday will be "Forgetfulness and Anticipation." In the evening there will be a musical service. See program.

A surgical operation was performed on Mrs. W. L. Linn on Friday of last week. She has since been getting better. Mr. Linn has also been sick during the past week.

Constipation neglected or badly treated, leads to total disability or death. Rocky Mountain absolutely cures constipation in all its forms. 35c., Johnson & Hill Co.

Next week the Methodist church society will observe the Week of Prayer. Services will be held every evening, commencing at 7:30. Come and bring your friends.

The ball on New Year's night by the west side fire company was a brilliant success in every sense of the word. A large crowd attended and everything passed off smoothly.

The frozen surface of the river has held forth some inducements to the small boy during the past week, but the roughness of the ice has prevented a great many from skating.

Otto Bourke, who has been at the Commercial house laid up from the effects of an amputated leg, was taken to his home at Annapolis on Wednesday, having recovered sufficiently to stand the journey.

Subject of Rev. W. A. Peterson's discourse Sunday morning will be "Invisible Things Clearly Seen." In the evening he will preach on a "Question of Profit." Special music in the evening. Everybody invited.

The mill of the Grand Rapids lumber company started up again last Friday and it is expected that there will be enough timber forthcoming to keep it in operation right along. The logs come in by train nearly every day.

William Jacobs came to the city from Arpin on Thursday having hurt the second finger on his left hand while engaged in rolling logs. The hurt was dressed by Dr. Pomerville and it is hoped that the member can saved.

Miss Mae Howlett entertained at the home of T. E. Mullen on Saturday in honor of Misses Mae and Alice Hawley, Ester Smith, Mae Salvos, and Emma and Nellie Howlett of Green Bay. There were cards and music and light refreshments were served.

The office of the Wisconsin telephone company in this city will be under the charge of W. T. Powell, manager at Stevens Point, and the company will not keep a man here after this. Mr. Powell was in the city last week checking up.

Wm. Reeves entertained a party of male friends at his residence on Monday evening. There were cards and a merry time and Mrs. Reeves prepared a banquet for the merry-makers that was partaken of about the time the new year was ushered in.

Genuine Rocky Mountain Tea is never sold in bulk by peddlers for less than 35cts. Don't be fooled, get the tea made famous by the Madison Medicine Co. Johnson & Hill Co.

The Tribune is in receipt of a copy of "Wassau in 1900," which is a neat book filled with half tone portraits and landscapes of prominent people and places about the city of Wassau. It is gotten out as a supplement to the Central Wisconsin, Herald and Pilot and was compiled by George Alfred Martin who makes a business of this sort of thing.

Stop that Cough

an tickling in your throat by using

CHURCH'S

Throat Pastilles.

They contain the most valuable combinations for the treatment of coughs, sore throat, colds and bronchial affections.

10 cents a box.

Sam Church,

Prescription Druggist.

An Ohio clergyman complains that the Standard Oil company has defied the supreme court of that state and has not been punished. It would be much more remarkable had the court defied the company and escaped punishment.

The Ladies Aid society of the First Congregational church, west side, met at the home of Mrs. E. B. Rossier, Dec. 2, when the following officers were elected for the following year: President, Mrs. E. C. Rossier; 1st vice president, Mrs. E. Oberbeck; 2nd vice president, Mrs. J. W. Cochran; 3rd vice president, Mrs. A. C. Ott; 4th vice president, Mrs. A. J. Damon; secretary, Mrs. H. W. Jackson; treasurer, Mrs. F. W. Palmatier.

As soon as the shirt waist is adopted by the boys, says an exchange, another calamity will follow, just as one industry creates another. See if it doesn't. The sequence will come in the silly spelling of persons' names. We now have Mae, Mayme, Edythe, Grayce, Kathryne, and similar nonsensical distortions, and bye and bye we will have Wylie, Jayme, Dyck, Jaymes, Harrye, Mique, and the rest of them. It's in the goods and it won't wash out.

During the past week Dr. A. L. Ridgman received a letter from his son Earl, who was then in New York and soon to sail for Manila. The letter was written on December 24th and stated that the boat would probably leave next day, so it was not at all probable that Earl spent a very pleasant Christmas, unless they have some method of amusement on board fighting boats that the general public has not yet heard of.

Red is a danger signal on the railroad, on a fellow's nose and on a woman's face. Men and women use Rocky Mountain Tea and get genuine rosy cheeks. 35c., Johnson & Hill Co.

The members of the Centralia Pulp and Water Power company presented Frank Garrison, manager of the company, with a handsome gold watch on New Year day, as a token of their regard and esteem. The watch was engraved with the words, "To F. Garrison, by the employees of the C. P. & W. P. Co., Dec. 25, 1900." Mr. Garrison was naturally greatly pleased to receive such substantial proof of the good will of his men.

In connection with the interior decorations and installation of a steam heating plant the Wood County National bank has had placed in position in their vault a complete system of steel shelving, document files and safety deposit boxes. It is a great improvement over the old way of wooden shelves and tin boxes and the safety deposit boxes will also prove of great benefit to those having use for any thing of this sort.

A merry party of young people gathered at the home of Mrs. E. C. Rossier on Monday evening to celebrate the birth of a new year and century, and they were ushered in with appropriate services. Among those present were, Misses Myrtle Kellogg, Ida McMillan, Bessie Price, Mabel Hamilton, Isabelle Marshall and Belle Voyer; Messrs. Robert Morse, Elmer Stout, James Hamilton, Gayle Smart and Benning Smart.

An election bet was paid in Prairie du Chien. Two well known young married men, who will be known as Brown and Jones, made a bet. Brown was to have the privilege of kissing Mrs. Jones five times, provided she did not object, in case McKinley was elected, and Jones to kiss Mrs. Brown if Bryan got there. Sunday evening Brown called at Jones' residence and demanded that the terms of the bet be carried out. Jones thought his wife would "kick," but great was his surprise to see her throw herself into Brown's arms and pucker her lips ready for business.

On Monday in New York, the directors of the Green Bay & Western Railway company declared an annual dividend of 3 per cent on its stock. This is an increase of one-half per cent on each issue over the rate paid last year. J. B. Last, who has held the position of general passenger agent for the Green Bay & Western for several years, has resigned to accept the position of traffic manager for the General Paper company of Chicago. He has been succeeded by W. C. Modisett of the St. Louis & Hannibal railway, a friend of General Manager J. A. Jordan, who took control of the office Tuesday.—Stevens Point Journal.

The average annual income of the men of the United States over twenty years of age, according to recent census reports, is less than \$400. Ninety per cent of the young men average less than \$300 income per year; yet the average girl of the day is being educated along lines of yearly expenditure of not less than \$1,000 a year. This is the cause of so many divorce cases in our courts. Young men who marry girls of this class, with high ideals of unmarried life, soon find the wolf howling at the door; then comes friction, dissatisfaction and finally separation. All this could be avoided if girls were taught the practicabilities of life—taught those principles of economy, industry and frugality which must be practiced in the stations to which the average woman is called.—Southern Mercury.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

John E. Daly,
Johnson & Hill Co.

First Congregational Church.

MAPLE AVENUE, WEST SIDE.

Rev. B. J. H. Shaw, pastor.

Public services for Sunday, Jan. 6, 1900.

10:30 a. m. Morning service.

12 m. Sunday School.

7:30 p. m. Evening service.

Morning subject, "Forgetfulness and Anticipation."

Evening subject, "The Secret of Happiness."

Estray Notice.

Came to my yard on December tenth, one red calf with white spot on forehead, five or six months old. Owner is requested to call, pay charges, and take property away.

F. C. HENKE, Sigel, Ws.

PERSONAL MENTION.

A. J. Boyles was up from Nekevasa on Wednesday.

Henry Smith of Arpin was in the city on Wednesday.

C. H. Wood made a business trip to Marshfield on Friday.

I. M. Nash made a business trip to Tomahawk Wednesday.

F. J. Cameron left for Milwaukee Wednesday on business.

E. P. Aron returned Tuesday from a trip to Bruce and Kenan.

Attorney Fitch of Nekevasa took in the New Year ball in this city.

John Cepress and John Vanderhei spent New Year at Stevens Point.

Miss Minnie Polensky of Sigel is dangerously ill with consumption.

Miss Clara Stevens of Marshfield visited friends in the city Tuesday.

Arthur Pepin visited friends at Wausau last week for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Voss visited over New Year's with relatives at Tomah.

Attorney O. H. Karris of La Crosse was in the city on business Thursday.

Miss Roene Havenor visited over New Year's with relatives in Wausau.

Frank Sheehan of Portage visited friends in the city on New Year day.

Miss Lilian Boyles of Wausau is visiting relatives and friends in this city.

Chas. Heuer and wife of Pittsville were in the city Wednesday on business.

Miss Edith Nash returned this week to North Hampton to resume her studies.

John L. Sullivan of City Point was in the city Thursday on his way to La Crosse.

Stephen Brazean has returned to Ann Arbor where he is attending law school.

Mrs. C. E. Lester of Crammoor was in the city on Sunday visiting with friends.

Nels Johnson and Geo. M. Hill left on Tuesday for Green Bay on legal business.

John Avery left on Saturday for Washburn to assume charge of his new duties.

Miss Hannah Heidler of Marshfield is the guest of Miss Anna Oberbeck this week.

Myron Compton has left for Fessenden, N. D., where he expects to locate permanently.

Mrs. Carl Olson of Blair is a guest at the home of her mother, Mrs. Henry Kuntz.

Frank Atwood returned this morning from a week's visit with relatives at Beaver Dam.

Miss Pearl Martin of Merrill visited with relatives and friends in this city over New Year's.

C. H. Grundy, manager of the Marshfield & Southeastern, was in the city on Saturday.

T. F. Roessler and A. B. Wilson of Marshfield were in the city on Tuesday for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Garrison of Port Edwards spent New Year day with relatives in the city.

Miss Cora Vaughn has returned from Marshfield and will attend school in this city for a time.

Walter Gangelhoff of Minneapolis was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Laramie on Monday.

Miss Olive Proell of Manitowoc has been the guest of Miss Effie Goggins during the past week.

A. H. Dustin returned last week from a month's visit with friends and relatives at Baraboo.

Miss Josie Driscoll of Appleton arrived in the city Wednesday and is the guest of Miss Nellie Steib.

John Vanderhei, who is employed at Tomahawk, has spent the past week in this city among friends.

Miss Nan White of Pittsville has been in the city during the past week visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. Frank Reed of Necedah has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kellogg during the past week.

Miss Maue Dunegan spent Sunday at Grand Rapids, a guest of the Arpin families.—Stevens Point Gazette.

Miss Frances Parkhill of Stevens Point, has been the guest of Miss Della Renne during the past week.

Harry and Miss Harriet Whittlesley of Crammoor attended the fireman's dance in this city New Year's night.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Witter visited with the family of W. D. Connor of Marshfield the fore part of the week.

Commander M. S. Pratt was at Stevens Point on Friday and that evening inspected the G. A. R. post in that city.

Capt. H. Schall and wife of Mauston were in the city on Sunday in attendance at the funeral of Mrs. Jasper Croteau.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Miller who have been visiting in the city for a week past, returned to their home in Milwaukee on Sunday.

Miss Lona Johnson and Viola Garrison left Wednesday evening for Milwaukee where they will continue their studies in Downer college.

H. W. Thum, who recently returned from Oshkosh where he had taken a course in telegraphy, is assisting in the work about the St. Paul depot.

Will Pribbanow left on Wednesday for Merrill in which vicinity he will scale and look after the interests of the F. MacKinnon Manufacturing Co.

Thos. McGrath was down from Mosinee during the past week. He, in company with Ed Spafford, will engage in extensive logging operations the ensuing winter.

Among those who came down from Marshfield to attend the New Year ball were Misses Amanda Wagner, Ida Greisinger, Anna May, Mrs. A. P. Adams, and Messrs. August Wagner, Dan Harkin, John Yahn, John Anderson and R. K. Williams.

Doc Dunnington, who has been in the employ of Photographer Morterand since that gentleman located in this city, left for his home in West Virginia the fore part of the week.

Ray G. Sherwood leaves on Tuesday for Eureka, S. D., where he will take charge of the Weekly Blade as editor and manager. The Tribune wishes him success in his new field of labor.

Miss Katie Hiles of Dexterville visited over New Year with the Misses Maurine and Lona Johnson in this city. She left on Wednesday for Milwaukee where she is attending Downer College.

Prof. Guy S. Ford, formerly principal of the Howe high school in this city, and who now holds a scholarship in Columbia university in the city of New York, is visiting friends in this city.

Oscar Winger of Montgomery, Ala., has been in the city for a couple of weeks visiting his parents. Mr. Winger is with a large cotton manufacturing company. He left for Montgomery again on Wednesday.

Edward Morse of Lancaster is visiting his brother Robert in this city for a time. Mr. Morse has recently received an appointment as stenographer from the United States government with instructions to report at Manila, P. I. It is probable that Mr. Morse will start so as to leave San Francisco on the 16th inst.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure headache, headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, fainting and dizzy spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phoebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes constipation, improves appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at Johnson & Hill Co.'s, and John E. Daly's drug stores.

M. E. Church.

Rev. W. A. Peterson, pastor.

Public services for Sunday, Jan. 6, 1900.

9:30 a. m. Class Meeting.

10:30 a. m. Preaching.

11:45 a. m. Sunday School.

3:00 p. m. Junior League.

6:45 p. m. Epworth League.

7:30 p. m. Preaching.

Morning subject, "Invisible Things Clearly Seen."

Evening subject, "A Question of Profit."

Thousands Sent Into Exile.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climator. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Trial bottles free at Johnson & Hill Co., and John E. Daly. Price 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

To the Deaf.

A rich lady cured of her deafness and noises in the head by Dr. Nicholson's artificial ear drums, gave \$10,000 to his institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the ear drums may have them free. Address No. 13,884, The Nicholson Institute, 780, Eighth Avenue, New York.

German Moravian Church.

Rev. A. Peterson, pastor.

Public services for Sunday, Jan. 6.

9:30 a. m. Sunday School.

10:30 a. m. Preaching.

6:30 p. m. C. E. Meeting.

7:30 p. m. German preaching.

A cordial invitation is extended to all.

—Dr. J. C. Conuiff, Dentist. Office over the Centralia Drug Co's store in Daly block, Centralia, Wis.

—Dr. D. Waters, physician and surgeon. Office over Church's drug store, telephone 182. Night calls at Dixon House, telephone 55.

—Dr. J. J. Looze Grand Rapids, office over Wood County Drug store, telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 246.

—F. Pomerville, M. D. Office over J. A. Cohen's store. Telephone at office, No. 35; at residence, Centralia, No. 31.

—For fine dental work, go to Dr. D. A. Telfer, office over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids. Will be out of town every Monday and Tuesday.

—Dr. A. L. Ridgman, Centralia. Office over Centralia Drug Store. Telephone No. 92. Telephone at residence, No. 23.

FURNITURE.

If you have second hand Furniture or Household Goods for sale take them across the street from Spafford's store and get full market price.

Will buy all kinds of Scrap Iron, Copper, Brass, Zinc, Rags, Rubbers, Dry Bones, Hides, and Furs of all kinds.

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USE

VICTORIA

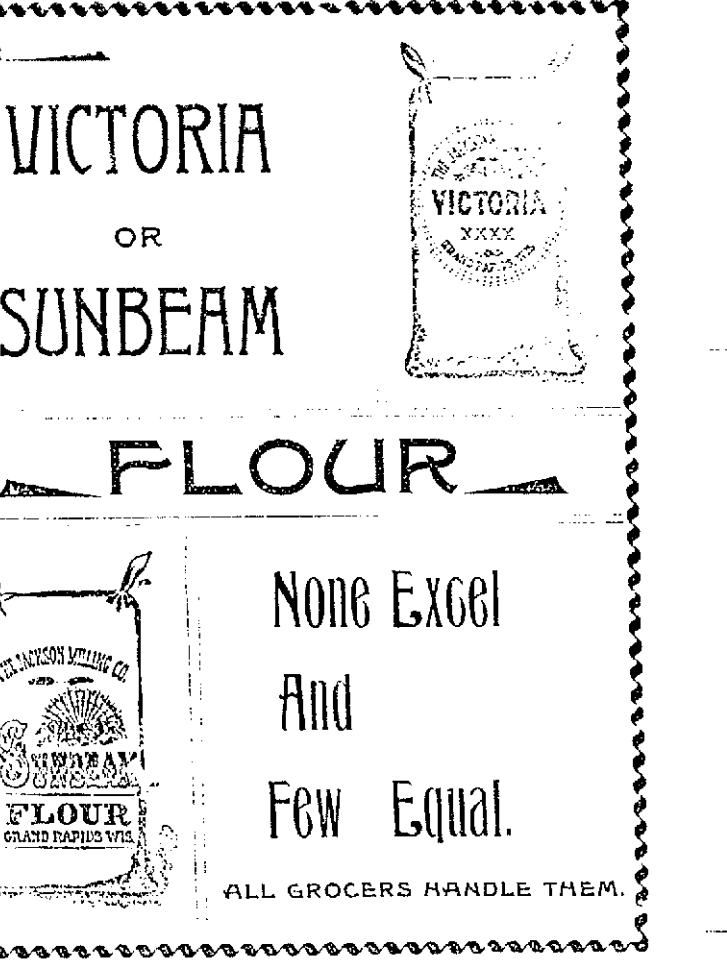
OR

SUNBEAM

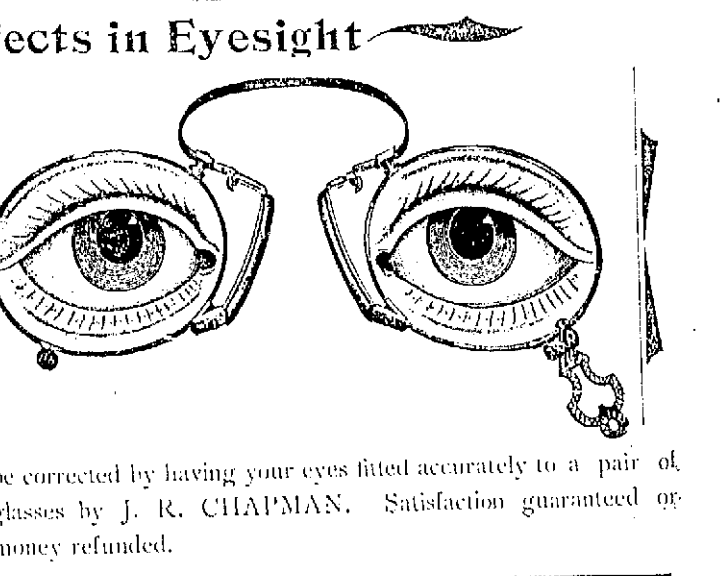
FLOUR

None Excel And Few Equal.

ALL GROCERS HANDLE THEM.



Defects in Eyesight



Can be corrected by having your eyes fitted accurately to a pair of glasses by J. R. CHAPMAN. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. "Leader" and "Repeater" loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

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COAL

Best in the market at lowest prices.

Delivered Anywhere.

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E. C. KETCHUM.

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of Me.

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RENOL REVELY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all other fails. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, all which undo one for study, business or marriage. It is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off insanity and Consumption. Based on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

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promptly secured. \$5.00 FEE. Good model, sketch or photo for free. Free patentability. Book "How to Obtain U. S. and Foreign Patents and Trade Marks." FREE. Free of terms are offered to inventors. PATENT LAWYERS OF 26 YEARS' PRACTICE. 20,000 PATENTS PROCURED THROUGH THEM. All business confidential. Sotho advice. Faithful service. No extra charges.

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E. B. FRITZINGER,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Daly Block, West Side.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

BIG FIRE IN SHEBOYGAN.

Flames Raging in the Coal Dock of the C. Reiss Company.

RIVER FRONT BURNING

General Alarm is Sent in and Firemen Battling to Save Adjoining Property.

Sheboygan, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Fire broke out at 12:20 o'clock this afternoon in the Reiss Coal company's dock No. 1. In a moment the entire dock was wrapped in flames.

A general alarm was sent in and the department is working hard to save adjoining property from destruction.

There are thousands of tons of coal on the dock and the loss will reach \$75,000.

There was a terrific gale blowing and the flames advanced rapidly. For a time it was feared that the other docks would be destroyed and the whole river front would be in peril.

The fire burned fiercely and the firemen had to work hard to keep the flames from attacking the plant, but by banking engines between the docks and the plant the progress of the fire was arrested.

Shortly before 3 o'clock the fire was in control, and continued to dock No. 1. The great mass of coal is on fire and will burn for several days.

The dock and four hoisting derricks were completely destroyed and several loaded coal cars on the North Western coast were burned.

Shortly after 4 o'clock the flames spread to the salt docks of the Reiss company, but were extinguished before much damage was done.

The cause of the fire was spontaneous combustion. Tons of soft coal were consumed. The company refuses to make any statement at this time as to loss, insurance or cause of the fire.

EAU CLAIRE HOTEL ON FIRE.

Firemen Working Hard to Save Hart House from Destruction.

Eau Claire, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—The Hart hotel caught fire in roof at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The fire spread rapidly.

The firemen are working hard to extinguish the flames.

Wausau, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Fire broke out at 2 o'clock this morning in the residence of R. J. Schaefer on Maple avenue. The building was damaged to the amount of \$1200. The fire originated in a staircase in the second story of the house and is supposed to have been caused by a defective chimney.

The fire department, at the signal, turned out in full force, but when the firemen arrived the fire had gained considerable headway. All the roof had been burned off and nearly the upper story was in flames. Very little household goods were saved from destruction. The loss is almost fully covered by insurance.

PRIEST AVERTS PANIC.

Altar at St. Patrick's Catholic Church at Green Bay Takes Fire.

Green Bay, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—One cool, present-minded man averted a threatened panic in St. Patrick's Catholic church in this city yesterday morning.

It was during the celebration of high mass and there were about 800 worshippers in the church. The elaborate altar trimmings for Christmas had been removed. In some way burning tapers set fire to the decorations on the side altar and the flames began to spread with almost lightning-like rapidity. Men, women and children became frightened and rose to their feet to rush pell-mell for the doors, but they were held in check by a cool command from the pastor, Rev. M. J. O'Brien, to remain in their seats. A score of men rushed to the altar, but stood still before the flames, apparently helpless. Another man in the congregation rushed to the altar, removed his overcoat and undercoat, and with these garments succeeded after a few minutes in smothering the flames, but not until several hundred dollars damage had been done by breaking costly vases and other bric-a-brac and decorative pieces on the altar. When the fire was completely extinguished a subdued ripple of applause swept through the congregation, for the worshippers realized that the man had done a brave deed.

DANCED, THEN DIED.

Racine Society Woman Seized with Congestion of the Lungs Shortly After Close of a Ball.

Racine, Wis., Dec. 31.—Miss Lizzie K. Schneider, a popular society lady of the west side, attended dancing school at the Odd Fellows hall Saturday evening. She seemed in the very best of health and was the happiest and liveliest in the party, and when she started for her home at 11:30 o'clock in company with her brother, she bade her friends a cheerful goodnight and after reaching her home she was seized with congestion of the lungs and died shortly after midnight.

Miss Schneider was 31 years of age. She was a well-known member of the Woman's Relief corps. Ladies of the Maechesters and Ladies of the Fraternity Alliance.

TWO BADLY INJURED.

Girls Thrown from Carriage During Runaway at Prairie du Sac. One Loses an Eye.

Prairie du Sac, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Two daughters of Henry Blevins, a farmer of Sanke Prairie, were seriously hurt in a runaway in this city. Their horses became unmanageable and threw the girls out of the buggy, cutting them severely and injuring the eye of one of them so that the sight is destroyed. The carriage was totally wrecked.

BELOIT'S NEW CHAPEL.

W. B. Strong One of the Prime Movers in the Enterprise.

Beloit, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—A new \$1200 chapel in the northwestern part of the city was opened yesterday with appropriate exercises. W. B. Strong, who gave \$500 for the building, is the prime mover in the enterprise, contributing the first \$200. The chapel is an independent organization which will take up its work under the direction of the American Sunday School union.

SHEBOYGAN FIRE LOSS SETTLED.

Sheboygan, Wis., Dec. 31.—The Zschewe-Sons company settled with the insurance adjusters on their loss by the fire in their factory. The amount allowed being \$125,000. The company will begin rebuilding at once.

MISS STEPHENSON TO BE MARRIED.

Young Woman who Christened Battleship Wisconsin, Engaged to J. E. Morgan of Oshkosh.

FARMERS WILLING TO GROW BEETS.

Waukesha County Agriculturists Satisfied with Standing of Wisconsin Sugar Company.

DECREASE IS GREAT.

State Board of Control Asks for an Appropriation of \$831,000 for State Institutions.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Appropriations amounting to \$831,000 will be asked from the Legislature at the coming session by the state board of control for the nine charitable and penal institutions under the supervision of the board, for their current expenses. This is \$400 less than the appropriations made by the last Legislature for the same purpose, and in view of the fact that the number of inmates in the institutions had increased, in the home for the feeble-minded by about 150 and in the industrial school for boys 50, the showing is a most favorable one for the present management of the institutions, and the new system adopted by the board of purchasing all supplies on contracts let to the lowest bidder.

The amount to be asked does not cover the total cost of the institutions, as the receipts from various sources for care of patients chargeable to them, with some other smaller sources of income, are estimated at \$147,000. The board has a surplus of \$147,000, making the total estimated resources for the next two years, including the \$831,000 asked from the Legislature, \$1,470,000. The current expenses of the nine institutions for the two years ended September 30, 1900, were \$1,272,379.20, the cost at each institution being:

State hospital for insane, Men—\$218,787.18; Northern hospital for insane, Oshkosh—\$209,015.50; School for deaf, Delevan—\$22,000.00; School for blind, Janesville—\$1,511.55; Industrial school for boys, Wausau—\$10,075.37; State public school, Sparta—\$4,350.00; Home for feeble-minded, Chicago—\$10,560.21; State reformatory, Green Bay—\$9,491.08.

Each of the institutions had a surplus in 1900 of two years ago, though in the case of the state prison and the home for feeble-minded it is small. The surplus of each of the other institutions, which is estimated by the board will be left at the end of the appropriation year, is: State hospital, \$7000; Northern hospital, \$18,000; school for deaf, \$8000; school for blind, \$5000; industrial school, \$2000; state public school, \$5000; reformatory, \$2000.

Wisconsin methods of caring for the insane, criminal and dependent classes through the state board of control, are heartily commended in an article appearing in the January number of the *Annals of the American Academy*, written by Prof. S. E. Spaulding of the University of Wisconsin, who has made a careful study of the Wisconsin administration of charitable and penal institutions. Prof. Spaulding devotes much space to a review of the history of the management of charitable and penal institutions. This history, especially in recent years, Prof. Spaulding says, shows a strong tendency toward centralization of the management of all the charitable and penal institutions in a state department or central board. This system of management, he says, has found its best example in Wisconsin and has been proved an unqualified success.

WILL NOT BELIEVE HER LOVER DEAD.

Miss Jones of Lannon is Confident That Roy Blum will be Found.

Lannon, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—Although three months have passed since Roy Blum, formerly of this place later of Victor, Cal., mysteriously disappeared, Miss Nellie Jones of Lannon, his fiancée, to whom he was coming to wed, still believes him alive and thinks he will be found. She hears every day from the detectives in Omaha, Denver and other Western cities who are working on the case and hope soon to find some trace of the young man.

BROKER SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

Examination of Books of Edward Freeman of Marinette, Who Committed Suicide.

Marinette, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—Examination of the books kept by the late Edward Freeman of the McKinnon Brokerage agency reveals a shortage of \$1500. Freeman shot himself at Green Bay last week after having had heavy losses at cards. The McKinnon agency represented the P. G. Logan company of Chicago and the office has now been closed.

OUTLOOK IS DOUBTFUL.

Commissioner Adams and Ex-Gov. Hoard Fear Grout Bill Will Not Pass.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—State Dairy and Food Commissioner Adams held a conference yesterday with ex-Gov. Hoard of Ft. Atkinson in regard to the work of the National Dairy union, of which Mr. Hoard is president, for the Grout anti-oleomargarine bill now pending in the United States Senate.

Commissioner Adams and Mr. Hoard both are preparing to start for Washington Tuesday to resume the fight before the Senate.

The outlook is somewhat doubtful for the Grout bill, said Mr. Hoard, "and it is impossible at present to tell what the outcome will be. We are working hard, however, and I have strong hopes that the Senate will pass it."

REMARKABLE RECOVERY.

Kaukauna Man Who was Smashed Up by a Train is Getting Well.

Kaukauna, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—A most wonderful recovery is now said to be assured in the case of John Robbins, who was very seriously injured near here at the recent railroad crossing. A shoulder and two ribs, and his skull fractured, being taken up for dead. Notwithstanding his awful injuries he is recovering and is likely to be able to be about in a short time.

MAN TORN TO PIECES.

George Cross Gets Caught in Machinery of a Mill at West Superior.

West Superior, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—George Cross was killed today while working at the machinery in the Commander flour mill, of which he was chief engineer. It is supposed that he was caught in a belt, for when found one arm was torn out, a leg broken and he was bleeding internally. Death resulted shortly.

CLAYTON IS BOOMING.

A New Hotel Has Just Been Completed in the Town.

New Richmond, Wis., Dec. 24.—[Special.]—Clayton's boom is now in vogue. The next big event on the docked in Port Clinton, which has just been completed and is now being furnished. A banquet will be given, and it is expected that about four hundred guests will participate.

Clayton has organized a new brass band, handsomely uniformed, with a lady for leader, Miss Tina Christiansen.

COUNTY OFFERS COURTROOM.

Plans for Sitting of Federal Court at West Superior.

West Superior, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—Rooms for the federal court to be held in Superior commencing the third Tuesday of next June, have been offered by the county. It is proposed to have the court held in the superior court room, which are added here at that time of the year. As the location is acceptable to members of the bar, the court officials will probably accept the offer.

MISS PHOENIX NERCESS, JANEVILLE.

Janeville, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—Phoebe A. Phoenix Nercess, wife of Phyllis Nercess died at her home.

She is survived by her husband and four children. Mrs. George Mason and Fred John and Edward Nercess, all of Chicago.

Mineral Point, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—Mrs. Edward Bray died at her home in this city of typhoid fever. Six children and a husband survive her.

A VERY LARGE FAMILY.

Descendants of Mr. and Mrs. Elias Scott Number Scores.

MARRIED 67 YEARS AGO

Eight Children, Thirty Grandchildren, and Eight Great Grandchildren Attend Celebration.

Racine, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. Elias Scott celebrated yesterday the sixty-fifth anniversary of their wedding. It was the most remarkable celebration in the history of the city, and possibly of southern Wisconsin.

There were present eight children, thirty grandchildren, eight great-grandchildren and several hundred friends.

Mr. Scott was born in Sharon, N. Y., April 2, 1817. On December 28, 1836, he married Miss Hannah Kilmartin of Racine, N. Y., who is a few years younger than he is. In 1843 they came to Wisconsin and settled on a farm in Racine county, and were known as the champion chess players, often defeating experts from Chicago, Milwaukee and other cities. In 1898 the couple quit the farm and came to the city. Both are in fairly good health, and Mr. Scott sat down and played chess with many of his guests.

Will not believe her lover dead.

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HARVEY REPORTS ON RURAL SCHOOLS.

He Makes Important Recommendations to the Legislature. Advocates Township System.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—State superintendent of schools, L. D. Harvey, has made some important recommendations to the Legislature in his report.

He discusses the township system of school government which he has advocated for years, and gives considerable space to the question of better teachers for the country schools. The common schools, their present backward state, their needs, and the means of supplying them, indeed, might almost be called the keynote of the report. Among his recommendations some of the more important are:

County training schools for teachers. Increased facilities and appropriations for teachers' institutes. Higher qualifications for common school teachers. Better pay and a limit to the time a person may teach on a third-grade certificate. Among other valuable information in the report is the following statement of the enrollment of pupils in the state:

Twenty-one schools in the state with a total enrollment of less than 20.

22 schools with an enrollment between 20 and 41.

283 schools with an enrollment between 42 and 100.

1272 schools with an enrollment between 101 and 200.

720 schools with an enrollment between 201 and 300.

848 schools with an enrollment between 301 and 400.

820 schools with an enrollment between 401 and 500.

724 schools with an enrollment between 501 and 600.

628 schools with an enrollment between 601 and 700.

450 schools with an enrollment between 701 and 800.

327 schools with an enrollment between 801 and 900.

254 schools with an enrollment between 901 and 1000.

201 schools with an enrollment more than 1000.

The superintendent says that there are too many small schools where the teachers are poorly paid. The township system, by placing all the schools of each township under the control of a single school board, would make it possible to consolidate the smaller schools in proper localities and transport the children from considerable distances to the larger centrally-located schools. There is a law, however, Mr. Harvey points out, by which the same thing may be done.

The wages paid teachers in the common schools of the state are classified in the report as follows:

174 teachers get less than \$20 a month.

274 teachers get between \$20 and \$25 a month.

283 teachers get between \$25 and \$30 a month.

776 teachers get between \$30 and \$35 a month.

425 teachers get between \$35 and \$40 a month.

254 teachers get between \$40 and \$45 a month.

238 teachers get more than \$45 a month.

Mr. Harvey comments on the large number of teachers who get less than \$20 a month, and are employed only seven or eight months in the year. It is impossible, he says, for teachers who get this meager pay to make any extensive preparation for their work. Consolidation, Mr. Harvey thinks, would result in the employment of higher-paid, better-prepared teachers.

If higher qualifications are to be demanded for the country school teachers part of their training should be in the art of teaching. The county training school system, such as is in operation in Marathon and Dunn counties at present, is suggested as a means of giving this professional training. The state appropriation for teachers' institutes should be increased from \$12,000 a year to \$20,000.

Mr. Harvey refers to the bill introduced in the last Legislature abolishing the county superintendents of schools, and substituting a system of district superintendents to be appointed by the state superintendent. This bill was killed by the Legislature. Mr. Harvey takes the same position he did then in favor of the change, and says he had little hope for the passage of the bill, but desired to draw the attention of the public to the evils of the county superintendent system.

The report advocates that teachers' examination papers written under the supervision of the county superintendents shall be marked by some central authority removed from local and personal influences. Mr. Harvey recommends the establishment by the next Legislature of county schools of agriculture and domestic economy, under the same general plan as the already existing county training schools for teachers.

THINK HER INNOCENT.

Appleton Friends of Miss Amy Sesselberg Go to Her Assistance.

Appleton, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Miss Amy Sesselberg, accused in Chicago of stealing a diamond ring, was located Saturday night as having lived for some time, about a year ago, in the family of E. M. Stannard, while studying kindergarten work. She left here a year ago.

Friends in this city are confident of her innocence, and Mr. Stannard promises a suit for false imprisonment on her behalf if she is proven innocent.

J. J. Watson of Kaukauna, assistant division engineer of North-Western railway, went to Chicago and furnished bond for the girl.

Her examination will take place Wednesday. The young woman was kept all night in a cell at the Chicago police station. She is said to be in a terribly nervous condition.

SCHOETZ GETS VERDICT.

Millionaire Davis of Neenah Must Pay for Hitting the Ex-Mayor of Menasha.

Oshkosh, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—After being out about five hours, the jury in the case of former Mayor M. M. Schoetz of Menasha, against J. R. Davis, the millionaire manufacturer of Neenah, brought in a verdict of \$150 for plaintiff.

On September 1st, Davis and Schoetz became involved in a political discussion on an incursion car between Neenah and Menasha. Davis struck Schoetz over the head with a cane, and pinned him to the seat.

His examination will take place Wednesday. The young woman was kept all night in a cell at the Chicago police station. She is said to be in a terribly nervous condition.

WILL TRY SILK THIEVES.

Woman will be Taken to La Crosse to Answer Charges.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Mary Ann Sullivan, Mollie Morris and Annie Perry, the three Chicago women who are suspected of shoplifting in this city, some time ago, and who have been captured in St. Paul, thirty days for a minor offense, will be brought to the city tomorrow when their release in the two cities will have to answer the charge of the theft of much silk and other goods.

PEACEMAKER IS KILLED.

Oshkosh Man Murdered in Cold Blood on Montana Ranch.

TRIED TO SAVE FRIEND

Fred Galow Falls Victim to a Rancher's Fury While Attempting to Protect Employer.

Oshkosh, Wis., Dec. 28.—[Special.]—Alexander Galow of this city received a letter this morning from Glendive, Montana, telling of the murder of his brother, Fred Galow, on a ranch near Glendive, on December 15 last. The letter states that Galow was murdered in cold blood by a rancher named Tom Lewis, while trying to protect his employer, John Shavings, from the fury of Lewis, who was drunk and threatened violence to the ranch owner. Lewis jumped on a horse and rode away and no trace of him has as yet been found.

Fred Galow was a young man and left this city for the West a short time ago. He was employed on a Shavings' ranch near Glendive, which is in Dawson county, Montana. Lewis had had frequent quarrels with both Shavings and Galow.

On the morning of December 15 Lewis went to the ranch, after a night's debauch in the town, and challenged Shavings to a duel with Winchester. Shavings ordered Lewis off the ranch and walked toward him. Lewis drew a revolver to attack Shavings, when Galow stepped in between the men and asked Lewis to quit. At that Lewis fired and killed Galow.

Charges him with highway robbery.

CHARGES HIM WITH HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Warrant issued at Stevens Point for Arrest of an Alleged Burglar.

Stevens Point, Wis., Dec. 28.—[Special.]—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Anton Welland, charging him with highway robbery. Welland is in jail awaiting examination on a charge of burglary. The complaining witness in the highway robbery case is Bartholomew Popowski, the man who claims to have been knocked down with a club on the evening of November 13 and robbed of a little upwards of \$2000. The complaint alleges that on the night of the robbery Welland was in a saloon where Popowski was exhibiting his money. A little later the latter left the saloon and Popowski was robbed while on his way home.

ESTATE ENCUMBERED.

N. H. Brokaw, the Kaukauna Paper Manufacturer, was Not a Wealthy Man.

Appleton, Wis., Dec. 28.—[Special.]—It was announced yesterday that the estate of the late N. H. Brokaw, the Kaukauna paper manufacturer, is heavily encumbered and that in order to pay the obligations, the widow will utilize a portion of the \$85,000 life insurance which was left her. The estate was appraised at a little over \$200,000 and the obligations amount to \$150,000. It is stated that when the dividends are received that a sufficient amount will be realized to pay the obligations, which consist of notes, for which stock in several paper mills was put up for collateral. But until the dividends are paid, the widow will be in rather straitened circumstances, considering the amount of the estate.

The condition of the estate caused much surprise among papermill men in the Fox River valley. Mrs. Brokaw is negotiating for the purchase of a residence in Appleton and will make this city her future home.

EAU CLAIRE TAILORS ROBBED.

Snack Thieves Steal Fine Goods from Stores.

Eau Claire, Wis., Dec. 28.—[Special.]—August Schroeder reported to the police that snack thieves had carried off a bolt of cloth containing two suitings and valued at about \$21. John Brunner, a tailor, reported that one piece of suiting valued at \$10 and \$12 had been taken from him. At Horgan & Son's establishment, John Horgan, Sr., said that two men came into his store and carried off suitings. He grew suspicious and kept close watch on them and is positive they did not succeed in securing anything from his counters.

The descriptions of the men who visited these three tailoring establishments tally exactly. Schroeder says that one of the men engaged him in conversation at the rear of his store, while the other remained in front apparently casually looking over the patterns.

FIRE AT LAKE MILLS.

People Awakened Just in Time to Escape from Building.

CRANMOOR.

The holidays have come and gone, closing a century of warlike inventions, change and progress and launching us out upon the new with every prospect of greater achievements to come. That the new year may be a prosperous and happy one to the editors of the Tribune and its many readers is the wish of your correspondent and all Cranmoor friends.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bennett are spending the week at Sleepy Eye, Minn., in attendance at the wedding festivities of their niece, Miss Mabel Griffith. Miss Maud Griffith, a cousin of the bride, accompanied Mr. and Mrs. Bennett.

Mrs. Rice and brother of Flintville, Wis., spent several days Christmas week at the Whittlesy home. Miss Nason of Grand Rapids and Mr. Westcott of Winona were also guests at the same place.

Chas. Whittlesy left for Lindsey, Nasonville and Marshfield last Friday morning to spend part of his vacation with friends, and the balance of the time has been spent at the paternal home.

Miss Granger and brother of Grand Rapids, Fred Kruger and Jesse James of Babcock and Miss Lillie Warner were visitors several days of the Edward Kruger family.

The Fitch ladies were pleasant callers at the Whittlesy home during the stay of their out-of-town friends.

Our schools are enjoying the usual holiday vacation and will probably take up work again next week.

Mr. Arpin still spends some time at Cranmoor looking after his business interests at this point.

Miss Myrtle Brooks is visiting Miss Eva Bennett during the absence of Mr. and Mrs. Bennett.

Miss Ada Potter was a guest of Miss Harriet Whittlesy's some days the first of the week.

Miss Harriet Whittlesy and brother, Harry, were up-town visitors part of the week.

Miss Lillie Warner entertained Miss Ada Potter Monday and Tuesday of this week.

The Lester family enjoyed a visit from their nephew a few days last week.

Mrs. Gaynor is still kept at the bedside of her father in Rochester, Minn.

BIRON.

A good deal of excitement was caused here Tuesday night by the burning out of Mr. Alpine's chimney. One of the small boys seeing it and thinking the house was on fire began yelling fire and soon most of the people were out of their houses and seeing the mistake did not know whether to laugh at themselves or the boy.

Emile Johns resigned his position as backtender in the papermill and accepted a job on the new machine at Nekoosa. Ernest Schriber has taken his place here.

Emile Wessenberg resigned his position of cooking size and expects to go to Merrill to work in a mill with his brother Otto.

Miss Pearl Martin came down from Merrill Saturday last to spend New Year's with her friends. She returned Wednesday.

John Hoppus was on the sick list this week with a boil on his face which he had caught cold in.

Frank Stearns came from Denver, Col., to spend a few days with his brother Fred.

PORT EDWARDS.

Prof. G. S. Ford, who was principal of the Howe high school in your city three years ago, visited friends in Grand Rapids and Port Edwards this week. Mr. Ford now holds a scholarship in Columbia university.

E. C. Burrows, who has been employed here as millwright the past three years, departed for Alexandria, Ind., where he has accepted a similar position. His family will remain here until spring.

S. D. Brazeau, who has been spending his vacation with relatives here and at Grand Rapids, returned to his studies at Ann Arbor, Mich., Wednesday.

J. E. Brazeau accompanied his brother, Stephen, as far as Chicago, where he will spend a few days visiting in the windy city.

Miss Effie Jaspersen returned to her home at Neenah after enjoying a week's visit with her brother here.

Miss Retta Cleveland is spending her vacation with relatives and friends at Grand Rapids.

Mrs. Simonson of Tomah visited her sister, Mrs. Edward Brazeau, this week.

Mrs. Fred Mandinger visited at Grand Rapids one day this week.

Levi Leroux spent Christmas with friends at Oshkosh.

Mrs. Frank Noel was a Grand Rapids visitor Thursday.

GENERAL COUNTY.

Pittsville Pilot: Mrs. Catherine Smith died yesterday of general debility, aged 70, at the home of her son Lee Smith, who resides about three miles north of the city. She was also the mother of Mrs. F. Pittsburg. The body was taken to her old home in the south part of the state for interment. Her brother arrived here Tuesday after the funeral party had left.

Logging has commenced at Milladore in full blast. C. E. Smith, an extensive lumberman, has put in a camp of 20 men and calculates putting in about 2,000,000 feet of logs. Edward Lynch, another of our lumbermen, has also put in a camp and we understand figures on 1,000,000 feet.

Blown To Atoms.

The old idea that the body sometimes needs a powerful, drastic, purgative has been exploded by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are perfectly harmless, gently stimulate liver and bowels to expel poisons, matter, cleanse the system and absolutely cure constipation and sick headache. Only 25c at Johnson & Hill Co.'s, and John E. Daly's drug stores.

Council Proceedings.

Council No. 4, Jan. 2, 1901.

Council met pursuant to adjournment, Mayor Grogins presiding.

A. C. Grogins present. W. C. Lutz, Reilly, and Carlisle. Present, Reilly, Band, and Carlisle. Present, Reilly, Band, and Carlisle.

Minutes of previous adjournment and report of committee appointed to determine what the lot at the corner of the city hall could be purchased for, reported that the lot at the corner of the city hall could be purchased for \$1,000 and the two front lots at \$700 each, and that the front lot could be bought without buying the rear ones.

Report was on motion accepted and ordered filed.

The street light committee reported on the petition asking the placing of a lamp at the corner of Wyle and Madison streets, east side, recommending that the prayer of the petitioners be granted and that a lamp be placed at this point.

Above report was on motion adopted. The committee appointed to see about getting signs made and painted, naming the streets, reported, recommending that same be dispensed with until the confusion in the names of streets be remedied. Report accepted and committee discharged.

Notice of the application of the Princeton & Northwestern Railway company for the right, privilege and franchise to construct, maintain and operate a main line of railroad, together with certain necessary spurs, sidetracks, turn-outs, switches, wyes, etc., across the public streets or highways in the city of Grand Rapids, having been published as required by law and proof of such publication having been duly made and filed with the city clerk, and the committee appointed to investigate and report upon such application having reported recommending that such application be granted and the franchise as applied for be granted, it was moved and carried unanimously by call of the ayes and noes that the report of the committee be adopted and said franchise granted. (See ordinance in legal form.)

Moved and carried that the Twin City Electric Co.'s application for waterworks franchise be taken from the table and considered. Certain amendments were proposed and on motion unanimously carried by call of the ayes and noes. Said application for said franchise as so amended was granted. (See ordinance in legal form.)

Moved and carried that Mrs. Thos. Payne be rebated \$3.00 from her tax on account of error in personal property assessment.

The street committee reported on the bill of Will Mann of \$1.50 for flood work, recommending that same be allowed.

The committee to whom was referred the petition of the Princeton & Northwestern Ry. Co., asking the vacation of portions of certain streets in the city, was granted further time to report on same.

Moved and carried that the city engineer obtain and report the water flow from the north part of the city to Rademacher creek.

Under suspension of the rules the following bills were allowed:

Twin City Electric Co., Dec. bill, \$24.25
Fred Miller, fishing license, \$2.00
John Parish, water, \$1.00
Will Mann, flood labor, \$1.50

Moved and carried that mayor appoint a committee of three to report on city officers' salaries. Oberbeck, Parish and Boles were appointed as such committee.

Mrs. S. E. Vaughan made the city an offer for piece of acreage for water supply. Same was referred to the Electric Co.

Waterworks engineer made following report:

Expense of pumping station for month, \$132.35; water pumped, 2,141,447 gallons.

On motion council adjourned.

M. W. Mosher, City Clerk.

ORDINANCE NO. 68.

An ordinance granting to the Princeton & Northwestern Railway Company, a railroad corporation, the right, privilege and franchise to construct, maintain and operate railroad tracks across certain streets in the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

WHEREAS, the Princeton & Northwestern Railway company, a railroad corporation organized and existing under the laws of the state of Wisconsin, has applied to the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, for the right, privilege and franchise to construct, maintain and operate railroad tracks across certain streets in the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin; and

WHEREAS, the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, is desirous of granting to said company the right, privilege and franchise to construct, maintain and operate railroad tracks across certain streets in the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin; and

WHEREAS, said application was duly published according to law for two weeks previous to the time of the council meeting; and

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GRAND RAPIDS TRIBUNE.

DRUMB & SUTOR, Publishers.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, Saturday, Jan. 5, 1901.

VOL. XXVIII, NO. 35.

Furniture at Cost.

I have a larger line than ever before and am selling it at a very low figure, because

I AM OVERSTOCKED.

Your chance of securing bargains in the furniture line is better now than ever before.

Look over my Stock

M. A. BOGGER,

Furniture and Undertaking.

ONE MORE CHANGE

For you to get all kinds of

WINTER GOODS

Right down to the bottom notch. We don't want to pack up any of our goods that have been on display and in order to avoid it we will give you bargains on what is left.

Don't Miss These Bargains.

MRS. J. HAMM'S

Telephone 68. Front St., East Side.

GRAND RAPIDS, WISCONSIN.

OUR GREETING.

The most important event we have to tell you of the year gone is the increased trade you have given us. Constantly increasing our stock and aiming to keep good goods we believe that our customers appreciate our ability to give them the worth of their money. Our additions to the line of hardware this year will be in House Furnishing Goods, of which we will carry a nice assortment. Our goods will always be the best and our prices the lowest. We extend the cheerfulness of a greeting to our friends for the New Year and assure them that we will continue to do business on the old substantial grounds of "Good Goods and One Price."

With Best Wishes,

Yours Very Truly,

CENTRALIA HDW. CO.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING.

City Council Grants both Waterworks and Railroad Franchise.

At the meeting of the city council on Wednesday evening two important matters were disposed of, they being the franchises to both the waterworks and railroad companies.

While not so generally recognized, the more important matter is the establishment of a waterworks system in the city. The present system might do all right if it were not possible to do any better, but with the natural resources with which the city is gifted it is not any wonder that the people demand something better.

The franchise was granted the railroad company without a dissenting vote. A copy of both the ordinances is published elsewhere in this paper, and as they explain minutely all the privileges granted both the electric light and railroad companies it will not be necessary to go into details here.

The plan of the electric light company is to put in a pumping plant on the east side and operate it by electricity from the plant on the west side.

For a Gymnasium.

At the banquet at the Witter House last Friday evening there were thirty young men present. These young men had responded to an invitation to meet and eat, and during and after the eating another matter, that of establishing and maintaining a gymnasium in this city was discussed.

That an interest was taken in the matter was evident from the number that responded to the invitation and the enthusiastic speeches that were made by those present.

The proposition is to establish a gymnasium with all the modern conveniences of an institution of this sort, and the present indications are that the thing can be done if the proper interest is taken in the matter. The building and fitting would probably cost in the neighborhood of \$5,000 or \$6,000, and when finished would be another added to the list of solid, substantial public buildings the city already has.

The "Twentieth Century Place," the name by which the new reading and club room is to be known, was also discussed and its advantages and object set forth, and these present promised the enterprise their hearty support. The rooms are now undergoing a process of cleaning and painting and it is hoped that by strenuous efforts it will be possible to get the place so far advanced that the opening can be held next week. The opening will be a "grand" one and an effort will be made by the projectors to have it so attractive that there will be an incentive to all to attend.

St. John's Episcopal Church.

The Reverend Leopold Kroli who has taken up the work at the St. John's church, desires to make the following notices: Services on Sunday, January 6th, will be: celebration of the Holy Eucharist, 7:30 a. m.; Choral Morning Prayer, 10:30 a. m.; and Evensong at 5:00 p. m. Sunday School sessions will be begun on Sunday, January 13th, at 9:30 a. m. The Vicar will take personal supervision of the instruction and at the close of each session give a ten minute talk to the children. All those actively connected or interested in the work of the St. John's church will confer a special favor upon the Vicar by being present at the morning service, 10:30 a. m. He desires to make a personal address in regard to his plans for the future and also to meet all the members of the congregation.

Society and Club Notices.

The Woman's Historical and Literary society will meet next Monday evening with Mrs. John Daly.

The Ladies' Aid society of the Catholic church will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. W. H. Carey.

The M. W. K. club will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. T. A. Taylor.

The Ladies' Aid society of the M. E. church of the west side will meet on Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Chas. Kellogg.

St. Katherine's Guild will meet next Friday afternoon, January 11th, with Mrs. Hoskinson.

The Travel class will meet on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 8th, with Mrs. O. T. Houghton. Work for next year will be voted upon.

The Ladies' Aid society of the German Moravian church will meet next Thursday with Mrs. Alfred Menier at her home on Front street on the east side. A large attendance is solicited.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Congregational church will meet next Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. G. M. Hill.

The Woman's club will meet with Miss Helen Kromer on Wednesday, January, 7th.

Ladies' Foreign Missionary society of the Congregational church will meet on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 8th, with Mrs. Geo. R. Cardner.

Installed Officers.

The Mystic Workers of the World installed their officers in their hall in the Natwick building Thursday evening, January 3rd. O. J. Leu and A. D. Hill acted as installing officers, after which the lodge adjourned to W. H. Barnes' where they partook of an oyster supper. Officers: W. M., J. B. Bridge; V. M., A. E. Mickelson; Sec., O. M. Saylor; banker, E. Stillwell; conductor, Fred Alexander; sentinel, George McCrossen; picket, John Hamner; manager, Fred Nelson.

Pulp Mill to Run.

The property known as the Pioneer Wood Pulp company has again passed into the hands of Geo. E. Hoskinson, the deal between that gentleman and Messrs. Witter and Johnson having been closed on Saturday of last week. The terms of the sale are private, but when the new dam is constructed Mr. Hoskinson will have five hundred horse power from the water power company.

If at any time the presence of the mill should be a detriment to the conducting of the new dam, it is a part of the agreement that the plant will be torn down and removed upon the owner receiving thirty days notice. It is possible, however, that the plant will remain where it is and after the new power is established run it by electricity, as it will be cheaper to convey power across the river than to move the plant, especially as ground is scarce on the west side for concerns of this sort.

It is a good thing that the mill will continue in operation, as every enterprise of this sort contributes its share toward the building up and maintenance of the city.

Handsomely Rewarded.

The following from the St. Louis Republic about one of our former citizens is of interest.

J. G. Love, commercial agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, was presented yesterday by his St. Louis friends with a handsome gold watch and chain. H. L. McFarland, commercial agent of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas, made the presentation speech, to which Mr. Love made a happy response. The occasion of the presentation was Mr. Love's transfer to Sioux City, Ia. He will be succeeded here by C. L. Waller, who was traveling passenger agent at Milwaukee.

Entertained at Whist.

On Monday evening Otto Roenius entertained a party of young friends at his home on the east side and those who attended report a most enjoyable evening. Whist was the feature of the evening and there were fourteen tables. The first prizes were awarded to Charles Podawiltz and Miss Bessie Gaynor and the other two were captured by Miss Emma Howlett and Clyde Renne.

Among those present from abroad were, Miss Olive Proell of Manitowoc, Misses May and Emily Howlett of Green Bay, Frank Compton of New York, Ed Morse of Lancaster and G. E. Morehouse of Madison.

Down in Alabama.

In a former resident of this city, who is now located at Fruitdale, Alabama, that gentleman concludes:

"In this land of sunshine and roses one can hardly realize that the Christmas season is with us. The new century was ushered in with a thunder shower, which we much prefer to a northern blizzard."

In less than two months our little northern colony will be a bower of peach blossoms. There being about 200,000 trees large enough to fruit.

Trusting that you are not ice-bound. I remain, yours truly,

L. H. READ.

Musical Service.

Program of musical service at the First Congregational church on Sunday evening, Jan. 6:

Piano Voluntary Miss Philico. Selected

Hymn 157.

Antiphon—It Came upon the Midnight Clear. Sullivan

The Choir.

Prayer.

Baritone Solo—Night of Nights. R. Van de Water

Mr. T. A. Taylor.

Reading.

Piano Solo—Wachtlied (Watchman's Song) from Jacob. Greig

Antiphon—Hail the Glad Tidings. Wagner

The Choir.

Address—The Secret of Happiness.

Rev. B. J. H. Shaw.

Soprano Solo—Dost Thou Know that Sinner Land? Mignon

Miss Reeves.

Hymn 158.

Benediction.

Will Serve Supper.

Wood County Post G. A. R. will serve supper at their hall Wednesday evening, January 9th, from five o'clock on, at 50c a couple. After supper public installation of Post officers. All church and civic societies and the public generally are cordially invited. The Post will attend church at the Congregational, Sunday, January 6th, 1901. By committee.

M. S. PRATT, Chairman.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were granted during the past week: Ella Nelson, Marshfield, to Louis Legree of Stevens Point.

Johan Franzen to Matilda Vonden-thevel, both of Rudolph.

Carl Wager of Rudolph to Mary Getsinger of Seneca.

Births and Deaths.

During the past year there has been registered with the register of deeds in this county 150 deaths and 360 births. It is barely possible that these figures fall short of the actual occurrences, but they are near enough to give some idea what a healthy and growing community our county is.

A Lucky Guess.

The turkey that was put up by N. Reiland for the best guesser, was won by Charles Steinbrook, who guessed that there were 330 seeds in the pumpkin, and he missed it just one, there being 331. There were over seven hundred guesses in and they ranged all the way from 60 to 1,100.

TO CURB THE WISCONSIN.

People at Portage to Ask Aid From the Government.

The people of Portage intend to petition congress to make an appropriation in the near future for the purpose of constructing and reinforcing the dykes and levees along the Wisconsin river near that city.

Twice during the past year the water has risen to a point that not only greatly damaged property at the point mentioned but also threatened to wash out the dykes and destroy the canal by the water flowing from the Wisconsin to the Fox river instead of continuing in its course, which must have caused an incalculable amount of damage, besides permanently changing the course of the Wisconsin river.

Some idea of the manner in which the matter is viewed there may be gathered from the conclusion of the memorial which runs as follows:

"If a break should occur in the canal at its exposed point at the Wisconsin river lock during a flood, two of which we have experienced during the past year, the great rushing flood of the Wisconsin river would be diverted from its course toward the gulf of Mexico and would seek the more natural channel of the Fox to Green Bay as certainly as water runs down hill. For while there is a fall of about 3 feet to a mile in the Wisconsin river at this point, there would be a fall of from 10 to 12 feet in the Fox in a distance of three-fourths of a mile. That every feature of the canal except an enlarged channel would be swept away as chaff before a whirlwind in a few hours, carrying in its train a like result to government property on the Fox to Lake Winnebago, involving not the loss of thousands but of millions of dollars to the inhabitants, seems to us a moral certainty."

Whether the Fox would not thereafter be the sole outlet for the Wisconsin river can best be determined by matters than your memorialists. That they would take that course during the flood time we think we may safely assert. What would happen after the subsidence of the flood we will not conjecture."

A Valuable Girl.

One of our local ministers of the gospel told us of a case that came under his personal notice that about equals any of the stories published under the head of funny stuff.

This particular preacher had just finished the marriage ceremony for a loving young couple and the man, who was evidently new at the business, asked the minister what the damages were.

Now, anybody with any delicacy of feeling must readily realize that this cannot be otherwise than an embarrassing question to a minister, so this particular preacher, who possesses considerable tact, in order to relieve the blushing bride from the strain that must of necessity accompany such a question, laughingly replied that if the young man would give him one-third of what he considered the girl was worth he would be perfectly satisfied.

The young man never smiled, but took a thoughtful look at the bride, made a careful mental calculation and then reaching slowly into his pocket pulled out a handful of silver and carefully counting out three dollars handed them to the preacher without a word of comment, while the nine dollar young lady stood by in blushing silence watching the transaction.

Tour of Puerto Rico.

The American Tourist Association announces two tours of the beautiful island of Puerto Rico under escort, through and around the island by rail, carriage, automobile and boat.

Special Pullman cars leave Chicago Thursday, January 17, and Thursday, February 14, at 9:30 a. m., connecting with the splendid new steamships Ponce and San Juan sailing from New York the second day following. Individual tickets sold for other sailing dates, alternate Saturdays.

Tickets include all expenses everywhere. All railway, steamer and sleeping-car fares, meals and berths on steamers, meals on dining car, hotel bills in New York and Puerto Rico, all transfers, carriage rides in cities and through the island, guides and interpreters are included in the tickets. There are no extras.

Tours are under the direction of Reau Campbell, General Manager, A. T. A., 1423 Marquette Building, Chicago.

Itineraries, Maps and Tickets can be had on application to the agents of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y.

School Board Meets.

At the meeting of the school commissioners on Thursday evening the resignations of Miss Rich and Driscoll teachers in the public schools, were accepted. Miss Kate Adams, who comes highly recommended, has been secured to fill the position vacated by Miss Rich, but the commissioners have not filled the other position as yet. There will be another meeting next week.

It Girdles The Globe.

The fame of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, as the best in the world, extends round the earth. It's the one perfect healer of cuts, corns, burns, bruises, sores, scalds, boils, ulcers, felons, aches, pains and all skin eruptions. Only infallible pile cure. 25c a box at Johnson & Hill Co., and John E. Daly.

—Dr. Chas. Pomainville, Dentist, Office over J. A. Cohen's store, Grand Rapids, Wis.

Jewelry and Silverware

A most attractive assortment now on exhibition. It will pay you to inspect and get prices before purchasing elsewhere. This store has a well earned reputation for honorable dealing and you are certain of always getting your money's worth. All kinds of repairing neatly and promptly done. All work guaranteed.

W. G. SCOTT,
WEST SIDE.

KAURIN'S STUDIO

Will hereafter be
OPEN SUNDAYS

And you can at all times find the proprietor there ready to furnish his customers with all the latest novelties in the line of photographs. Enlargements, Bromides, all kinds of Photo Buttons, Ovals, Mantel-pieces, etc., in every conceivable size and shape.

O. KAURIN,
The West Side Photographer.

Proper Picture Frames

If all frames were alike it would not matter where you had them made. There is as much difference as there is in the people that order them. Our frames are not only low in price but they are artistic in make-up and give proper effect to the picture. It wouldn't be a bad idea to give us a chance to show you how "different" ours are from the other fellows.

J. W. NATWICK,
The Furniture Man.

Reduced Prices

—ON—

FOOTWEAR

Before Invoicing.

In order to reduce my stock before invoicing I shall offer the following low prices on Shoes from now until Jan. 15. We have hundreds of pairs to select from in broken lots.

\$4.00 Shoes at.	\$3.48
\$3.00 "	\$2.48
\$2.25 "	\$1.98
\$1.75 "	\$1.48
\$3.50 "	\$2.98
\$2.50 "	\$2.22
\$2.00 "	\$1.68
\$1.50 "	\$1.32

This includes both Men's and Ladies. This is a rare chance for bargains in seasonable footwear.

MUIR The Shoe Man.

Twixt Life and Death

BY
FRANK BARRETT

CHAPTER XXX.—(Continued.)

Certainly the window curtain did bulge out, taking the form of a man's shoulder; he rose sharply, resolved by a movement to dispel her fears if this were the cause.

With a scream of terror she sprang up, and throwing herself before him clutched his hand, while she turned her bosom toward the man with the knife whom she knew well had taken refuge behind the curtain.

The peril was real enough, as Swegn saw the next instant when the curtain was swept back and Anderson sprang out with the dissecting knife in his restless hand.

With the swift, decisive judgment of a man trained to meet sudden emergencies, Swegn measured the danger and his own resources. Passing his left arm quickly round Nessa and she stood between him and the knife, he swung her to his side, and taking one stride forward, with his right hand seized Anderson's arm as he raised it to strike; then with his disengaged left he grasped the man by the throat, thrust him back, and pinned him, choking, against the wall. It was done in an instant.

For a few seconds Anderson writhed and struggled furiously to free himself from the iron grip, and then exhausted by the effort, purple in the face under the garrote, he let the knife fall from his nerveless fingers. Nessa dashed forward, and flung it to the further end of the room; but the danger was past. As Swegn relaxed his left hand, Anderson dropped to the ground like a lump of clay. Kneeling beside him, Swegn glanced anxiously at Nessa.

"What shall I do?" she gasped.

"Fetch me the long bath towel. There's a brave woman," he added, as she brought it quickly to him. "I might have known that you wouldn't give in while your help was needed. You see, there's no danger now; the poor wretch is as feeble as a child. Double the towel; now lay it crosswise under his shoulders—a little lower—so. We must fasten his arms down for the present, in case of another outbreak. Are you there, Johnson?" he asked, catching the sound of a subdued cough in the passage.

"Xussir; I thought I heard a noise, sir."

"Quite right. You did. Come here and help me."

"You've got one of the thieves there," said Johnson, in astonishment.

"You mustn't say that of a patient. Now then, lift him up on his feet. Have you been in the profession, Johnson, ever since you wore buttons, and not learned the symptoms of this poor fellow's disease? There, now; help him into the spare room and stay with him till I come."

He talked in this strain with a specific object—making light of the affair to give Nessa confidence until his hands were free to minister to her wants. All the time he was occupied with Anderson he kept a keen eye on her, aware that her strength would give out as the excitement abated. He saw her totter to the dressing table and rest her hands upon it for support; she was swaying to and fro with closed eyes as he turned from Anderson.

"Now it's your turn, my brave little wife," he said, and taking her in his arms he again carried her to the bed and laid her down. She opened her eyes and smiled at him faintly, but with ineffable love, from her pillow, and then covered her face with her hands. From head to foot she trembled violently. Swegn piled on the blankets, and put hot water to her feet; but for an hour nothing availed to subdue the convulsive quivering of her frame.

CHAPTER XXXI.

Swegn was seated at the breakfast table on the following morning when Nessa came down in her dressing gown, her hair simply gathered in a knot. He detected something unusual in her manner the moment she entered the room—a certain nervous rapidity of movement, a wavering look in the eyes, ordinarily so steadfast and calm in their regard.

"I hoped you would sleep for another hour," he said as they met.

"I am ashamed to be so late. And now I have hurried down like this because I felt so anxious to tell you what—that I did not tell you last night."

"Oh, about that poor fellow upstairs. I went in to see him just now. He hasn't woke yet, happily. Well, we can talk about him over a cup of tea—"

One day he came to her with delight in his eyes.

"I have good news for you, dear," he said. "Dr. Channing has been here, and we have had a long consultation over your brother. He agrees with me entirely that the primary cause of insanity in this case is accident, and that the disease has grown to its present terrible proportions through neglect. If not wrong treatment, your brother has not the appearance of an hereditary mania; the symptoms all indicate a merely temporary derangement. I think we may confidently hope that your brother may be cured."

"I am glad of that," Nessa said, gravely, without raising her head.

"I have asked Channing to bring Dr. Hewer. He, you know, is the greatest living authority upon mental disease. If he is of your opinion, that your brother may be restored to reason, all your distress will be at an end, my poor darling."

She made no reply. She could not even pretend to feel relieved.

She would have had still less cause for relief if Swegn had told her all that passed between him and Dr. Channing.

"We shall have to find out how long this has been coming on," Dr. Channing had said.

"I don't see how we're to do that," Swegn replied. "My wife can give no account of him before a quite recent period, and in her present dangerously nervous condition I fear to press her for any explanation."

"Who has been his keeper?"

"I wish I knew. He's responsible for a deal. I think his name must be Hexham, or something like that; it is the only name my brother-in-law seems to remember, and he always speaks of him with fear."

"Hexham, Hexham," repeated Dr. Channing, reflectively, as he felt in his pocket for his notebook. "Why, that reminds me that a man with a name like that has been inquiring at Bartholomew's whether a man of unsound mind has been brought in there. I made a note of it at his request. I'll hunt him up."

A few days after that Dr. Channing brought the great specialist, and they held an exhaustive consultation over Anderson. When they had come to a definite conclusion, Swegn sought his wife.

"You have to decide a very grave question, love," he said. "Our opinion is unanimous that your brother's reason may be restored. A tumor, probably the result of a blow, has formed under the cap of the skull. Dr. Hewer has determined its exact position. It presses upon the organ of memory, and is the cause of all the terrible manifestations we have observed. If the tumor is allowed to remain, your brother must grow worse, and his sufferings be indefinitely prolonged."

"It is horrible to think what those sufferings may lead to before death ends them. You are his nearest relative, and it is for you to decide whether or not the operation is to be performed."

"If I refuse, he will never know me," Nessa said to herself. "If I agree to it, he will claim me as his wife."

"Shall I say that you will give your decision to-morrow?" he asked.

"No; I will give it now. The operation shall be made."

And as Swegn left the room with this sanction she said to herself:

"There is no escape."

The operation was performed with complete success. Anderson awoke as if from a horrible nightmare. The relief from pain was instantaneous; memory slowly returned.

One afternoon Swegn came to Nessa and said:

"He remembers his sister. He has asked to see you. Come."

CHAPTER XXXII.

James Redmond was at Graume Towers, occupied in the prudent pursuit of making hay while the sun shone. As soon as it was discovered that Mrs. Redmond had failed to kill Nessa in the arena he saw the folly of relying on further hopes in that direction. Destitution, and the fear that Nessa would find friends before long to protect her interests, prompted him to return to the towers, with a view to getting what he could from the estate before the hour came when he must bolt to escape arrest and punishment for his wrong-doing.

"It's a slave life," he said to himself; "but what's the odds? It's only for a time. When I do see the money for that timber I'll make up for all this drudgery and privation."

One afternoon, having worried two pounds on account of a weak-minded wheelwright in Lullingford, with the purchases for the week in his cart, he jogged home to the Towers. When he reached the open space before the house, he found two visitors waiting for him—both seated on the low parapet of the terrace by the gate. One was his wife; the other a man he had not the pleasure of knowing.

"What have you come here for?" he asked, drawing up at the gateway.

"We know a trick worth two of that—don't we, Cummings?"

Thus addressed, Cummings rose from the parapet, and coming forward, said:

"We've come here for business, and back answers won't get us on to a pleasant understanding. If the governor will listen to reason, I'm agreeable to explain my views on the subject, and come to terms with him; if he won't, I shall do the best I can on the other side. But we don't want any bullying, you understand," he added, with a significant nod.

"What have you got to do with my affairs?" asked Redmond.

"What have I got to do with it?" exclaimed Cummings, losing his temper at once—he and his partner were both irritable and touchy with their long walk—well, I think I've had a pretty good lot to do with it, one way and another. I've lost the best situation a man could wish for; I've risked my neck twice, spent all my savings, parted with my last shilling to bring your missis down here—without which she'd never have come! I've done five miles of a dusty road, sat flogging my heels here waiting for you over an hour, and got a back answer the moment I spoke a civil word; if that ain't enough to do in your interests I should like to know what you would have."

"Who asked you to do anything?"

"That's neither here nor there," chimed in Mrs. Redmond. "We've each of us had a turn at the affair, and we're going to stand in equal for anything that's to be got out of it."

"Oh, I know what you've been at. Nichols has told me. You've bungled the business all round. You've wasted your chances, and you've lost your money, and you expect me to repay you. You've come down here as a last resource, in fact."

Both Mrs. Redmond and her partner agreed with a ready nod to this last statement of the case.

"And you want a share in whatever I've got—is that it?"

They acquiesced again with perfect unanimity.

"Wait a bit," said Redmond, jerking the reins, and giving the pony cart a cut with his broken whip.

As he disappeared with the pony and cart through the gateway, Mrs. Redmond and Cummings, exchanging a glance of intelligence, descended the terrace steps sharply, and followed through the gateway. They suspected some treacherous maneuver on the part of Redmond, but he had gone simply to put up the pony in the court. They helped to carry the goods into the house when Redmond unlocked the door in the cart-house.

"There," said Redmond, when they reached his filthy room, "that is all I have to share."

"Well, we'll begin on the victuals," said Mrs. Redmond.

Redmond could not prevent that; he sat with his hands in his pockets, glaring at them in sullen silence as they ate with greedy voracity.

"Now, then," said Cummings, "let's come to business. We've agreed to go shares. Now, Mr. Redmond, what's the assets?"

"I've got nothing in the world but what you see in this room," said Redmond.

"Flumbug!" said Cummings.

"Rot!" said Mrs. Redmond.

(To be continued.)

Wonders of the Iceberg.

All the architecture of the world is represented in nature's iceberg designs. Sometimes a little berg will have the appearance of an Arab's white tent as it rides on a desert-looking sea; another, its sharp outlines softened in the vaporous atmosphere, will appear like a domed mosque in green marble. A cluster of Chinese pagodas comes drifting slowly down the current, followed by a stately gothic cathedral, early style. Then comes a coliseum and beyond a huge man-of-war floats down the current, its stem submerged, with foam grandly breaking over it, the stern seventy-five feet aloft.

For every cubic foot of ice above water there are seven cubic feet below. When a large berg is seen it is, therefore, quite impossible to realize its full size; the mind can hardly conceive that an object which has all the appearance of actually riding on the surface should in reality only be raising one-eighth of its bulk above the water.

Even those who have studied icebergs at close quarters find it impossible to conceive their colossal bulk. A berg that stranded in Melville Bay, for instance, weighed 2,000,000,000 tons! It was aground in water half a mile deep. Another berg was found to measure two and a half miles in length and two miles in breadth—Pearson's Monthly.

Too Severe a Test.

An eccentric clergyman in Cornwall was much annoyed by the habit which some members of his congregation had of looking round to see late comers. After enduring it for some time he said, on entering the reading-desk one day:

"Brethren, I regret to see that your attention is called away from your religious duties by your very natural desire to see who comes in behind you. I propose henceforth to save you the trouble by naming each person who comes in late."

He then began: "Dearly beloved," but paused half-way to interpolate, "Mr. S. with his wife and daughter."

Mr. S. looked greatly surprised, but the minister, with perfect gravity, resumed. Presently he again paused: "Mr. C and William D."

The abashed congregation kept their eyes fixed on their books. The service proceeded in the most orderly manner, the parson interrupting himself every now and then to announce some late comer. At last he said, still with the same perfect gravity:

"Mrs. S. in a new bonnet!"

In a moment every feminine head in the congregation was turned.

Iron in Clay.

Most kinds of clay contain a considerable proportion of iron: the red color of bricks, for example, is due to the presence of oxides of iron.

Sand registered the hours in the Middle Ages. For this purpose black marble dust, boiled nine times in wine, was a favorite recipe with learned monks.

GEN. ALGER SCORES MILES

Commander of the Army Handled Without Gloves.

CANNED-BEEF SCANDAL

The General's Charges Pronounced False and Unfounded—Injustice to Egan and Shafter.

New York, Dec. 29.—Gen. Russell A. Alger, President McKinley's first secretary of war, has been writing a book, which will soon be published, under the title, "The Spanish-American War." The twenty-second chapter of the book, in which the food of the army during the war is discussed, will be printed in the January number of the North American Review. This chapter is regarded by those who know something about Gen. Alger's work as one of the most interesting of the book. It is certainly the most spicy.

It deals principally with Gen. Miles' "embalmed beef" charges, and the commanding general of the army is handled without gloves.

Gen. Alger says: "Although the commission had been sitting nearly three months, the charges with respect to canned and refrigerated beef were now made for the first time, and, stranger and more inexcusable, and more unsolicited still, during all these months, with this pretended knowledge of facts which, if they existed, should have been made known to the secretary of war, for the protection of the army, Gen. Miles mentioned the subject. Nor did I ever hear of the rumor of chemically-treated beef being purchased for the army until the general's testimony was given before the commission."

—Gen. Miles Criticized.

Gen. Alger gives an extract from Gen. Miles' testimony before the commission, in the course of which the "embalmed beef" charges were made by Miles. But Gen. Miles, "in contest" with these grave and scandalous charges, says Gen. Alger, "permitted himself to be viewed on the following day in Cincinnati, O., when he made mere charges. When he appeared before the court of inquiry he was unable to repudiate that which he had said under oath."

Gen. Alger says that Miles' allegations were indeed serious, involving as they did criminal incompetency on the part of the commissary department, if not willful negligence and dishonesty.

"As soon as I learned of Gen. Egan's statement before the commission," Gen. Alger says, "I sent for him. I informed him of my surprise and mortification at his conduct. 'Why did you not permit your friends to read your testimony?' Why did you not show it to me and thereby have prevented the disgrace that is now sure to come upon you and the army? I continued, 'to make out of such unbridled language at a time and under circumstances which will assuredly result in associating the President's name and my own with such a disgraceful episode.'"

Gen. Alger says that Gen. Egan's court-martial was not the outcome of Gen. Miles' charges, and that the confusion of Egan "stripped the service of an honest and capable officer," whose functions of office were taken from him because of "intemperate and unilitary language, conceived in an indignation pardonable, perhaps, in its origin, but unpardonable in its mode of expression."

Miles' Conduct Blameless.

After quoting army orders issued in 1878 and in 1882 to prove that canned fresh beef has long been a part of the travel rations of the army, Gen. Alger says:

"The allegations of Gen. Miles were not only contrary to fact, but were made absolutely without basis of evidence or excuse. If Gen. Miles really believed his serious charges, his conduct is all the more blameless, in that he apparently made no effort to assure himself of their truthfulness nor to report them to the secretary of war before publicly uttering them."

Continuing, Gen. Alger says:

"After the charges made by Gen. Miles, the most expert and scientific men in the country were employed by the government to further the investigation—such as chemists, bacteriologists, and others. Children of Yale and of Prof. W. O. Atwater of Wesleyan university, as well as Dr. W. D. Bigelow, a chemist in the bureau of animal industry in the department of agriculture."

Experts Disproved Statements.

"The court of inquiry visited several of the large packing houses, accompanied by Dr. Bigelow. The results of personal examinations and of the investigations of the experts employed conclusively showed that there was not one particle of evidence or excuse for the statement that canned fresh beef was the pulp after the beef extract had been removed. The imputations with respect to canned fresh beef were most carefully and thoroughly examined and reported upon by two impartial tribunals. What did these tribunals find? That there was no foundation for the charge that canned fresh beef was not a part of the ration, or that it had been furnished on the pretense of experiment, or that it was the pulp from beef."

"Gen. Miles' charges with respect to refrigerated beef were much more serious than his imputations regarding canned beef. His charges in this respect were that the beef furnished the army had been artificially preserved by injecting into it chemicals which were injurious to health; that he had overwhelming proof that this 'embalmed beef' had been treated with chemicals. It is significant to observe that the war investigation commission says: 'Of the witnesses examined by this commission, Gen. Miles and Dr. Daly are the only ones who make this charge of chemically-treated beef.' As nothing as this statement may seem, Gen. Miles did not dare his allegations upon personal observation, or admit any proof in support of them. His charges and scandalous accusations appear to have been based entirely upon the verbal statements of Dr. W. H. Daly, a volunteer major and surgeon upon his staff during the war with Spain, and upon a single letter subsequently sent him by this volunteer."

Injustice to Egan and Shafter.

In conclusion ex-secretary Alger says: "While the allegations of Gen. Miles were not based upon fact, and were conclusively disproved by two separate tribunals, unimpeachable in their composition and method of investigation, the irreparable damage had been done. A brave, honest, and faithful officer, suffering under the lash of such cruel, unwarranted, and unjustified imputations, while exonerated from the heavy odium of those charges, was, as a result of them, sacrificed on the altar of his own passion. Besides this, a false impression had been created throughout the country as to the food furnished the army, which may never be removed."

The charges of Gen. Miles, twice proven false in spirit and substance, are therefore the more heinous in their effect. Yet the present Congress promoted Gen. Miles to lieutenant general and has thus far failed to give to Gen. Shafter the

rank of major general to retire upon in his old age, and this, after his magnificent campaign at Santiago, as well as his former distinguished services."

MRS. PHOEBE HEARST CHANGES HER FAITH.

Widow of the California Millionaire Said to Have Joined Christian Scientists.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 29.—Episcopalian circles in this city are much concerned over the persistent rumors that Mrs. Phoebe A. Hearst, the widow of the California millionaire, has renounced her communion with that faith. These rumors seem well founded. Mrs. Hearst since coming to Washington a few days ago, has refused to affirm her

affiliation with the Episcopalians, and in fact has tacitly denied such a connection. Those who are close to her say that, like many others, she has become interested in Christian Science, and incidentally in theosophy and kindred creeds.

It is known that Mrs. Hearst has given a generous amount of money for the founding of a temple of Christian Science in this city, and that she has subscribed sums for the erection of temples in other cities. When questioned on the subject Mrs. Hearst would not commit herself to any definite statement, but she did not deny her alleged renunciation of the Episcopalian faith.

Mrs. Hearst has been a beautiful giver to religious as well as to educational institutions. A magnificent training school for girls, which bears her name, has recently been opened on Woodley Lane near Washington, and is the first building of what will be the Episcopalian cathedral foundation.

At the time the woman made her appearance the bar was crowded with prominent people of the city, and a number of commercial travelers. These could readily enough have prevented the damage, but as soon as Mrs. Nation began to do her work, they all ran from her as fast as they possibly could, while the bartender hid behind the counter. When all was over, the interior of that saloon looked as though it had been visited by an old-time Kansas cyclone.

She then called the police to arrest her, but she declined to accompany them to headquarters. She remained here until yesterday afternoon, when a warrant for her arrest was sworn out by the county attorney upon the complaint of Mahan Bros., the proprietors of the saloon. She is now confined in the county jail and will be tried upon the charge of malicious destruction of property.

Prayer Meeting in Jail.

She was visited in prison by the local officers of the W. C. T. U., and, after a prayer meeting, they entered into a consultation, at the close of which it was decided to request Gov. Stanley to defend her at the trial to-morrow. Mrs. Nation is practicing osteopathy, and is well known because of her radical work in W. C. T. U. circles. She said that from this city she will go to Leavenworth and Topeka and clean up the saloons there.

Says She is Determined.

"I am determined to rid this state of all the joints," she said, when interviewed. "What is the use of having a prohibition law in this state when even the officers have no regard for it. I succeeded in cleaning up the saloons in Topeka, and will not leave Wichita until I have done the same thing here. If the officers do not do their duty, the citizens have the right to do it for them. I am only doing this work as a representative of the W. C. T. U., and the president of the Barber county branch. I do not fear the law in this matter. My husband is not a lawyer for nothing. He has taught me how to proceed and my course is legal, and the local authorities know this."

"I stopped off at Wichita on purpose to destroy the fixtures in these saloons," said Mrs. Nation, "and would not have stopped in my work by simply destroying the bar at the Carey had not the officer interfered with me. I defy them to formally arrest me or to try me. I'll fight them out for the officials that they will be glad to let me alone."

INSANELY JEALOUS.

Vicomte De Bernouilly Shoots His Divorced Wife and Surrenders to the Police.

New York, Dec. 28.—A dispatch to the Herald from Nice says Vicomte Jules De Bernouilly shot and killed his divorced wife here last night. The shooting took place in the Rue de la Paix.

Mme. Bernouilly was not quite 24 years old. She had been divorced from her husband for sixteen months. Despite this rupture of their union the husband remained intensely jealous of his wife. He frequently upbraided her in the most violent fashion and kept a constant watch on her movements.

De Bernouilly is 23 years old. Directly he had committed the crime he went to the nearest police station and gave himself up.

FIRE ON SHIPBOARD.

Crew Fight the Flames for Two Days—Narrow Escape from Destruction.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 28.—According to advices from Sydney, N. S. W., the British ships Melville Island and Almorah which arrived recently at that port had narrow escapes from destruction with all on board. Fire broke out in the Melville Island on October 28 and for days the crew was kept busy fighting the flames.

Fire broke out on the Almorah August 9, but two days after the boat was caught in a heavy gale which sent seas on board and to this fact the captain says the crew owed its salvation for the fire was soon extinguished.

STRANGE STORY FROM TEXAS.

Widow Given a Drug at Night and Forced by Two Men to Sign Papers.

Dallas, Tex., Dec. 28.—The widow of the late county tax collector, Louis Jacob, lives in the old home at Aubrey with her two boys, aged 15 and 11 years. Last night Mrs. Jacob was awakened at midnight by two masked men, who commanded her to drink some kind of liquid. She obeyed. The men then drew forth several documents, together with a fountain pen, and threatened her that they desired her to affix her signature to the papers. Mrs. Jacob signed as ordered. Then she became unconscious and did not recover consciousness until 4 o'clock this morning. She related her story, and officers made a search for a clue which would lead to the apprehension of the guilty men. Louis Jacob, who died about a year ago, was possessed of considerable wealth.

WANTS MORE PAY.

Lecturer Churchill and Manager Pond Have a Falling Out.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 29.—A serious rupture has occurred between Winston Churchill and his manager, Maj. Pond of New York, which threatens to bring Churchill's lecture tour in the United States to an abrupt conclusion. Churchill claims that he is overworked, but Maj. Pond says he has gone on strike for more pay. Churchill is still in Ottawa. He was to have lectured in Brantford last night, but did not go.

WOMAN WRECKSA SALOON

Mrs. Carrie Nation Begins Crusade in Wichita.

BAR FIXTURES RUINED.

Large Plate-Glass Mirror and Picture of Cleopatra Entering Her Bath Are Completely Wrecked.

Wichita, Kan., Dec. 28.—After making the rounds of the saloons of Wichita and warning the proprietors that the places would be raided if found open, Mrs. Carrie Nation, wife of a prominent lawyer of Medicine Lodge and president of the Barber County Woman's Christian Temperance union, raided the saloon attached to the fashionable Carey hotel and destroyed property to the value of at least \$5000. She entered the place with an armful of stones and remarked: "I desire to make a noise and have come to the place where the noise will be the loudest."

Then, before she could be prevented from doing so, she began throwing stones in every direction, and with an iron rod smashed the bottles of whisky and other liquors and all the glass about the place. Smashes Everything in Sight.

A large French plate-glass mirror, 12x8 feet and valued at \$1200, was smashed to small fragments. A life-size painting representing Cleopatra entering her bath and for which the proprietor two weeks ago refused \$1200, is also a total wreck. A partition constructed of painted art glass has a few pieces remaining to tell of its former beauty. Another life-size painting was located in an ante-room, but now only a part of the frame remains.

In addition to the above-mentioned articles several smaller paintings of different values and about \$300 worth of genuine cut glass and \$300 worth of bottled liquors were destroyed.

Crowd of Patrons Flee.

At the time the woman made her appearance the bar was crowded with prominent people of the city, and a number of commercial travelers. These could readily enough have prevented the damage, but as soon as Mrs. Nation began to do her work, they all ran from her as fast as they possibly could, while the bartender hid behind the counter. When all was over, the interior of that saloon looked as though it had been visited by an old-time Kansas cyclone.

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Grand Rapids Tribune

BY DRUMB & SUTOR.

Entered at the Post Office at Grand Rapids, Wis., as second-class mail matter.

A Democratic Newspaper published on Saturday of each week, at Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
One Year.....\$1.50
Six Months.....75

Grand Rapids, Wis., Jan. 5, 1901.

AFTER OFFICE HOLDERS.

There will be one reformer in Madison this winter. O. W. Mosher of New Richmond, a senator-elect, is his name and if he carries out his intentions there'll be some fun in the capitol city during the coming session of the legislature. His home newspaper, The Republican-Voice, says of his plans:

"Mr. Mosher is going to take his lead pencil down to Madison again this winter, and he is going to make some of the department heads show him. This glorious state government of ours is costing the taxpayers of Wisconsin a great deal of money. Much of this is being expended unnecessarily, it would seem, and it is high time to cut a halt."

"Mr. Mosher directs his attention to the department of state in an interview today, and in this connection he suggests that there is extravagance in other departments. The superintendent of public property had on his regular pay roll in 1898 (the last report obtainable) nineteen janitors at a salary of \$744—which is something scandalous when the amount of work they actually perform is considered; nine policemen and two night watchmen, which is over half the force required to police the entire city of La Crosse, night and day; sixteen laborers; and a foreman of the labor force; three painters; three carpenters; two gas fitters and plumbers; a carpenter at a salary of \$744 per annum—what do you suppose the carpenter can be doing most of the year but leaning on his shovel? And then on the extra list there are forty-six names under the heads of 'laborer' or 'labor' (the distinction is not defined) receiving from \$660 (four received that) down to 50 cents, which is all that L. Starkweather was able to work the department for on that graft."

"Well, Mr. Mosher is going to see if something cannot be done to stop all this, and in his endeavors along this line he will have the support of all good citizens. Mr. Mosher will take a pruning knife to Madison along with his pencil. He is not going to attempt anything sensational or radical. He will merely press upon the attention of his colleagues and others the necessity of adopting business-like methods in the transaction of business in the state department in Madison."

In commenting on the above the Green Bay Advocate aptly says:

"Mr. Mosher has mapped out a magnificent program and he will get all sorts of encouragement in the good work he has undertaken. But when his constituents demand the positions they think should reward their efforts in his behalf Mr. Mosher will find himself confronted by a condition, not a theory. He will discover that in these times political success is a question of getting solid with a lot of political bosses by means of supplying them more or less fat jobs. Positions must be found for the gentlemen who control the political situation and the official who does not supply the need lasts about one term. Mr. Mosher will find it difficult to achieve anything in the way of reforming the abuses which he can easily unearth. He will find that people as a rule are not interested in politics because they are really interested in the welfare of the country so much as for the sake of the places they expect to get for themselves or their friends. Public officials are chosen because they can give, or promise to give, these places, and the fellow who promises and does not deliver is assured of a long lease of official life. So long as these conditions exist it is useless to expect that the public payroll will be much else than a sort of pension list for political heeled."

A SUGGESTED CHANGE.

Writing on "The President of the Twentieth Century" for a special issue of The New York World, ex-President Cleveland refers to the presidential tenure in these terms:

"Thoughtful citizens will more and more appreciate the objections urged against the present indirect and cumbersome mode of electing their presidents. The circumstances in which this plan originated if ever of controlling importance, ought no longer to excuse such a baffling confusion of ideas as grows out of the proposition that in a popular government the people's chief officer and their most direct representative may be made the recipient of their trust and the depository of their power in flagrant opposition to the declared popular will."

"Strong arguments are from time to time urged in favor of a change in the tenure of the presidential office. These should challenge serious attention, to the end that the present constitutional limit may be removed, and a more reasonable and useful one substituted. There has been a continual increase in federal legislation of a peremptory character and related to the immediate and routine necessities of the country; and so it has come to pass that of the four sessions of congress held during a presidential term, two are so brief as to scarcely permit the passage of necessary appropriation bills, while of the others one occurs when the president is usually strange in his new office and burdened with importunities and labors inseparable from a change of administration and the remaining one encounters during its continuance the interruptions, timidity demoralization of a presidential and congressional canvass. These conditions suggest the scant opportunity allowed for the initiation and adoption of new and important remedial legislation during a single presidential term."

"Another argument of considerable weight in favor of the change is based

upon the complaint that the business and other important interests of our people are now too frequently disturbed and disquieted by the turmoil and heat of a presidential election. It is not amiss to add that a substantial extension of the executive tenure would pave the way for establishing the ineligibility of an incumbent to succeed himself—which has long found favor with a large class of our people as a consummation much to be desired."

"Thus American citizens in the twentieth century will be charged with the duty of securing for themselves the actual substance of a more direct mode of selecting the people's chief executive in strict accordance with the people's will, and by so extending the tenure of his office, as to enable him to better serve his countrymen and more thoroughly protect and defend all their interests."

"Man that is born of a woman is small potatoes and few in a hill. In infancy he is full of colic and catnip tea, and in old age he is full of cuss words and rheumatism. In his youth his mother taketh him across her knee and sweetens his life with her slipper, and when he is a man grown the sheriff pursueth him all the days of his life. He spreadeth like a bay tree. He getteth into office and his friends cling to him like flies to a sugar barrel. He swelleth with vanity and cutteth ice for awhile, but is hewed down at the next convention and is cast into the sea box and his name is Dennis. Out of office and out of friends he soon gets hushed and lieth down in the cow pastures beside the still waters of the brook. He dieth out of the world and goeth where it is warm enough without clothes. The last end of that man is worse than the beginning."

"One cannot pick up a paper without reading about some old friend dying with pneumonia. The old settlers, that way, the business men, and professional men—all seem to die from pneumonia. Dr. McElwee says that five-sixths of all people over sixty years of age die from the effects of pneumonia, or lung fever, as the old time doctors called it. As is pretty well known now-a-days, pneumonia occurs mostly in those who are run down in health; it may be some stomach, kidney, or liver trouble has indirectly caused it. Dr. McElwee, in treating these chronic cases with perfect success, has done much to prevent pneumonia and other fatal diseases. Rheumatism is a disease that the doctor never fails to know that. This seems a trying winter on people. Bad colds were never so frequent, and now we are assured by the surgeon who went from Fort Snelling to the Philippines, that a general epidemic of small pox is about to sweep over the United States, it will be well to keep in the best health possible, and Dr. McElwee says that the way to have good health is 'to keep health. Dr. McElwee will be at the Witter House, Saturday, January 5th. Consultation free."

Tour of All Mexico.

In Pullman's finest Compartment Drawing Room, Library, Observation and Dining Cars—all vestibuled—with the celebrated Open Top Car "Chililtli" for Observation in the Mountains and Canons and Dining Car in the Tropics.

A delightful trip of 38 days with Three Circle Tours in the Tropics of the South of Mexico and a Visit to the Ruined Cities.

All exclusive features of these itineraries of leisurely travel and long stops—The Special Train starts Tuesday, January 22nd, from Chicago.

Tickets include all expenses everywhere.

These select limited parties will be under the special escort and management of The American Tourist Association, Rean Campbell, General Manager, 1423 Marquette Building, Chicago.

Itineraries, Maps and Tickets can be had on application to Agents of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y.

G. B. & W. R. R. Co.

No. 1 Passenger, going West leave	11:33 A. M.
No. 2, " " " " arrive	9:30 P. M.
No. 3, Freight, " " leave	4:10 A. M.
No. 4, " " " " arrive	7:30 P. M.
No. 1, Passenger, going East leave	6:40 A. M.
No. 2, " " " " arrive	8:45 P. M.
No. 3, Freight, " " leave	5:00 A. M.
No. 4, " " " " arrive	6:30 P. M.

A. D. HILL, Agent.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

LATEST TIME CARD—DAILY THROUGH TRAINS

Leave Minneapolis	12:45 P. M.	6:25 P. M.
" St. Paul	1:25 P. M.	7:45 P. M.
" Duluth	7:15 A. M.	4:05 P. M.
" Ashland	7:15 A. M.	7:15 P. M.
Arrive Chicago	7:15 A. M.	10:05 A. M.
Leave Chicago	10:40 P. M.	5:00 P. M.
" Ashland	8:15 A. M.	11:10 A. M.
" Duluth	8:15 A. M.	8:00 A. M.
" St. Paul	3:40 P. M.	8:00 A. M.
Arrive Minneapolis	4:20 P. M.	5:40 A. M.

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada. Close connections made in Chicago with all trains going East and South.

For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or Jas. C. Pond, General Passenger Agent, Milwaukee.

MARSHFIELD & SOUTHEASTERN R'y.

GOING SOUTH.

Leave Marshfield	6:45 A. M.	12:45 P. M.
" Arpin	7:15 A. M.	1:30 P. M.
" Vesper	7:55 A. M.	1:50 P. M.
" Centralia	8:45 A. M.	2:30 P. M.
" Port Edwards	8:25 A. M.	2:50 P. M.
Arrive Nekosia	8:35 A. M.	3:10 P. M.

GOING NORTH.

Leave Nekosia	9:00 A. M.	3:30 P. M.
" Port Edwards	9:15 A. M.	4:10 P. M.
" Centralia	9:45 A. M.	4:40 P. M.
" Vesper	10:15 A. M.	5:10 P. M.
" Arpin	10:35 A. M.	5:50 P. M.
Arrive Marshfield	11:10 A. M.	6:00 P. M.

C. V. SUTHER, Agent.
Time table in effect July 31, 1898.
C. H. GRENDE, Gen'l Mgr.

C., M. & ST. P. R. R.

TRAINS NORTH.

No. 3 Pass., daily except Sunday	7:25 A. M.
No. 5, " " " " " " " " " " " "	8:43 P. M.
No. 25, " " " " " " " " " " " "	11:14 A. M.
No. 63, way fr't daily except Sun.	11:10 A. M.

TRAINS SOUTH.

No. 2, Passenger, daily	9:42 P. M.
No. 6, " " " " " " " " " " " "	1:42 P. M.
No. 12, way fr't daily except Sun.	1:41 P. M.

Trains Nos. 2 and 3 make close connections at New Lisbon east and west. Nos. 5 and 6 make close connections at Tomah, east and west. Tickets sold and baggage checked to all points in United States and Canada.
L. M. SCHULTZ, Agent.

SENT FREE.

So sure are we that the locating of a few of our Electric Belts will develop into numerous sales of our belts and appliances, that we are willing to send one free to any sufferer from the following diseases: Cold extremities, Cystocele, female weakness, kidney complaint, leucorrhoea, liver complaint, paralysis, lost vitality, nervous debility, self abuse, worn-out women, sciatica, weak and nervous women, irregular menstruation, impotency, rheumatism, diminutive shrunk and undeveloped sexual organs, and catarrh.

Address for illustrated circular, etc., Sanitarium City Electrical Co., Battle Creek, Michigan.

WANT COLUMN.

Advertisement in this column 30-5 cents per line per insertion. No ad taken less than 10c.

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework. Inquire of O. Kauria, the photographer.

WANTED—Active man of good character to deliver and collect in Wisconsin for old established manufacturing wholesale house. \$800 a year, sure pay. Honestly more than experience required. Our reference, any bank in any city. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago.

FOR SALE—Windmill complete with pump and attachment. Apply to the John Arpin Lumber Company.

FOR SALE—A gasoline engine. Will be sold cheap. Inquire at this office.

FOR RENT—Office, one on east and one on west side. Inquire of Pomanville, the dentist, over Cohen's store.

LEGAL NOTICES.

12-15-97
Sale on Foreclosure.

State of Wisconsin—Wood County—In Circuit Court.

Joseph E. Duncan and H. A. Duncan, Plaintiffs,

vs.
Clas F. Murphy and L. C. Murphy, his wife, William M. Dayton and Cornelia Dayton, his wife, and the Wisconsin Serpentine Malachite Stone Company, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of and pursuant to a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly rendered and entered in the above entitled action in the circuit court of said county on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1899, in favor of the above-named plaintiffs and against the above-named defendants therein, more than one year having elapsed since the entry and no part of said judgment having been paid, I, Michael Vincent, as sheriff of said county of Wood, will, on the second day of February, 1901, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the front and north door of the court house in the city of Grand Rapids, in said Wood county, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the following described premises in Wood county, Wisconsin, and described in said judgment as follows, to-wit:

The south west quarter (1/4) of the north west quarter (1/4), Section number ten (10), Township number twenty-three (23) north, of Range number six (6) east.

Dated December 19th, 1900.

MICHAEL VINCENT,

Sheriff for Wood County, Wisconsin.

CONWAY & CONWAY,

Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

12-15-98
Summons.

Circuit Court—Wood County.

Maud Wood, Plaintiff, vs. Summons

Clarence Wood, Defendant.

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN—TO THE SAID DEFENDANT.

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

J. W. COCHRAN,

Plaintiff's Attorney.

P. O. Address Grand Rapids, Wood County, Wis.

12-15-98
Notice of Application.

Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss.

COUNTY OF WOOD, ss.

In the matter of the estate of Claude S. Carrington, deceased.

On the 15th day of December, A. D. 1900, upon reading and filing the petition of Mrs. Claude S. Carrington stating that Claude S. Carrington, her husband, died intestate, on or about the 15th day of October, 1900, and praying that she be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

It is ORDERED, That said application be heard before me, at the probate office in Grand Rapids, on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1901, at 9 o'clock A. M.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the Court, JOHN A. GAYNOR, County Judge.

GODDARD & BRAZEAU, County Attorneys.

Attorneys for Petitioner.

12-15-98
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Wood County Court—In Probate.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, ss.

COUNTY OF WOOD, ss.

In the matter of the estate of Frank Ratelle, Sr., deceased.

On the 8th day of December, A. D. 1900, upon reading and filing the petition of Mary Ratelle, widow of Frank Ratelle, Sr., deceased, stating that Frank Ratelle, Sr., of the city of Grand Rapids, Wisconsin, of the county of Wood, died intestate, on the 29th day of November, 1900, and praying that she be appointed administratrix of the estate of said deceased.

It is ORDERED, That said application be heard before me, at the probate office in Grand Rapids, on the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1901, at 9 o'clock A. M.

AND IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That notice of the time and place appointed for hearing said application be given to all persons interested by publishing a copy of this order for three weeks successively in the Grand Rapids Tribune, a newspaper printed in said county, previous to the time appointed for said hearing.

By the Court, JOHN A. GAYNOR, County Judge.

GODDARD & BRAZEAU, County Attorneys.

Petitioner's Attorneys.

DON'T BE FOOLED!

The market is being flooded with worthless imitations of **ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA**. To protect the public we call special attention to our trade mark, printed on every package. Demand the genuine. For Sale by all Druggists.

NEW SHOE SHOP.

All kinds of repairing on Boots and Shoes promptly and neatly done.

C. F. WARD,

Shoemaker, River St., West Side.

WANTED—Active man of good character to deliver and collect in Wisconsin for old established manufacturing wholesale house. \$800 a year, sure pay. Honestly more than experience required. Our reference, any bank in any city. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. Manufacturers, Third Floor, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago.

POST HOLIDAY SALE.

We had an enormous holiday trade, the largest in the history of our store and a consequence we have a large number of remnants and broken lots of goods. These are all good reliable wares and can be purchased at a much lower price than the same goods would cost you anywhere else, where they are in the habit of putting away these remnants and selling them at a regular price. Come and look them over, it will be to your advantage.

JOHNSON & HILL CO.,

Dry Goods Department.

—FARM FOR SALE.—A one hundred and twenty acre farm located about three miles from this city on the Rudolph road. A good dwelling house on same. For particulars write to Mrs. P. Walsh, Eagle River, Wis.

Wood Co. National Bank, GRAND RAPIDS, WIS

Capital \$50,000.

Surplus \$10,000

F. GARRISON, President.

L. M. ALEXANDER, Vice Pres.

F. J. WOOD, Cashier

COMMENCED BUSINESS

NOVEMBER 1, 1891.

DIRECTORS:

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All business connected with banking is earnestly solicited, and we promise prompt and careful attention to every detail. Interest paid on time deposits.

CHAS. L. PETTIS & CO.

CASH

Produce Buyers

Dressed Poultry.

Game, Furs, Eggs, and Butter.

204 DUANE ST.,

NEW YORK.

WRITE FOR OUR PRESENT

PAYING PRICES

GET Painting,

A practical knowledge of SIGN and HOUSE

gold and silver lettering, bronzing, carriage and landscape painting, Kalsomining, mixing colors, contracting, etc., from our Painter's Book. Our book of 25 years' experience in sign and house painting is so explicit that even boys can teach themselves the painter's trade in a short time.

Twenty-five illustrated alphabets are included in our book. Address Val. Schreier Sign Works, Milwaukee, Wis.



Things to Consider.

Quality of workmanship, and quality of material are most important factors in producing satisfactory results in

PLUMBING AND STEAM HEATING

Jobs. When these are right price may be considered. All these points and any other which are essential to the proper completion of a job receive our expert attention. Our estimates are low.

—Now is the time to get a—

Germ Proof Water Filter.

Gitchell, Lubeck Co.

A Good Place To Get Good



Not only good Lumber, but a variety of other things used in building, including

Lath, Shingles, Doors, Windows, Building Paper, Mouldings

At the Lumber Yard of **JOHN FARRISH,**

Come and look us over. ring a Bill of What you want and let us figure with you

GRAND RAPIDS.

LOCAL ITEMS.

G. Bruderi shipped two pairs of Belgian hares to Portage on Friday.

Jos. Sweeney caught a sixteen pound pickerel near his place last week.

A baby girl was born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Habeck of Sigel on the 31st.

A baby boy arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Betke on Thursday of last week.

The Rev. Father Kroll arrived in the city last Friday and will have charge of the Episcopal pastorate here.

Midnight Mass was held at the Catholic church on New Year morning and a large concourse of devoted ones attended.

On December 29 Judge Webb granted a divorce and permanent alimony of \$500 to Ella Currier against her husband Wm. W. Currier.

The Farmer's Insurance Company of Seneca, Sigel and Rudolph will hold their annual meeting on January 8th at 9 a. m. at the town hall, Sigel.

The Catholic Order of Foresters hold their installation of officers this (Friday) evening. A dance will follow the ceremony. Only members take part.

The subject of Rev. B. J. H. Shaw's sermon on Sunday will be "Forgetfulness and Anticipation." In the evening there will be a musical service. See program.

A surgical operation was performed on Mrs. W. L. Lain on Friday of last week. She has since been getting better. Mr. Lain has also been sick during the past week.

Constipation neglected or badly treated, leads to total disability or death. Rocky Mountain absolutely cures constipation in all its forms. 35c., Johnson & Hill Co.

Next week the Methodist church society will observe the Week of Prayer. Services will be held every evening, commencing at 7:30. Come and bring your friends.

The ball on New Year's night by the west side fire company was a brilliant success in every sense of the word. A large crowd attended and everything passed off smoothly.

The frozen surface of the river has held forth some inducements to the small boy during the past week, but the roughness of the ice has prevented a great many from skating.

Otto Bourke, who has been at the Commercial house laid up from the effects of an amputated leg, was taken to his home at Auburndale on Wednesday, having recovered sufficiently to stand the journey.

Subject of Rev. W. A. Peterson's discourse Sunday morning will be "Invisible Things Clearly Seen." In the evening he will preach on a "Question of Profit." Special music in the evening. Everybody invited.

The mill of the Grand Rapids lumber company started up again last Friday and it is expected that there will be enough timber forthcoming to keep it in operation right along. The logs come in by train nearly every day.

William Jacobs came to the city from Arpin on Thursday having hurt the second finger on his left hand while engaged in rolling logs. The hurt was dressed by Dr. Pomainville and it is hoped that the member can saved.

Miss Mae Howlett entertained at the home of T. E. Mullen on Saturday in honor of Misses Mae and Alice Hawley, Ester Smith, Mae Salvos, and Emma and Nellie Howlett of Green Bay. There were cards and music and light refreshments were served.

The office of the Wisconsin telephone company in this city will be under the charge of W. T. Powell, manager at Stevens Point, and the company will not keep a man here after this. Mr. Powell was in the city last week checking up.

Wm. Reeves entertained a party of male friends at his residence on Monday evening. There were cards and a merry time and Mrs. Reeves prepared a banquet for the merry-makers that was partaken of about the time the new year was ushered in.

Genuine Rocky Mountain Tea is never sold in bulk by peddlers for less than 35cts. Don't be fooled, get the tea made famous by the Madison Medicine Co. Johnson & Hill Co.

The Tribune is in receipt of a copy of "Wausau in 1900," which is a neat book filled with half tone portraits and landscapes of prominent people and places about the city of Wausau. It is gotten out as a supplement to the Central Wisconsin, Herald and Pilot and was compiled by George Alfred Martin who makes a business of this sort of thing.

Stop that Cough

an tickling in your throat by using

CHURCH'S Throat Pastilles.

They contain the most valuable combinations for the treatment of coughs, sore throat, colds and bronchial affections.

10 cents a box.

Sam Church,

Prescription Druggist.

An Ohio clergyman complains that the Standard Ohio company has defied the supreme court of that state and has not been punished. It would be much more remarkable had the court defied the company and escaped punishment.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Congregational church, west side, met at the home of Mrs. E. B. Rossier, Dec. 2, when the following officers were elected for the following year: President, Mrs. E. C. Rossier; 1st vice president, Mrs. E. Oberbeck; 2nd vice president, Mrs. J. W. Cochran; 3rd vice president, Mrs. A. C. Otto; 4th vice president, Mrs. A. J. Damou; secretary, Mrs. H. W. Jackson; treasurer, Mrs. F. W. Palmatier.

As soon as the shirt waist is adopted by the boys, says an exchange, another calamity will follow, just as one industry creates another. See if it doesn't. The sequence will come in the silly spelling of persons' names. We now have Mae, Mayme, Edythe, Gracie, Kathryn, and similar nonsensical distortions, and bye and bye we will have Wylie, Jayme, Dyck, Jaymes, Harrye, Mique, and the rest of them. It's in the goods and it won't wash out.

During the past week Dr. A. L. Ridgman received a letter from his son Earl, who was then in New York and soon to sail for Manila. The letter was written on December 24th and stated that the boat would probably leave next day, so it was not at all probable that Earl spent a very pleasant Christmas, unless they have some method of amusement on board fighting boats that the general public has not yet heard of.

Red is a danger signal on the railroad, on a fellow's nose and on a woman's face. Men and women use Rocky Mountain Tea and get genuine rosy cheeks. 35c., Johnson & Hill Co.

The members of the Centralia Pulp and Water Power company presented Frank Garrison, manager of the company, with a handsome gold watch on New Year day, as a token of their regard and esteem. The watch was engraved with the words, "To F. Garrison, by the employees of the C. P. & W. P. Co., Dec. 25, 1900." Mr. Garrison was naturally greatly pleased to receive such substantial proof of the good will of his men.

In connection with the interior decorations and installation of a steam heating plant the Wood County National bank has had placed in position in their vault a complete system of steel shelving, document files and safety deposit boxes. It is a great improvement over the old way of wooden shelves and tin boxes and the safety deposit boxes will also prove of great benefit to those having use for any thing of this sort.

A merry party of young people gathered at the home of Mrs. E. C. Rossier on Monday evening to celebrate the birth of a new year and century, and they were ushered in with appropriate services. Among those present were, Misses Myrtle Kellogg, Ida McMillan, Bessie Price, Mabel Hamilton, Isabelle Marshall and Belle Voyer; Messrs. Robert Morse, Elmer Stout, James Hamilton, Guyld Smart and Benning Smart.

An election bet was paid in Prairie du Chien. Two well known young married men, who will be known as Brown and Jones, made a bet. Brown was to have the privilege of kissing Mrs. Jones five times, provided she did not object, in case McKinley was elected, and Jones to kiss Mrs. Brown if Bryan got there. Sunday evening Brown called at Jones' residence and demanded that the terms of the bet be carried out. Jones thought his wife would "kick," but great was his surprise to see her throw herself into Brown's arms and pucker her lips ready for business.

On Monday in New York, the directors of the Green Bay & Western Railway company declared an annual dividend of 5 per cent on its stock. This is an increase of one-half per cent on each issue over the rate paid last year. J. B. Last, who has held the position of general passenger agent for the Green Bay & Western for several years, has resigned to accept the position of traffic manager for the General Paper company of Chicago. He has been succeeded by W. C. Modisett of the St. Louis & Hannibal railway, a friend of General Manager J. A. Jordan, who took control of the office Tuesday.—Stevens Point Journal.

The average annual income of the men of the United States over twenty-one years of age, according to recent census reports, is less than \$400. Ninety per cent of the young men average less than \$300 income per year; yet the average girl of the day is being educated along lines of yearly expenditure of not less than \$1,000 a year. This is the cause of so many divorce cases in our courts. Young men who marry girls of this class, with high ideals of unmarried life, soon find the wolf howling at the door; then comes friction, dissatisfaction and finally separation. At this could be avoided if girls were taught the practicabilities of life—taught those principles of economy, industry and frugality which must be practiced in the stations to which the average woman is called.—Southern Mercury.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25 cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

John E. Daly, Johnson & Hill Co.

First Congregational Church.

MAPLE AVENUE, WEST SIDE. Rev. B. J. H. Shaw, pastor. Public services for Sunday, Jan. 6, 1900.

10:30 a. m. Morning service.

12 m. Sunday School.

7:30 p. m. Evening service.

Morning subject, "Forgetfulness and Anticipation."

Evening subject, "The Secret of Happiness."

Estray Notice.

Came to my yard on December tenth, one red calf with white spot on forehead, five or six months old. Owner is requested to call, pay charges, and take property away.

F. C. HENKE, Sigel, W. S.

PERSONAL MENTION.

A. J. Boyles was up from Nekoosa on Wednesday.

Henry Smith of Arpin was in the city on Wednesday.

C. H. Wood made a business trip to Marshfield on Friday.

L. M. Nash made a business trip to Tomahawk Wednesday.

F. J. Cameron left for Milwaukee Wednesday on business.

E. P. Arpin returned Tuesday from a trip to Bruce and Kenna.

Attorney Fitch of Nekoosa took in the New Year ball in this city.

John Cepress and John Vanderhei spent New Year at Stevens Point.

Miss Minnie Polensky of Sigel is dangerously ill with consumption.

Miss Clara Stevens of Marshfield visited friends in the city Tuesday.

Arthur Pepin visited friends at Wausau last week for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Voss visited over New Year's with relatives at Tomah.

Attorney O. H. Karrs of La Crosse was in the city on business Thursday.

Miss Roene Havenor visited over New Year's with relatives in Waupaca.

Frank Sheehan of Portage visited friends in the city on New Year day.

Miss Lillian Boyles of Wausau is visiting relatives and friends in this city.

Chas. Heener and wife of Pittsville were in the city Wednesday on business.

Miss Edith Nash returned this week to North Hampton to resume her studies.

John L. Sullivan of City Point was in the city Thursday on his way to La Crosse.

Stephen Brazean has returned to Ann Arbor where he is attending law school.

Mrs. C. E. Lester of Cranmoor was in the city on Sunday visiting with friends.

Nels Johnson and Geo. M. Hill left on Tuesday for Green Bay on legal business.

John Avery left on Saturday for Washburn to assume charge of his new duties.

Miss Hannah Heidler of Marshfield is the guest of Miss Anna Oberbeck this week.

Myron Compton has left for Fessenden N. D., where he expects to locate permanently.

Mrs. Carl Olson of Blair is a guest at the home of her mother, Mrs. Henry Kautz.

Frank Atwood returned this morning from a week's visit with relatives at Beaver Dam.

Miss Pearl Martin of Merrill visited with relatives and friends in this city over New Year's.

C. H. Grundy, manager of the Marshfield & Southeastern, was in the city on Saturday.

T. F. Roessler and A. B. Wilson of Marshfield were in the city on Tuesday for a short time.

Mr. and Mrs. Emil Garrison of Port Edwards spent New Year day with relatives in the city.

Miss Cora Vaughn has returned from Marshfield and will attend school in this city for a time.

Walter Gangelhoff of Minneapolis was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Laramie on Monday.

Miss Olive Preell of Manitowoc has been the guest of Miss Effie Goggins during the past week.

A. H. Dustin returned last week from a month's visit with friends and relatives at Baraboo.

Miss Josie Driscoll of Appleton arrived in the city Wednesday and is the guest of Miss Nellie Steib.

John Vanderhei, who is employed at Tomahawk, has spent the past week in this city among friends.

Miss Nan White of Pittsville has been in the city during the past week visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. Frank Reed of Necedah has been a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Kellogg during the past week.

Miss Mame Dunegan spent Sunday at Grand Rapids, a guest of the Arpin families.—Stevens Point Gazette.

Miss Frances Parkhill of Stevens Point, has been the guest of Miss Della Renee during the past week.

Harry and Miss Harriet Whittlesey of Cranmoor attended the fireman's dance in this city New Year's night.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Witter visited with the family of W. D. Connor of Marshfield the fore part of the week.

Commander M. S. Pratt was at Stevens Point on Friday and that evening inspected the G. A. R. post in that city.

Capt. E. Schall and wife of Mauston were in the city on Sunday in attendance at the funeral of Mrs. Jasper Crotteau.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Miller who have been visiting in the city for a week past, returned to their home in Milwaukee on Sunday.

Miss Lona Johnson and Viola Garrison left Wednesday evening for Milwaukee where they will continue their studies in Downer college.

H. W. Timm, who recently returned from Oshkosh where he had taken a course in telegraphy, is assisting in the work about the St. Paul depot.

Will Pribbanow left on Wednesday for Merrill in which vicinity he will scale and look after the interests of the F. MacKinnon Manufacturing Co.

Thos. McGrath was down from Mosinee during the past week. He, in company with Ed Spaford, will engage in extensive logging operations the ensuing winter.

Among those who came down from Marshfield to attend the New Year ball were Misses Amanda Wagner, Ida Greisinger, Anna May, Mrs. A. P. Adams, and Messrs. August Wagner, Dan Harkin, John Yahn, John Anderson and R. R. Williams.

Doc Dunnington, who has been in the employ of Photographer Morterud since that gentleman located in this city, left for his home in West Virginia the fore part of the week.

Ray G. Sherwood leaves on Tuesday for Eureka, S. D., where he will take charge of the Weekly Blade as editor and manager. The Tribune wishes him success in his new field of labor.

Miss Kittie Hiles of Dexterville visited over New Year with the Misses Maurine and Lona Johnson in this city. She left on Wednesday for Milwaukee where she is attending Downer College.

Prof. Gay S. Ford, formerly principal of the Howe high school in this city, and who now holds a scholarship in Columbia university in the city of New York, is visiting friends in this city.

Oscar Winger of Montgomery, Ala., has been in the city for a couple of weeks visiting his parents. Mr. Winger is with a large cotton manufacturing company. He left for Montgomery again on Wednesday.

Edward Morse of Lancaster is visiting his brother Robert in this city for a time. Mr. Morse has recently received an appointment as stenographer from the United States government with instructions to report at Manila, P. I. It is probable that Mr. Morse will start so as to leave San Francisco on the 16th inst.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure backache, headache, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, fainting and dizzy spells when troubles and have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phoebe Chertley, of Peterson, La., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my household work." It overcomes constipation, improves appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at Johnson & Hill Co.'s, and John E. Daly's drug stores.

M. E. Church.

Rev. W. A. Peterson, pastor. Public services for Sunday, Jan. 6, 1900.

9:30 a. m. Class Meeting.

10:30 a. m. Preaching.

11:45 a. m. Sunday School.

3:00 p. m. Junior League.

6:45 p. m. Epworth League.

7:30 p. m. Preaching.

Morning subject, "Invisible Things Clearly Seen."

Evening subject, "A Question of Profit."

Thousands Sent Into Exile.

Every year a large number of poor sufferers whose lungs are sore and racked with coughs are urged to go to another climate. But this is costly and not always sure. Don't be an exile when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption will cure you at home. It's the most infallible medicine for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung diseases on earth. The first dose brings relief. Astounding cures result from persistent use. Trial bottles free at Johnson & Hill Co., and John E. Daly. Price 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

Scandinavian Moravian Church

Rev. J. J. Groenfeldt, pastor. Services Sunday and week day. 9:30 a. m. Sunday school.

10:30 a. m. Preaching.

All Scandinavians are cordially invited.

Wednesday evening at 7:30, bible reading and prayer service.

Preaching in Rudolph every alternate Sunday at 3 o'clock.

To all the services of the church you are always welcome.

To the Deaf.

A rich lady cured of her deafness and noises in the head by Dr. Nicholson's artificial ear drums, gave \$10,000 to his institute, so that deaf people unable to procure the ear drums may have them free. Address No. 13,894, The Nicholson Institute, 780, Eighth Avenue, New York.

German Moravian Church.

Rev. A. Peterson, pastor. Public services for Sunday, Jan. 6. 9:30 a. m. Sunday School.

10:30 a. m. Preaching.

6:30 p. m. C. E. Meeting.

7:30 p. m. German preaching.

A cordial invitation is extended to all.

—Dr. J. C. Coniff, Dentist. Office over the Centralia Drug Co.'s store in Daly block, Centralia, Wis.

—Dr. D. Waters, physician and surgeon. Office over Church's drug store, telephone 182. Night calls at Dixon House, telephone 55.

—Dr. J. J. Looze Grand Rapids, office over Wood County Drug store, telephone No. 62. Residence telephone No. 246.

—F. Pomainville, M. D. Office over J. A. Cohen's store. Telephone at office, No. 35; at residence, Centralia, No. 31.

—For fine dental work, go to Dr. D. A. Teifer, office over Wood County National Bank, Grand Rapids. Will be out of town every Monday and Tuesday.

—Dr. A. L. Ridgman, Centralia. Office over Centralia Drug Store. Telephone No. 92. Telephone at residence, No. 25.

FURNITURE.

If you have second hand Furniture or Household Goods for sale take them across the street from Spaford's store and get full market price.

Will buy all kinds of Scrap Iron, Copper, Brass, Zinc, Rags, Rubbers, Dry Bones, Hides, and Furs of all kinds,

COLDBERG.

USE

VICTORIA OR SUNBEAM

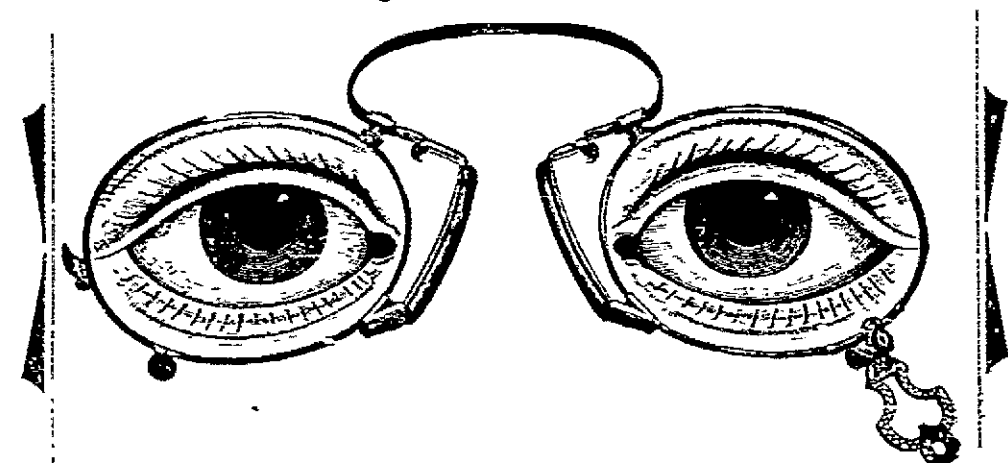
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None Excel And Few Equal.

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Can be corrected by having your eyes fitted accurately to a pair of glasses by J. R. CHAPMAN. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."

WINCHESTER

Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. "Leader" and "Repeater" loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

ALL DEALERS KEEP THEM.

COAL

Best in the market at lowest prices.

Delivered Anywhere.

Telephone 51.

E. C. KETCHUM.

Best Dyes for Home Dyeing!

Grandma did. Yamma does. Baby will thus always do.

Are Paul Oppermann's German Household Dyes in every way.

The only dyes that dye wool, silk, cotton, with the same package and stand rain and sunshine.

For sale everywhere at 10 CENTS PER PACKAGE.

PAUL OPPERMANN.

Sole Proprietor. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

E. B. FRITZINGER,

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Daly Block, West Side.

Grand Rapids, Wisconsin.

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Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which undo one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail \$1.00 per package, or six for \$5.00, with a post free written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 10-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale at Church's drug store.

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promptly procured, OR NO FEE. Send model, sketch or photo for free report on patentability. Book "How to Obtain U.S. and Foreign Patents and Trade-Marks, FREE. Full terms on request to inventors. PATENT LAWYERS OF 26 YEARS' PRACTICE. 20,000 PATENTS PROCURED THROUGH THEM. All business confidential. Sound advice. Fairness. Moderate charges. Write to C. A. SNOW & CO. PATENT LAWYERS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Opp. U. S. Patent Office.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

DIG FIRE IN SHEBOYGAN.

Flames Raging in the Coal Dock of the C. Reiss Company.

RIVER FRONT BURNING

General Alarm is Sent in and Firemen Battling to Save Adjoining Property.

Sheboygan, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Fire broke out at 12:30 o'clock this afternoon in the Reiss Coal company's dock No. 1. In a moment the entire dock was wrapped in flames.

A general alarm was sent in and the department is working hard to save adjoining property from destruction.

There are thousands of tons of coal on the dock and the loss will reach \$75,000.

There was a terrific gale blowing and the flames advanced rapidly. For a time it was feared that the other docks would be destroyed and the whole river front seemed in peril.

The fire burned fiercely and the Frost freezing plant was in danger and the firemen had to work hard to keep the flames from attacking the plant, but by banking engines between the docks and the plant the progress of the fire was arrested.

Shortly before 2 o'clock the fire was in control and confined to dock No. 1. The great mass of coal on fire and will burn for several days.

The dock and four hoisting derricks were completely destroyed and several loaded coal cars on the North-Western road were burned.

Shortly after 1 o'clock the flames spread to the salt docks of the Reiss company, but were extinguished before much damage was done.

The cause of the fire was spontaneous combustion. Tons of soft coal were consumed. The company refuses to make any statement at this time as to loss, insurance or cause of the fire.

EAU CLAIRE HOTEL ON FIRE.

Firemen Working Hard to Save Hart House from Destruction.

Eau Claire, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—The Hart hotel caught fire in roof at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The fire spread rapidly.

The firemen are working hard to extinguish the flames.

Waukesha, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Fire broke out at 2 o'clock this morning in the residence of R. W. Seton on Maple avenue.

The fire started in the second story of the house and is supposed to have been caused by a defective chimney.

The fire department, at the signal, turned out in full force, but when the firemen arrived the fire had gained considerable headway.

All the roof had been burned off and nearly the upper story was in flames. Very little household goods were saved from destruction.

The loss is almost fully covered by insurance.

PRIEST AVERTS PANIC.

Altar at St. Patrick's Catholic Church at Green Bay Takes Fire.

Green Bay, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—One cool, present-minded man averted a threatened panic in St. Patrick's Catholic church in this city yesterday morning.

It was during the celebration of high mass and there were about 800 worshippers in the church. The elaborate altar trimmings for Christmas had not been removed.

In some way burning tapers set fire to the candles on a side altar and the flames began to spread with almost lightning-like rapidity.

Men, women and children became frightened and rose to their feet to rush pell-mell for the doors, but they were held in check by the cool command of a pastor, Rev. M. J. O'Brien, to remain in their seats.

A score of men rushed to the altar, but stood still before the flames, apparently helpless. Another man in the congregation rushed to the altar, removed his overcoat and undercoat, and with these garments succeeded after a few minutes in smothering the flames, but not until several hundred dollars damage had been done by breaking costly vases and other bric-a-brac and decorative pieces on the altar.

When the fire was completely extinguished the altar was a mass of smoldering wreckage, and the worshippers realized that the man had done a brave deed.

DANCED, THEN DIED.

Racine Society Woman Seized with Congestion of the Lungs Shortly After Close of a Ball.

Racine, Wis., Dec. 31.—Miss Lizzie J. Sauerberger, a popular society lady of the west side, attended dancing school at the Odd Fellows hall Saturday evening. She seemed in the very best of health and was the happiest and liveliest in the party, and when she started for her home at 11:45 o'clock in company with her brother, she had a cheerful farewell and within an hour after reaching her home she was dead, having been taken suddenly ill and all efforts of physicians to save her proved unavailing.

The cause of her death was attributed to acute congestion of the lungs.

Miss Sauerberger was 31 years of age. She was a well-known member of the Woman's Relief corps. Ladies of the Macabees and the Ladies of the Fraternal Alliance.

TWO BADLY INJURED.

Girls Thrown from Carriage During Runaway at Prairie du Sac—One Loses an Eye.

Prairie du Sac, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Two daughters of Henry Riven, a farmer of Sauk Prairie, were seriously hurt in a runaway in this city. Their horses became unmanageable and threw the girls out of the buggy, cutting them severely and injuring the eye of one of them so that the sight is destroyed. The carriage was totally wrecked.

BELOIT'S NEW CHAPEL.

W. B. Strong One of the Prime Movers in the Enterprise.

Beloit, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—A new \$1200 chapel in the northwestern part of the city was opened yesterday with appropriate exercises. W. B. Strong, who gave the chapel to the people of the city, was one of the prime movers in the enterprise, contributing the first \$200. The chapel is an independent organization which will take up its work under the direction of the American Sunday School union.

SHEBOYGAN FIRE LOSS SETTLED.

Sheboygan, Wis., Dec. 31.—The Zehetzsche Sons company settled with the insurance adjuster on their losses by the recent fire to their tannery. The amount allowed being \$125,500. The company will begin rebuilding at once.

MISS STEPHENSON TO BE MARRIED.

Young Woman who Christened Battleship Wisconsin, Engaged to J. E. Morgan of Oshkosh.

Marquette, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—The formal announcement of the engagement of Miss Elizabeth Stephenson to J. Earl Morgan of Oshkosh will be made Wednesday at a dinner to be given in this city at the home of ex-Governor Stephenson, father of the bride-to-be.

FARMERS WILLING TO GROW BEETS.

Waukesha County Agriculturists Satisfied with Standing of Wisconsin Sugar Company.

Menomonee Falls, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—The prospects of the Wisconsin Sugar company are excellent and there is no doubt now of a successful season next year. The farmers are satisfied with the proposition made by the company and will grow enough beets to fill the season's run.

They have adequate security and will have no fears that they will be beaten out of their pay again. An expert has been engaged to take charge of the rebuilding and operating the factory, and even the most cautious can find no reason to grumble at the outlook.

The company proposes to pay from \$4 to \$5 a ton for beets according to their quality, the lesser sugar beets being paid 12 per cent, of saccharine matter and the higher one for 16 per cent, or over.

DECREASE IS GREAT.

State Board of Control Asks for an Appropriation of \$831,000 for State Institutions.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Appropriations amounting to \$831,000 will be asked from the Legislature at the coming session by the state board of control for the nine charitable and penal institutions under the supervision of the board, for their current expenses.

This is \$64,000 less than the appropriations made by the last Legislature for the same purpose and in view of the fact that the number of inmates in the institutions had increased, in the home for the feeble-minded by about 150 and in the industrial school for boys 50, the showing is a most favorable one for the present management of the institutions.

The new system adopted by the board of purchasing all supplies on contracts let to the lowest bidder.

The amount to be asked for does not cover the total cost of the institutions, as the receipts from various sources for care of patients chargeable to them, with some other smaller sources of income, are estimated at \$427,000.

The board has a surplus of \$47,000, making the total available resources for the next fiscal year, including the \$831,000 asked from the legislature, \$1,305,000.

The current expenses of the nine institutions for the two years ended September 30, 1900, were \$1,372,739.20, the cost at such institutions being:

State hospital for insane, Menomonee Falls, Wis.	\$218,787.15
Northern hospital for insane, Oshkosh, Wis.	209,612.50
School for deaf, Delavan, Wis.	52,929.80
School for blind, Janesville, Wis.	71,541.25
Industrial school for boys, Waukesha, Wis.	136,675.37
State prison, Waupun, Wis.	134,435.29
State public school, Sparta, Wis.	84,362.04
Home for feeble-minded, Chicago, Ill.	141,754.24
State reformatory, Green Bay, Wis.	91,881.78

Each of the institutions had a surplus left from the allowance made in the estimate of two years ago, though the case of the state prison and the home for feeble-minded is small.

The surplus of each of the other institutions, which is estimated by the board will be left at the end of the appropriation year:

State hospital, \$7400; Northern hospital, \$18,000; school for deaf, \$8,000; school for blind, \$5,000; industrial school, \$20,000; public school, \$30,000; reformatory, \$20,000.

Wisconsin methods of caring for the insane, criminal and dependent classes through the state board of control, are heartily commended in an article to appear in the January number of the *Annals of the American Academy*, written by Prof. S. E. Spaulding of the University of Wisconsin, who has made a careful study of the Wisconsin administration of charitable and penal institutions.

Prof. Spaulding devotes much space to a review of the history of the management of charitable and penal institutions. This history, especially in recent years, Prof. Spaulding says, shows a strong tendency toward centralization of the management of all the charitable and penal institutions in a state under one central board.

This system of centralized management, he goes on to say, has found its best example in Wisconsin and has here produced an unqualified success.

COLD SNAP IN NORTH.

Lumbermen Rejoicing Over the Severe Weather—Haul Logs on Ice Roads.

New Richmond, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Various points in northern Wisconsin report from 14 to 20 below. The cold snap is welcomed by all lumbermen, as swamps and lake will freeze over and permit the hauling of logs, for which they have been waiting some weeks.

There is little snow in the woods, but loggers everywhere have prepared to make use of ice roads as soon as the weather will permit. Wages are high, and men and teams are going into the woods in large numbers every day.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 31.—A cold wave is prevalent at La Crosse and vicinity and according to the local weather bureau it is quite general in the Northwest, while its southern extremity is Oklahoma and Texas. In many places east of here it is snowing. The mercury here has dropped thirty degrees in the past twenty-four hours.

BECAUSE THEY ARE MARRIED.

Stambaugh School Board Demands Teachers' Resignations.

Marquette, Wis., Dec. 31.—The school board of Stambaugh, Mich., has demanded the resignation of two lady teachers, Mrs. Mae Dollar and Mrs. Josephine M. Donald, who are married to the school board members.

The ladies have refused to comply with the request. They were married in November and have kept the matter a secret for over a month. Members of the board, being opposed to married women as teachers, have asked them to resign.

The ladies have been asked to resign, while the board is taking action for the full time specified in their contracts.

FRACTURES HER HIP.

Mrs. J. T. Jacobson of La Crosse Has a Bad Fall.

La Crosse, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—Mrs. J. T. Jacobson of this city, after alighting from a street car, fell and fractured her hip and received other severe injuries. She is the mother of the wife of John P. Dougherty, a prominent Democratic politician.

WILL NOT BELIEVE HER LOVER DEAD.

Miss Jones of Lannon is Confident that Roy Birum will be Found.

Lannon, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—Although three months have passed since Roy Birum, formerly of this place later of Victor, Col., mysteriously disappeared, Miss Nellie Jones of Lannon, his fiancée, to whom he was coming to wed when last heard of, still believes him alive and thinks he will be found. She hears every day from the detectives in Omaha, Denver and other Western cities, who are working on the case and hope soon to find some trace of the young man.

BROKER SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

Examination of Books of Edward Freeman of Marinette, Who Committed Suicide.

A VERY LARGE FAMILY.

Descendants of Mr. and Mrs. Elias Scott Number Scores.

MARRIED 67 YEARS AGO

Eight Children, Thirty Grandchildren, and Eight Great Grandchildren Attend Celebration.

Racine, Wis., Dec. 29.—[Special.]—Mr. and Mrs. Elias Scott celebrated yesterday the sixty-fifth anniversary of their wedding. It was the most remarkable celebration in the history of the city, and possibly of southern Wisconsin.

There were present eight children, thirty grandchildren, eight great-grandchildren and several hundred friends.

Mr. Scott was born in Sharon, N. Y., April 2, 1817. On December 28, 1830, he married Miss Hannah Kilmarlin of Root, N. Y., who is a few years younger than he is. In 1842 they came to Wisconsin and settled on a farm in Ray, Fond du Lac county, and were known as the Scotts.

Mr. Scott for years was the champion chess player, often defeating experts from Chicago, Milwaukee and other cities. In 1898 the couple quit the farm and came to the city. Both are in fairly good health, and Mr. Scott sat down and played chess with many of his guests.

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HARVEY REPORTS ON RURAL SCHOOLS.

He Makes Important Recommendations to the Legislature—Advocates Township System.

Madison, Wis., Dec. 31.—[Special.]—State superintendent of schools, L. D. Harvey, has made some important recommendations to the Legislature in his report.

He discusses the township system of school government which he has advocated for years, and gives considerable space to the question of better teachers for the country schools.

The common schools, their present backward state, their needs, and the means of supplying the needs, and improving their conditions, indeed, might almost be called the keynote of the report. Among his recommendations some of the more important are:

County training schools for teachers. Increased facilities and appropriations for teachers' institutes.

Higher qualifications for common school teachers. Better pay and a limit to the time a person may teach on a third-grade certificate.

More thorough rural information in the report and the following statement of the enrollment of pupils in the state:

Twenty-one schools in the state with a total enrollment of less than 50. 225 schools with a total enrollment between 50 and 100.

233 schools with an enrollment between 100 and 150. 270 schools with an enrollment between 150 and 200.

245 schools with an enrollment between 200 and 250. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 250 and 300.

231 schools with an enrollment between 300 and 350. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 350 and 400.

239 schools with an enrollment between 400 and 450. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 450 and 500.

278 schools with an enrollment between 500 and 550. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 550 and 600.

284 schools with an enrollment between 600 and 650. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 650 and 700.

276 schools with an enrollment between 700 and 750. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 750 and 800.

276 schools with an enrollment between 800 and 850. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 850 and 900.

276 schools with an enrollment between 900 and 950. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 950 and 1000.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1000 and 1050. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1050 and 1100.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1100 and 1150. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1150 and 1200.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1200 and 1250. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1250 and 1300.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1300 and 1350. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1350 and 1400.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1400 and 1450. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1450 and 1500.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1500 and 1550. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1550 and 1600.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1600 and 1650. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1650 and 1700.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1700 and 1750. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1750 and 1800.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1800 and 1850. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1850 and 1900.

276 schools with an enrollment between 1900 and 1950. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 1950 and 2000.

276 schools with an enrollment between 2000 and 2050. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 2050 and 2100.

276 schools with an enrollment between 2100 and 2150. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 2150 and 2200.

276 schools with an enrollment between 2200 and 2250. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 2250 and 2300.

276 schools with an enrollment between 2300 and 2350. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 2350 and 2400.

276 schools with an enrollment between 2400 and 2450. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 2450 and 2500.

276 schools with an enrollment between 2500 and 2550. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 2550 and 2600.

276 schools with an enrollment between 2600 and 2650. 25 and 31. 225 schools with an enrollment between 2650 and 2700.

PEACEMAKER IS KILLED.

Oshkosh Man Murdered in Cold Blood on Montana Ranch.

Fred Galow Falls Victim to a Rancher's Fury While Attempting to Protect Employer.

Oshkosh, Wis., Dec. 28.—[Special.]—Alexander Galow of this city received a letter this morning from Glendive, Mont., telling of the murder of his brother, Fred Galow, on a ranch near Glendive, on December 15 last.

The letter states that Galow was murdered in cold blood by a rancher named Tom Levis, while trying to protect his employer, John Shavings, from the fury of Levis, who was drunk and threatened violence to the ranch owner.

Levis jumped on a horse and rode away and no trace of him has as yet been found.

Fred Galow was a young man and left this city for the West a short time ago. He was employed on Shavings' ranch near Glendive, which is in Dawson county, Mont. Levis had had frequent quarrels with both Shavings and Galow.

On the morning of December 15 Levis went to the ranch after night's sleep in the town and challenged Shavings to a duel with Winchester. Shavings ordered Levis off the ranch and walked toward him. Levis drew a revolver to attack Shavings, when Galow stepped in between the men and asked Levis to be quiet. At that Levis fired and killed Galow.

Shavings Point, Wis., Dec. 28.—[Special.]—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of Anton Welland, charging him with highway robbery. Welland is in jail awaiting examination on a charge of burglary.

The complaining witness in the highway robbery case is Bartholomew Popowski, a farmer who claims that he was knocked down with a club on the evening of November 13 and robbed of a little upwards of \$2000. The complaint alleges that on the night of the robbery Welland was in a saloon where Popowski was exhibiting his money.

Little later the latter left the saloon and Popowski was robbed while on his way home.

N. H. Brokaw, the Kaukauna Paper Manufacturer, was Not a Wealthy Man.

Appleton, Wis., Dec. 28.—[Special.]—It was announced yesterday that the estate of the late N. H. Brokaw, the Kaukauna paper manufacturer, is heavily encumbered and that in order to pay the obligations, the widow will utilize a portion of the \$85,000 life insurance which was left her.

The estate was appraised at a little over \$200,000 and the obligations amount to \$15

GOVERNOR OF OREGON

Uses Pe-ru-na in His Family For Colds in His Family and Grip.



CAPITOL BUILDING, SALEM, OREGON.

A Letter From the Executive Office of Oregon.

The Governor of Oregon is an ardent admirer of Pe-ru-na. He keeps it continually in the house. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman he says:

STATE OF OREGON.
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
SALEM, MAY 9, 1916.

The Pe-ru-na Medicine Co., Columbus, O.:
Dear Sirs:—I have had occasion to use your Pe-ru-na medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Yours very truly,
W. M. Lord.
Any man who wishes perfect health must be entirely free from catarrh. Catarrh is well-nigh universal; almost omnipresent. Pe-ru-na is the only absolute safeguard known. A cold is the beginning of catarrh. To prevent colds, to cure

Fast Canadian Railway Time.
The fastest time ever made on a Canadian railroad was that of Lord Strathcona's special train on the Canadian Pacific from Montreal to Ottawa on November 10, when the distance of 112 miles was covered in 110 minutes, or deducting 10 minutes for stoppages and slow-downs, in 100 minutes. This was good speed for so long a run, especially in view of the fact that the run was made in a heavy snowstorm.

Best for the Bowels.
No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Three Thousand Dresses.
The Empress of China is said to carry with her 3000 dresses when she goes to the East. These fill 400 boxes, and are taken care of by 1200 coolies.

Lanc's Family Medicine
Mooves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Death from Hunger.
In England 500 people a year die of hunger, 100 of whom are inhabitants of London.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The Russian government gives a golden medal to every couple that celebrates its golden or diamond wedding. Last year 614 couples received medals.

It requires no experience to dye with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Simply boiling your goods in the dye is all that's necessary. Sold by druggists.

Chamois leather is not, nor ever was, the hide of the chamois, but the flesh-side of sheepskins.

The New Home Cure for immediate relief and speedy cure of WEAK MANHOOD sent FREE on application to THE CLINIC, Milwaukee, Wis.

English people drink yearly on an average eight ounces of cocoa a head.

IN GAY NEW YORK.

Scenes and Incidents of Everyday Life in the Paris of America.

Most women would be charmed with a gift of a half dozen hand-painted china buttons. Handsome buttons are a feature of the newest gowns.

The latest hobby in American society is who can prove their claim to owning the best-looking cat. For some time past there has been quite a run on cats. Mrs. Vanderbilt is said to have set this fashion, and proudly declares that she is in possession of the most beautiful cat in the world. It cost something like \$1000.

Some idea of the extent to which the amateurs go into their theatricals may be gathered from the expenditures of The Scrollers for their recent performances at the Waldorf-Astoria, which amounted to more than \$8500 in all. And public support of their enterprise was sufficient to carry this costly venture through without loss.

Almost \$17,000 has been contributed for the Admiral Philip memorial fund. It is hoped that many and other vessels will go to Mrs. Philip as long as she lives, and after her death it will be devoted to the maintenance of the naval arch of the Y. M. C. A. in Brooklyn, a work in which Admiral Philip was deeply interested.

One of the big speculators in the stock market went to a banker and said that he wished to borrow \$1,000,000. "All right," was the response. "What is your security?" "My check," was the airy and surprising reply. "Well," responded the banker, thoughtfully, "your security is good enough, but I shall have to decide the loan as our vaults aren't large enough to hold it."

A movement has been started to turn over to the naval branch of the contributory made for a permanent Dewey arch, aggregating \$55,000. The branch will soon have a magnificent \$400,000 building, the gift of Miss Helen Gould, and it is believed much good could be accomplished by the Dewey arch fund. Everyone admits that the Dewey arch scheme is dead. The committee dissolved by mutual consent and preparations were being made to return all subscriptions. Rear-Admiral Barker of the navy-yard has interested himself in the plan to devote this money to the association.

Mrs. Astor, who occupied her box at the opera the other evening, was glittering with diamonds. Her gown of black velvet was trimmed with appliques of white lace. She wore a superb tiara of diamonds, and around her throat was a black velvet band studded with diamonds. Her neck was almost entirely concealed by diamond necklaces, and earlands of these gems fell over her low bodice. She wore a diamond girdle made in Vandye points, which fell over her skirt. Mrs. John Jacob Astor was with her and wore white net embroidered with silver. A row of diamonds around her neck, looped up with an immense sapphire, and diamonds in hair.

The New York Press tip-of-the-tongue man gives instances to prove that rigid economy is the mother of accumulation. One of the busier business men of that city, with offices in Broadway, never purchased a scratch-book in his life, and never wasted a fresh piece of paper on a memorandum or a column of figures. Every envelope that he mailed is sliced apart, back from the front, and the front or address side is preserved for use. The inside forms a clean, smooth sheet 3 1/2x5 1/2 inches. One of the millionaires of Boston made his start by saving empty nail kegs and selling them back to the nail-makers for 10 cents each in trade. His clerks were accustomed to taking in the staves and burning them in the stove.

When the big North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse came in the other day, all the floating cash was in the pockets of Herr H. Morgen Hill and of Herr L. Lorillard. The ship was pitching in a rough sea, the wind was from the west, and it was dark and cold. The players needed a fifth man, and someone aroused Herr Hill, who was sitting in a corner thinking of the Golden Gate.

Hill didn't want to play—the man who wins everything is always he who has to be driven into the game by sheer force. But Hill sat in, more to make money than to play. The game was easy. Then someone, by way of a bluff, made a large bet. It was seen and raised. In an incredibly short space of time there were hundreds of dollars in the pot.

Someone had four or five aces. This was the conclusion of the onlookers, who were sure also that he had the ace someone else had a hand worth holding. When the sum in the pot reached \$1150, Herr Hill called. Herr Lorillard showed ace high and the others had nothing as good except Herr Hill, who took the \$1150 with a pair of deuces. After that Herr Hill played some more. The ending of the voyage also ended his game. His pocketed money.

The old poker players, who knew all about when to go in and when to stay out and could calculate to a nicety the value of a hand, gnashed their teeth as they saw Herr Hill and Herr Lorillard walking off the Hoboken pier with their money.

"I don't know anything about poker," said Herr Hill, "and wouldn't recognize him if I collided with him in the street."

It was the first time I ever played poker for money," admitted Herr Lorillard.

Indian Silks.
From time to time reports reach this country of the condition of the silk industry in India, but seldom is an official publication so interesting as "A Monograph on Silk Fabrics Produced in the Northwestern Provinces and Oudh," written by A. Yusuf Ali, and published at the government press, Allahabad. At the present time two striking efforts are being made in India to improve its prosperity by the culture of silk. Many experiments, indeed, have been tried since the early '60s; but Lord Masham, on behalf of the great firm of Lister, has been successful in inducing a number of the Dehra Dun district to take up the rearing of silkworms on a regular employment. This work is, however, upon a very modest scale compared with that undertaken by the Maharajah of Cashmere, who sought the practical help of Sir Thomas Wardle in endeavoring to place the industry upon a sound commercial basis. In the condition of the industry since the start was made, but last year Cashmere was able to send to this country over 300 bales, or 43,000 pounds, of

raw silk, which realized 1089d a pound in the open market. This season a larger and better total is expected, and the Maharajah and his enlightened advisers are planting mulberry trees incessantly to provide the food required by the silkworms. Silk is in such wide demand nowadays that ladies cannot fail to be interested in all projects that may lead to a lessening of cost in the production of experts the supplies to be expected from Cashmere will have a very marked influence upon the trade in exquisite finished satins, brocades and velvets.—London Telegraph.

DEMANDING VICTIMS.

London Public Wants Responsibility for South African Reverses Determined.

London, Dec. 29.—Miserable rain, fog and dirt made Christmas week of evil memory for England. Depressing gloom, in thorough harmony with the weather, settled over the country. The costs were strewn with wrecks, commerce was out of joint and the public was bitterly digesting the criticism of the British army. The demand for Major-Gen. Sir Henry E. Colville's resignation, thrown as a sop, only served to whet the ravenous appetites of those who are howling for the responsibility of the reverses in South Africa being brought home to individuals. More heads are demanded. Where so many must be blameable it is felt that the selection of Gen. Colville is woefully inadequate, if not unfair. Indeed, it is already said that had not the commandy force at Lindley, which Colville failed to relieve, included some of the nobility and other influential persons, Colville would never have been recalled. Being compelled to surrender because, as they allege, Colville refused to render the aid within his power, has never died out and it will probably result in one of the most interesting court martials in the annals of the British army, upon the result of which will depend the fate of several other high officers, who have proved unequal to the occasion.

Will Infuriate the Dutch.

The Liberal papers comment severely on the acceptance by the war office of a contingent of Maoris from New Zealand. The Star says: "The effect of this step, not blunder on the Dutch will be terrible. After declining to employ Indian troops, we are taking a patry hundred Maoris. This will not only infuriate the Dutch but it will insult the Indian troops who will regard it as a declaration of their inferiority to an interior colored race. Go on, O government of muddlers, the gods could not save you from your own invincible folly."

However, there are signs of the dawn of that common sense, the lack of which the English critics so deplore in the military system, for the cavalry now going out to South Africa is disarming for lance and carbine and substituting for these weapons rifles and machine guns. Over reason than the authorities have weakened to the utter uselessness of lances and carbines, considering that thousands of British soldiers have never seen a Boer during the many engagements.

While Great Britain is tied hand and foot to South Africa, the navy, which is not escaping the wave of criticism, is quietly increasing its strength and morale. For months both men and ships have been kept in an unusual state of readiness, and there are now building in British yards no fewer than eleven battleships, nineteen cruisers and fourteen smaller vessels, totaling nearly 400,000 tons. These exclude vessels which have been tried, but are unfinished.

Social Barriers Removed.

The gradual removal of the social barriers which formerly restricted English political and educational life, were never more apparent than in the appointment this week of Joseph Owen to a fellowship at Oxford. Six years ago Mr. Owen was a millhand at Oldham, helping to support his poor parents. He attended at night the university extension lectures, and so much ability did he show that the lecturers got up a fund and sent him to the great university, where, with his wife, he lived in a humble cottage. He knew no Greek and little Latin. His first success came when he won the Brackenbury history scholarship, to the surprise of many learned, aristocratic competitors. Four years of determined uphill work passed and the final examinations drew near. On a position in these depended Mr. Owen's whole future. A few weeks before the ordeal, his young wife died suddenly. Mr. Owen's friends thought it impossible for him to accomplish anything; but the millhand's grit stood the strain and Mr. Owen gained the coveted first class, with the degree. His appointment as extension lecturer quickly followed and Mr. Owen lectured where, six years previous, he had learned. The climax in his career came this week, when "Oxford" college elected Mr. Owen, out of all the Oxonians, to the lucrative and honored post of fellowship.

A Picture of Washington.

There are few original pictures of Gen. Washington in England, but the discovery of another miniature is interesting. It is by Sam Poilwell and is dated 1791. Another by the same artist is now in the possession of the Historical society of Philadelphia, dated 1796. The new find is supposed to be an excellent likeness. It represents Washington wearing a picture.

Glasgow, which the Christmas and New Year season has made notorious for the drunkenness exhibited in its streets, has acquired possession of an old mansion house situated in a deserted part of Ayrshire, at a cost of £7000, where habitual drunkards will be housed during the winter months of three months or two years. The authorities hope to effect cures by making the inmates do farm work.

JACK STRAWS.

High and dry—champagne.

We have seen a well-read man and also an unwell Red man.

A lingering glance—when a man says: "Here's looking at you."

The stock exchange furnishes operation marks for the up-to-date girl of the period.

It isn't expected that the middle man will be satisfied with doing middling well.

The school of acting is most useful when it convinces young people that they can't act.

It is safe to say there are no "bad pennies" known to be among the employees of the mint.

Though a vegetarian, the hen-pecked husband may have to be served up to him three times a day.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

As the result of an election bet two black bears will march in the inaugural parade in Washington next March.

M. Hoey and William Taggart of Nogales, Ariz., made the bet. The former won and by the terms of the wager will lead the bears, which were captured in the Santa Rita mountains. After the parade they will be given to the Washington zoological gardens.

THE DISCOVERER OF Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound The Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.



No other medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles or such hosts of grateful friends.

Do not be persuaded that any other medicine is just as good. Any dealer who asks you to buy something else when you go into his store purposely to buy Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, has no interest in your case. He is merely trying to sell you something on which he can make a larger profit. He does not care whether you get well or not, so long as he can make a little more money out of your sickness. If he wished you well he would without hesitation hand you the medicine you ask for, and which he knows is the best woman's medicine in the world.

Follow the record of this medicine, and remember that these thousands of cures of women whose letters are constantly printed in this paper were not brought about by "something else," but by **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, The Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's Ills.**

Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Moral—Stick to the medicine that you **know** is Best.

When a medicine has been successful in restoring to health more than a million women, you cannot well say without trying it, "I do not believe it will help me." If you are ill, do not hesitate to get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once, and write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for special advice. It is free and helpful.

The First Mince Pies.

It is said that the first mince pies were made in the shape of a mince, and in the north of France at Christmas time cakes were made to represent the Child Jesus. Children who and these cookies under their pillows are told that the Christ Child put them there.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balm will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist today and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Miss Sanson, a granddaughter of the composer Telemann, has bequeathed her country estate and 900,000 francs to establish a retreat for musicians and men of letters.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Eudsey, Vauburn, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

The Polar mine in the Elkhorn district, thirty miles south of Dillon, Mont., has been sold to an Eastern syndicate for \$250,000.

Christmas Candles.—To introduce our delectable Chocolates and Bon Bons we will sell all 40c and 50c Candles for 25c or 50c for \$1.00. The Philadelphia, 255 West Water St., Milwaukee, Wis.

The C. O. D. copper mine in Mohave county, Arizona, is reported bonded to Henry S. Mackey of Boston for \$1,000,000.

CARDS FREE.—Send ten addresses of young people interested in Business or Education to J. H. P. Kelly and Strengthen, A. J. Hibbs Co., Milwaukee, Cream City Business College, Milwaukee.

The game of billiards first came into fashion in England and France in the sixteenth century.

Why doth the new man improve each estate? Because he worketh the White Flag brand of cigars that has Havana in it. Mfg. by M. S. Meyer, Milwaukee.

The human population of the globe consumes 100,000,000,000 cubic yards of oxygen in a year.

Fisher's Flavoring Extracts are Endorsed by pure foot laws and the U. S. government for their Purity and Strength. A. J. Hibbs Co., Milwaukee.

Buffaloes are found at the height of 12,000 feet on the African mountain of Kilima Njaro.

The Spencerian Business College, Milwaukee, is the oldest and best school of business and shorthand in Wisconsin. Circulars free.

Potatoes, brought into Russia first in 1793, caused fearful riots, being called devil's apples.

Farms.—Improved of Timberlands in this state for sale or exchange for city property. JOHN PETERS, 1603 Viets St., Milwaukee.

Out of 40,000 vessels entering Chinese ports every year 20,000 are British.

IF THERE is anything in the Drug Line, you cannot get in your city, write to SEAR'S DRUG STORE, Milwaukee, Wis.

The population of Arizona is now 122,000, a gain of 65,000 in ten years.

LIBBY'S

6 Plates of Soup, 10c.

A 10-c. can of Libby's Premier Soup makes six plates of the best soup you ever tasted.

If there was a way to make soup better, we would learn it—but there isn't.

Oxtail Mulligatawny
Turtle Mock Turtle
Chicken Chicken Gumbo
Tomato Vegetable

Ready-Made Soups.

One can will make you a convert.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago

Write a postal for our free book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

EXCURSION RATES

to Western Canada and particular to those who are going to the coast, the Pacific coast, and the Northwest.

Excursions will leave St. Paul, Minn., on the 1st and 15th of each month, and will stop at all lines of railway being quoted for excursions leaving St. Paul on March 22nd and April 5th, for Montreal, Seattle, Vancouver and Alaska.

Write to F. Pettley, Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the undersigned, who will mail you notices, pamphlets, etc., free.

T. O. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis., Agent for Government of Canada.

FREE ELECTRIC BELT OFFER

WITH THIS FREE BELT OFFER, we are offering you a special opportunity to get a free electric belt. This belt is a valuable aid in the treatment of many ailments, and is a most effective remedy for all nervous diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete details, send for our free book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago.

M. N. U. No. 1, 1901

WHEN WRITING TO ADVERTISERS please say you saw the advertisement in this paper.

SEAR'S CURE FOR

CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Throat Good. Use with most other treatments. Cures all other diseases, weaknesses and disorders. For complete details, send for our free book, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., Chicago.

CONSUMPTION



Colds
Croup
Coughs
Asthma
Bronchitis
Hoarseness
Weak Lungs
Weak Throats

There's nothing so bad for a cough as coughing.

There's nothing so good for a cough as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

"I can now report 27 cases of whooping-cough treated with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and every one of them cured. The remedy acted like a charm in every instance. This may seem like rather a strong statement, but it is one that any physician can easily prove for himself simply by trying this remedy."

J. K. HAMILTON, M.D., Millwood, Ark.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., \$1.00.

All good druggists keep all three sizes.

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